lragis appeal for end to sanctions

BAGHDAD (AFP) — Iraqi Christian leaders urged the United Nations to lift crippling sanctions on Baghdad in a special Christmas appeal published here on Saturday. "Celebrations are taking place, but instead of smiles, people's faces are covered in tears because of the unjust embargo imposed on our people," said Archbishop Avak Assadourian, leader of the Armenian Orthodox community, in a Christmas article published in Al Iraq newspaper. Arch. Assadounan said the U.N. sanctions - imposed after Iraq's August 1990 invasion of Kuwait - were aimed at breaking Iraq's refusal "to submit to the great powers." Father Thomas Marco of the Chaldean Catholic Church, Iraq's biggest Christian community, urged those behind the embargo to "be inspired by the meaning of this great festival and shed their blindness" by ordering a lifting of sanctions. The head of the Syrian Catholics, Monsignor Sorios Hawa, appealed to "good men to raise their voices in calling for recognition of the Iraqis' legitimate right to live freely and benefit from the resources which God generously lavished on

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز يومية سيأسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية ،الراي،

Merry Christmas

The Jordan Times will not be published on Monday, Dec. 26, due to the Christmas holiday on Sunday. The next issue of the paper will appear on Tuesday, Dec. 27. The editor and staff of the Jordan Times wish the paper's readers and advertisers a Merry Christmas.

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AMMAN SUNDAY-MONDAY, DECEMBER 25-26, 1994, RAJAB 22-23, 1415

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French airliner seized in Algiers

PARIS (R) — Four gunmen disguised as airport workers seized a French airliner with 283 people aboard on the tarmac at Alglers airport on Saturday. Paris airport sources said.

The sources said the gunmen mixed with tarmac crew before pulling out weapons, physically blocking the takeoff of the Airbus 300 and boarding the plane which had been preparing to fly to Paris.

Early reports said three gunmen bad boarded the plane parked at the end of a runway at Algiers' Houari Boumediene Airport hut the airline and Algerian officials later put their number at

The identity of the armed men, their possible membership of an organised group' or the type of weapons possibly in their possession were not immediately known, nor were their motives.

The plane was about 300 metres from the terminal and tire-engines were parked nearby.

Later the gunmen released 42 people in batches, including 29 women, seven children and six men. All flights in and out of the Algerian capital were cancelled. Police cleared the airport terminal of passengers and other civi-

Commentators said that the hijackers could he Islamic fundamentalist guerrillas, who bave targetted foreigners since Algeria began sinking into turmoil three

Most of the 271 passengers who had boarded the plane were Algerian. There were some 10 French nationals on the plane, including two di-plomats, plus 12 French

Air France said the gunmen went into action as passengers boarded the plane and physically prevented it from moving, presumably by standing in front with weapons levelled.

They later hoarded tile aircraft, which was now surrounded by Algerian police and firefighters, airline offi-

The official Algerie Presse Service (APS) news agency reported from Algiers that Interior Minister Abdul Rahman Meziane Cherif had gone to the airport with the head of national security to deal personally with the situation.

At least 10,000 people have been killed in the civil violence which has racked Alveria since January 1992, when the authorities cancelled general elections in which the fundamentalist Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) had taken a commanding lead.

Foreigners have been targetted by the Islamic Salvation Army, the armed wing of FIS, which seeks to turn Algeria into an Islamic republic.

Flight of 8969 had been due to take off at 11.15 a.m. (1015 GMT) and arrive in the French capital two hours la-

Authorities at Orly airport south of Paris assembled tearful relatives of Algerian passengers in a special hall. They later advised them to go bome and wait for news from the airline by telephone.

French Prime Minister Edouard Balladur said in a television interview that France would do all it could to secure the release of the hostages.

The last Algerian hijack occurred last month when three Algerians forced an Algerian airliner to fly to Majorca before surrendering to Spanish police.

They had been armed with a!" rife and a coffee grinder which they said was a bomb. Those hijackers had demanded the release of all political prisoners in Algeria, a reopening of the aborted 1992-elections, and fuel to fly

Lower House begins debate of 1995 budget

Finance Committee presents its recommendations in all sectors

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Lower House of Parliament on Saturday began formal de-bate of the draft fiscal hudget for 1995, with the approval of the budget a virtual certainty when it is expected to be put

to vote on Monday.

Around 45 members of the 80-seat House have registered themselves to address the legislature and only 19 of them spoke during the morning and afternoon sessions

The tone for the debate was set by the Finance Committee of the House which recommended that the budget be approved without alterations provided that the government undertakes to implement a series of sweeping measures in almost every sector of the economy and bureaucracy. It also called for cutting the deficit in the budget. Samir Hahashneh (Karak),

rapporteur of the committee, read out the 67 recommendations of the panel which were finalised after discussions with the concerned members of the Council of Ministers. The JD 1:674 billion budget envisages a net deficit of JD 50 million after making

allowances for foreign aid worth JD 165 million. Current expenditures are estimated at JD 1.23 billion and capital expenditures at revenues are estimated at JD 1.4 billion, which will cover all current expenses and 38 per cent of capital expendiA secondary budget of JD 390 has also been drawn up hut the allocations of this hudget depends on Jordan receiving additional external

aid during the year.

Ali Abul Ragheb (Amman), chairman of the Finance Committee, said the government had agreed to implement most of the recommended measures, including, among other things, the doubling of annual increments to civil servants, increasing the pension of retired civil servants and servicemen, reducing customs duties in a manner that would benefit the low-income group of the population, and improving the climate for invest-

ment in Jordan.
"The government should not find it difficult to implement most of the recom-mendations," Mr. Abul Ragheb told the Jordan Times during a hreak in Saturday's session. "The report of the committee is a well-presented document and the recommendations should go a long way in improving the overall situation in the

"We believe that some of the projections for revenues are moderately estimated, and there should be enough income for the government to meet the bigher costs," be

In any case, the deputy said, the Finance Committee expected that the governadditional income of at least JD 50 million from implementing some of the projects it had recommended after investing in them.

Abdullah Akayleh, prominent member of the Islamic Action Front (IAF), said his bloc had not reached a "final decision" on what position to adopt on the budget. "We are meeting tomorrow and I expect a decision to be taken then," he

The LAF, which has 17 members in the House and spearheads the opposition in Parliament, is widely expected to use the dehate on the budget to criticise government policies. However, it was not clear whether all its deputies would adopt a common stand vis-a-vis the budget itself.

Deputies who openly expressed their rejection of the hndget during Saturday's morning session were Bassam Haddadin (leftist Zarga), Nazih Ammarin (centrist. Karak), and Saleb Shawata (leftist, Irbid).

The National Action Front of 17 pro-establishment deputies led the voice of support for the budget.

Addressing the House on behalf of the front, Nader Ahu Shaar (Al Ahd Party. Irbid), highlighted what the front saw as the economic priorities of the Kingdom and emphasised the need to ensure that development is evenly spread throughout the

The Finance Committee, citing the various ministries and government departments and agencies by name, recommended that:

(Continued on page 3)



Russian troops stand at one of the checkpoints on the border between Chechenya and Daghestan. Thousands of refugees are leaving

Chechenya following the heavy Russian bom-

conflict between Moscow and attacks by Dudayev suppor-

Russian forces battle and bomb Chechen fighters

the breakaway Cancasian re-

of the Security Council on

Dec. 17 Russian bomhard-

ments on Grozny have left

more than 50 dead, mostly

civilians, according to jour-

Russian tanks held posi-tions between two and 15 kilometres from Grozny an

Saturday. -- Mr. Yeltsin has faced in

barrage of criticism -from

political opponents and allies

alike over his decision to send

in troops to bring Chechnya

to heel and disarm supporters

Foreign governments,

while describing the conflict

bave voiced concern about

civilian casualties and tens of

thousands of refugees have

fled the daily bombing. The raids have forced

thousands of people into cel-

lars, disrupted electricity sup-

plies and communications

links. But Chechen resistance

has been strong and, com-bined with cold and snowy

winter weather, it has held

back the Russian advance.

flying over the town at

around two a.m. (2300 GMT

on Friday) and at least 20

Russian warplanes started

as an internal Russian affair

tralists on the spot.

of Mr. Dudayev.

Since the previous meeting

GROZNY (Agencies) Russian troops battled Chechen rebels around the capital Grozny on Saturday as warplanes bombed the city and officials struggled to cope with a growing refugee crisis.

At least two more civilians were killed early on Saturday, adding to the dozens of casulties reported by both sides in Moscow's biggest military operation since the ill-fated Soviet campaign in Afghanistan in the 1980s

The Russian government warned it would launch an all-out attack against Grozny "in the next few days" if Chechen separatists do not surrender, Russian Television reported.

"The Russian federal authorities will undertake armed action in the next few days to take Grozny under their control" if the breakaway Russian republic's leaders do not surrender, television quoted Russian Deputy Prime Minister Nikolai Yegorov as saying.

Mr. Yegorov, responsible for questions relating to nationalities, called on Chechen President Dzhokhar Dudayev to "take the necessary steps for disarmament

Yeltsin has called a meeting of the state Security Council for Monday to discuss the

due to issue Saturday ontlin-

and restoration of constitutional order," implicitly meaning Russian predominance. Russian President Boris

Chechen crisis. It will examine "all politic-

al and military aspects" of the situation, the presidency

He has also put off until next week a statement he was

ing proposals to settle the

Saturday, killing one and

wounding four, amid further

Security officials said the

tank fired at the hunters from

a distance of 500 metres near

Hashaya village, in a part of

the zone inhabited by

Voice of the South, the

radio of Israel's proxy South

Lebanon Army (SLA) mili-

tia, said the tank crew be-

lieved the hunters were "ter-

Commander Guora

Anbar, bead of the Israeli

liaison unit in South Leba-

non, apologised to the vic-

tim's family over the incident

and said the army was ready

to help the wounded hunters.

Further south, Hizbollah

launched four attacks on

SLA positions in the "secur-

ity zone" overnight Friday.

The group said its fighters

killed or wounded six Israeli

Lebanese Druze.

rillas.

rorists."

loud explosions could be heard in different parts of Grozny from four a.m. (0100 One missile hit a five-

storey apartment block in Grozny. The bodies of a middle-aged ethnic Russian conple were seen nearby after the attack. Interior Minister Viktor

Yerin, quoted by Russia's ITAR-TASS news agency.

said his men had beaten hack

Speaking from an operational command centre in the North Caucasus, Mr. Yerin repeated Russian claims that foreign mercenar-ies were fighting alongside the Chechen separatists. He said they would be shown on

television. TASS said Russian planes destroyed two enemy tanks and other vehicles carrying Chechen fighters. No independent confirmation was mmediately available.

Tens of thousands of peoole have fled the bombing into neighbouring Ingushetia. whose people have the same ethnic roots as the Chechens.

Renter correspondent Anatoly Verhin reported from Sieptsovsk, on the Chechen-Ingush border, that about 65,000 refugees had crossed into Ingushetia and were being largely supported

by local people.
In Moscow, TASS said the refugee flow had grown considerably over the past 24 hours and a total of 23,916 people were being given shelter, food and allowances by migration services.

The latest bombing raids came amid fresh efforts to halt the fighting. An aide to the deputy head of the federation council, Ramazan Abdulatipov, said he was preparing for inter-parliamentary talks with the

Chechen republic. "It is impossible to set a

date for the talks because of the lack of communications with Grozny," the aide said.
Tass said the speaker of the Chechen parliament had con-

firmed his willingness to take (Continued on page 3)

ebanese hunter

PLO wants urgent **Security** Council meeting

GAZA (R) — The Palestine Liheration Organisation (PLO) called on Saturday for an emergency meeting of the United Nations Security Council to discuss expansion of Jewish settlements in the West Bank, which it said violated its 1993 autonomy accord with Israel.

Marwan Kanafani, PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's press advisor, said after the weekly cabinet meeting of the Palestinian National Au-thority (PNA) which admi-nisters self-rule in Gaza and

"The cabinet called on the U.S. and Russia, co-sponsors of the peace process, and on Europeans to pay attention to collnsion between the Israeli army and settlers on expansion of settlements and land confiscation.'

He told Reuters the cahinet further "called on the co-sponsors and the U.N. Security Council to hold an immediate meeting to discuss Israel's settlement policy, which constitutes a violation of the PLO-Israel accord."

Expansion of settlements. in which more than 100,000 Israelis live among the more than 1.3 million Palestinians in the West Bank, was a cornerstone of the former hardline Likud government, and a main obstacle to Israeli-Palestinian talks.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin defeated the Likud in 1992 elections promising a settlement balt, a position that paved the way for

autonomy deal with the PLO. But Mr. Rabin has allowed some West Bank settlement to continue, especially around East Jerusalem.

Mr. Kanafani said unless there is an immediate halt to settlement 'expansion "the peace process will lose its meaning, and the PLO bolds Israel responsible for violatmg the accord."

The PLO has protested to Israel at the expansion of existing settlements, particularly in the Jerusalem area. and the increased confiscation of Palestinian lands to build new settlements.

The Palestinian Authority will set up a committee to find ways to safeguard Palestinian lands against confiscation, Mr. Kanafani said. He did not elaborate.

The Israeli-PLO accord postponed discussion of the thorny issue of settlements until negotiations begin on the final status of the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

but Amman insists on substance

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

for a meeting between His Majesty King Hussein and Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat in Amman are under way but the Jordanian side says it is not ready for "another formality meeting" and insists that any visit by Mr. Arafat to the Kingdom

the two sides."

mality meeting."

"We need to go into substance and we need to sign

The visit, Dr. Anani said, "must address issues and should bear fruit and to do that it needs preparatory work.'

Among the most important pending issues between the monetary and trade relations arrangements for border

the PLO does not trust Iordan's future intentions," the official said.

Palestinians under Israeli two weeks ago. occupation and the difficult situations of the newlyestablished Palestinian Au-

results of the Casablanca summit.

What appeared to be a in Casablanca." "This is a relationship that

stems from deep-rooted cotisiderations and interests," he

day. Nabil Abu Rudeina, Mr. Arafat's spokesman, denied earlier reports that the trip would take place Sunday. "We have not fixed a date

man," he said. But he added "the two sides will very soon agree on

Israeli gunners kill

opened fire on a group of bunters in South Lebanon Katyusha rockets. attacks on the Israeli "security zone" by Hizbollah guer-

> SLA positions at Haddatha. Beit Yahoun and Baraachit came under RPG and shell fire for about half an hour during the night, but reported no casualties.

attack that killed two Israeli soldiers and wounded seven others.

The Syrian government newspaper Tishrin denounced the Israeli attacks "Israel bas tried all sorts of terrorism and aggression to drag Lehanon into a separate deal hut it has failed, and its new attacks will only strengthen Lebanon's determina-

effort," it said. Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin must "tell his people the so-called security zone does not ensure security for the occupation forces and

national resistance from ful-filling its sacred duty," the paper said.

"Israel will only enjoy silence after it withdraws its soldiers from Lebanon and after it supports a just and comprehensive settlement leading to the return of occupied territory," Tisbrin

try's border with Lebanoin on Friday and said Israel would have ot step no security in the occupied zone. But he ruled out widening the zone, a strip of Israelioccupied land 10 kilometres

Mr. Rabin visited his coun-

wide inside Lebanon. Israel and Syria have made no tangible progress in the negotiations they began at the Middle East peace conference in Madrid in 1991 (see page 12).

Hizbollah has vowed to avenge a carbomb attack on Wednesday in a Beirut suburb which killed three. It accused Israel of planting the bomb.

The group was behind an attack on Monday in which an Israeli soldier was killed. The week's casualties brought to six the number of Israeli soldiers killed in South Lebanon this month and 21 this year.

opposition accuse Mr. Rahin of exercising restraint in the face of attacks in Lebanon to avoid harming Arab-Israeli peace talks.

But Mr. Rabin said fewer soldiers were killed this year in South Lebanon than last Peace talks between Israel and Lebanon, also launched

at the 1991 Middle East

peace conference, have

floundered while Lebanese leaders wait for progress on the Israel-Syrian track. "The supplies to Hizbollah arrive from Iran through Damascus. The headquarters, the traiting bases are located... in areas controlled

by the Syrians," he told Israel's Channel Two televi-Foreign Minister Shimon Peres stressed Hizbollah bad not violated U.S. brokered

understandings reached last This is still not a war of attrition." Mr. Peres told Israel Television. "It still

doesn't deviate from the framework of the understandings reached." The understandings, which

ended a week-long Israeli air and artillery onslaught, were meant to remove the civilian populations in Israel and

Arafat wants to visit Jordan, a routine affair in this kind of

thority in Gaza and Jericho,

nevertheless feel uneasy ab-

out Mr. Arafat's failure to

ratify agreements reached he-

tween the Jordanian govern-

ment and PNA-mandated

Privately, some Jordanian

officials have blamed Mr.

Arafat personally for the in-

creasing tension between the

two sides and have said that

they will not be used as

"propaganda gimmic" to

serve Mr. Arafat's internal

Palestinian political consid-

decrease in the tension over

the past couple of months

between the Jordanian and

the Palestinian Authority.

with reports of a pending

summit between the Jorda-

nian and Palestinian lead-

erships, again suffered a set-

back in the Casablanca sum-

mit of the leaders of the

Organisation of Islamic Con-

According to an official

attending the Casablanca

summit, the Palestinian fore-

ign minister, Farouk Al Kad-

doumi, rejected a Jordanian

proposal that would thank

the Kingdom for its role in

safeguarding Islamic holy sites and the services ren-

dered in the years after the

acknowledgement of a future

role for Jordan as a guardian

of the holy sites, and the

'We did not request an

Israeli occupation.

ference.

officials.

By Nermeen Murad

AMMAN — Arrangements related issues. Many of these issues have been discussed by Jordanian and Palestinian officials during a series of intermittant meetings over the past three years hut none materialised into signed agreements. The Jordanian government, although officially maintaining a conciliatory tone towards the situation of

should include signing agree-ments and substantive talks. Palestinian sources in Amman said that Mr. Arafat was "interested in visiting Am-man this week" hut that the Jordanian side had not sche-

duled a date for the visit. "Arafat wants to visit Jordan this week," a Palestinian source who asked he remain anonymous told the Jordan Times, "But the Jordanian government has not yet fixed a date for his visit because of the pending issues between

Information Minister Jawad Anani, in an interview with the Jordan Times, saidthat while the Kingdom welcomes a visit by Mr. Arafat 'neither side can subject both peoples to another for-

agreements," be said. "Jordan views the visit of Chairman Arafat, when it bappens, which will be the first after Arafat's entry into Palestinian territory, as coming at a time when many issues have reached ripening

age," he said.

Jordanian government and the Palestinian National Authority (PNA) are an economic agreement governing between the Kingdom and the West Bank as well as

summit," the official told the Jordan Times.

'This was construed as a political statement because

Mr. Kaddoumi's rejection of the Jordanian proposal, according to Jordanian sources, went against an earher agreement between His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and Palestinian leader Faisal Husseini

The PLO position, according to the sources, also appeared to contradict the spirit by which the PLO had received the statements of Crown Prince Hassan in the Casablanca economic conference in October which dealt with Jordan's Awqaf role in

the West Bank. "It really put a dent in the Jordanian-Palestinian relationship," Dr. Anani had told the Jordan Times in response to a question over the

But Dr. Anani said: "Mr. Arafat is welcome to visit Jordan despite what happened in Casablanca because the relations between the Jordanian and Palestinian peoples are not based on ad noc positions as was the case

AFP adds from Gaza City: Mr. Arafat will set a date soon for his first visit to Amman since Jordan signed a peace treaty with Israel, a Palestinian official said Satur-

for President Arafat's visit to the Jordanian capital, Am-

soldiers near Baraachit. There was no independent confirmation of the casual-Lebanese security officials said the Iranian-backed guer-

RACHAYA, Lebanon (AFP) — An Israeli tank propelled grenades (RPGs), 30 mortar shells and two

The Israeli army and SLA hit hack with 60 shells fired from tanks that crashed onto the outskirts of villages just north of the "security zone." the security officials added. Voice of the South said

The fighting came several hours after Israeli artillery. warplanes and helicopters pounded South Lebanon in retaliation for a Hizbollah

tion and rejection of the

Muslims join Christians in Mideast Christmas

NICOSIA (AFP) — Many Strip have Jan. 7 as their Muslims in the Middle East Christmas Day, as they behave decked out their homes and streets with festive trees and streamers as they prepare to join the region's 15 million Christians in celebrating Christmas Day.

Only two countries in the region ignore the festivities - Israel, apart from its Arab Christians, and Saudi Arabia, where Christian priests are banned.

Middle East Christians do not all celebrate the nativity on the same day.

Catholics and certain Orthodox churches celebrate the birth of Jesus on Dec. 25, while other Orthodox churches commemorate it on Jan. 6 and Egypt's Coptic Christians on Jan. 7.

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat celebrated Christmas in his own way hy visiting a Catholie school in Gaza Thursday with a Father Christmas dressed in tradi-

tional red and white attire. Most of the 2,500 Christians in the autonomous Gaza

long to Orthodox churches. Only 230 Gazan Catholics and some 50 Baptists will be

celebrating it on Dec. 25. Bethlehem on the occupied West Bank is bome to 10,000 Christians and is expecting 20,000 pilgrims to turn up for

Midnight mass was celebrated Saturday night in the Church of the Nativity where Jesus was born, according to Christian tradition.

A hoge Christmas tree dominates Manger Square in the town centre, where buildings were draped with 2,000 Palestinian flags.

The Palestinian self-rule authority took charge of tourism in the West Bank a

month ago. Meanwhile, Muslims have decorated the main mosque in the Arah town of Nazareth in northeru Israel, where Jesus lived, and devoted a sermon at Friday prayers to the subject of Christmas. "Christ is a prophet for Muslims, bis birth was recorded in the Koran. It is fitting that Christmas should be the subject of the sermon," said Atef Yousef Al Fahum, keeper of the town's White Mosque.

Christmas is an important event in Lebanon, home to the Middle East's largest Christian community. In the capital Beirut, shops and streets are lit up as often as the country's rationed electricity supplies allow.

Christmas lights also decorate. the hotels, shops and streets of Amman, even though Christians only make up five per cent of the country's 4.3 million inhabitants.

Every year King Hussein displays a bnge Christmas tree in his palace.

This year for the first time

in Syria churches and residents of the Christian district of Al Kassaa in Damascus clubbed together to buy lights for their streets and parks. Christmas trees have pride of place not only in Christian homes hut also increasingly

The grand mufti of Syria, Sheikh Ahmad Keftaro, on

Friday hosted a conference at a Damascus mosque on the birth of Christ. In the Gulf, certain monar-

chies allow discreet Christmas celebrations. Many Muslim families.

especially in Bahrain, Oman, the United Arab Emirates and Knwait, celebrate by inviting their Christian friends to dinner. Iran bas a large Armenian Christian minority of some

250,000 people. Christmas

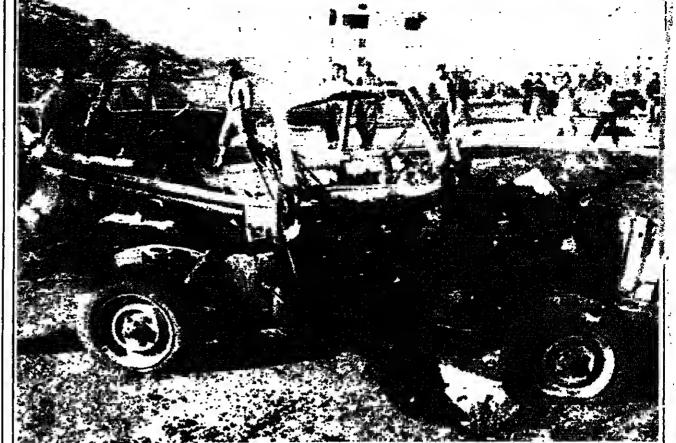
tree sellers line the streets of

Tehran and some shops sell

Christmas decorations at sky-

high prices. Despite the crippling effects of four years of international sanctions, some Iraqis also plan to celehrate Christmas.

A giant Father Christmas stands at the entrance to the Rashid Hotel which, along with other hotels, will host celebrations for the wealthier sections of Baghdad society.



WRECKAGE: Police car crushed by an air-to-ground rocket fired Friday by an Israeli belicopter in South Lebanon near the town of Nabatiyeb a few kilometres from the occupied "security zone." Two policemen were killed in

the Israeli helicopter attack in retaliation to a Hizbollah attack which killed two Israeli soldiers and wounded seven others (see page one) (AFP photo)

Tourism slump leaves Egypt's beggars with crumbs

CAIRO (AFP) - Egypt's child heggars are facing a desperate plight as tourists fearing attacks by Muslim militants stay away. depriving the rag-tag gangs of their main source of income.

"Yesterday I only got \$1. whereas hefore I could make between \$10 to \$20 a day in winter," said barefooted 12-year-old Mohammad Maher, hanging around outside the archaeological museum.

Police estimate there are about 50,000 beggars in the Egyptian capital, who dodge police patrols to gather near hotels and restaurants, mar-

kets and archaeological sites. The tourist industry has slumped since Muslim militants launched a violent campaign in March 1992 aimed at toppling the government. It has claimed the lives of 12 foreigners.

"On good days I could earn \$100 daily, but now the

foreigners have gone and those who come have only got crumbs in their pockets and offer us (Egypiian) pounds," said Ayman Nabil, 13, wearing dirty, torn rags he had found a pitch near the

American University. "Arah women give more money than the men because they take more pity when we moan," Avman said

The main beggars' site is Ramses Square near the railway station and the hus terminus, It is controlled by gang "bosses" who send hundreds of children there every morning.

The gang leaders include Mohammad Ahu Rassein, or Mohammad with two heads - a nickname designed to show his hand that he is watching them with four

Every morning at 6:00 a.m. he sends out his troops, complete with lieutenants to ensure none of them try to

escape. At the end of the day queues of youngsters hand over the fruits of their labours.

"Anyone who tries to cheat him of a pound is in for it. Mohammad Ahu Rassein is merciless and can take revenge by cutting off a child's leg or an arm. He says that that way the victim will evoke even more pity and bring him more money," said Adel Al Savad, 11.

The children spend their nights in wooden shacks or ahandoned vehicles close to

the square. Despite the hardship Adel prefers his life on the streets to being with his father at home, where he says he was badly beaten for the slightest thing.

Abu Rassein "gives me somewhere to sleep and has promised to hail me out if I am arrested," says Adel. But Mohammad Selim prefers to be his own boss. "I know how to take care of myself. Last week I hurt a policemen in the leg when he was trying to arrest me."

A senior official from the vice squad, responsible for trying to stamp out begging, said about 1,400 heggars, including 200 minors, were arrested each week.

"Sentences vary hetween one and two months in prison, but they are rarely applied because the courts free them under caution until the trial. As they have no addresses or identity cards they are then tried in their absence."

There are frequent reports in the Egyptian press of hundreds of thousands of pounds heing found in beggars' homes after their deaths.

But according to the International Monetary Fund (IMF), more than 20 per cent of Egyptians live below the poverty line.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Demirel urges 'new approach' to Cyprus problem

ANKARA (AFP) - Turkish President Suleyman Demirel has called for a "new approach" to find a solution to the division of Cyprus, in an interview published here. "The lack of progress on the Cyprus question clearly necessitates a new approach for a settlement on the island," Mr. Demirel told the English-language Turkish Daily News. Cyprus has been divided hetween Turkish-Cypriot and Greek-Cypriot communities since Turkish troops invaded the east Mediterranean island in 1974 and occupied the northern third. The Turkish republic of northern Cyprus. declared in 1983, is recognised only by Ankara. The United Nations, whose peacekeeping forces patrol the "green line" boundary between the two communities, supports a hizonal and bicommunal federal solution in Cyprus. Confidence-building measures proposed by the U.N. in 1993 stalled last April when talks between the two sides hroke down, Informal U.N.-hrokered talks between Turkish-Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash and Cypriot President Glafkos Clerides also became deadlocked in October. "It has not been possible to get any results, so one needs to think about that some more," Mr. Demirel said, "Let us see if the present approach is getting us anywhere, if not one should look for a new one." He added that Turkey supported a political solution achieved through peaceful

New Year celebrations not kosher — MK says

TEL AVIV (AFP) — A religious member of Knesset (MK) on Friday urged the education ministry to discourage young Jews from celebrating New Year, Israel Radio reported. Shaul Yahalom, of the right-wing opposition National Religious Party, told the radio that New Year celebrations overnight to Jan. 1 were a Christian festival. "Saint Sylvester is a Christian festival which celebrates the new year, according to the Gregorian calendar, and bears the name of Pope Sylvester 1," he said. In a letter to Education Minister Amnon Rubinstein, Mr. Yahalom asked that "young Jews are discouraged from taking part in this celebration." The MK condemned New Year celebrations which have become more common in Israel's hotels and discotheques in recent years. Israel's rabbinate has repeatedly threatened to withdraw certificates guaranteeing that such institutions serve up kosher food if they host such celebrations. The Jewish New year according to the Hebrew calender fell in September this year.

U.S. warns nationals against travel to Algeria

WASHINGTON (AFP) - The United States urged its nationals Friday not to travel to Algeria, and warned of increased risks posed by ground travel. "Continuing attacks against foreigners indicate that the level of risk in Algeria has increased," the State Department said in a statement. "Specifically there is a heightened risk of danger to persons travelling overland without adequate security arrangements." "All American citizens in Algeria are urged to exercise maximum caution and to regularly evaluate their personal security practices." the statement

Turkish police doused with petrol

ANKARA (R) - Turkish police who tried to tear down a row of illegal fish restaurants in Istanbul on Friday were doused with flaming petrol by one of several angry owners, state television reported. The owners of 11 shacks serving cooked fish on the banks of the Bosphorus - with a licence to sell uncooked seafood only -- clambered onto roofs with jerrycans of petrol as police tried to evict them. When

police and firemen began to climb onto one hut, a protester ignited the fuel. State television said one policeman and one of the protesters were hospitalised for burns and at least three people were detained.

Yemen, Sudan sign cooperation accords

SANAA (AFP) - Yemen and Sudan signed a series of cooperation accords Friday after a four-day meeting of their joint cooperation committee here, officials said. The accords set out cooperation in the fields of foreign policy. the oil industry, education, social affairs, information, culture, youth and sports, they said. The agreements were signed by Yemeni Prime Minister Abdul Aziz Abdul Ghaniand Sudan's First Vice President General Al Zobeir Mohammad Salah, who co-chaired the seventh session of the joint committee. Gen. Zobeir also said there were "positive signs" for Yemeni mediation to resolve a dispute between Sudan and Eritrea. A Sudanese delegation headed by General Bakri Hussein Saleh, an advisor to President Omar Al Bechir, arrived in Sanaa Friday to try to reach a settlement with Eritrean leaders. The official Yemeni news agency SABA said a joint Sudanese-Eritrean committee would meet next. week in Sanaa, Eritrea, which gained independence in May last year after 30 years of war with-Ethopia announced on Dec. 6 it had broken off diplomatic ties with Sudan which it accused of "subversive activities"

Iran, Cuba seek to expand ties

TEHRAN (AFP) - Iran and Cuba announced their intention to boost economic cooperation during a visit here Saturday by Cuhan Foreign Minister Roberto Gonzales. Tehran wanted to find "practical ways to expand cooperation" with Havana, in a statement issued by the presidential office. During talks with Mr. Gonzales the Iranian leader expressed hope that the Cuhan people would overcome their difficulties through their "efforts and strong will" - an apparent reference to the U.S. embargo against the Caribbean island. Mr. Gonzales, who arrived here Friday, praised Iran's "humanitarian stand" towards Cuba over "human rights and the embargo," the statement said. He called for greater cooperation in the transfer of technology, energy resources, health and sugar production. The Cuhan minister also met Saturday with Parliament Speaker Ali Akhar Nateq Nuri and Foreign Minister Ali Akhar Velayati. Tehran and Havana established diplomatic ties after the 1979 Islamic revolution in Iran. Bilateral trade is worth around \$20 million annually. Cuha is helping Iran to huild a sugar production plant and selling it pharmaceutical products. A high-level Iranian delegation led by Construction Minister Gholamreza Foruzesh visited Cuha in June to discuss economie and trade ties.

Fire suts Sudan academy for journalists

KHARTOUM (R) - Fire badly damaged Sudan's communications academy where journalists are trained, a Khartoum newspaper reported on Saturday. The government-owned Al Sudan Al Hadith (Modern Sudan) said the fire on Wednesday burnt down the main studios and destroyed production equipment at the academy, but it spared the main offices and lecture halls. Academy Director Ahu Bakr Waziri did not say what caused the fire although he suggested a link with the death of a security guard, whose body was found at a lecture hall that escaped the hlaze. No further explanation was given. The academy, which is situated next to state radio in Omdurman, Khartoum's twin city, had been guarded by police but the force was withdrawn some months ago due to high cost.

Indyk named as new U.S ambassador to Israel WASHINGTON (USIA) -Christopher's Middle East, ment to furthering the peace

Pfesident Bill Clinton announced his intention to nominate Martin Indyk, of Washington, D.C., as the U.S. amhassador to Israel. Following is the text of the White House announcement:

The president today nominate Martin Indvk, of Washington, D.C., as ambassador to Israel. "I am proud to nominate

Martin to this vital post," the president said. "I am confident his extensive hackground and experience in the region as well as his commitprocess and the role he has played as my advisor on these issues will serve to promote American interests in the Middle East."

Since January 1993, Dr. Indyk has served as Special Assistant to the president and Senior Director for Near East and South Asian Affairs at the National Security Council. During that period, he has served as principal advisor to the president and the National Security Advisor on Arah-Israeli issues, Iraq, Iran and South Asia. He has been a senior member of Secretary peace team and serves as the White House representative on the U.S.-Israel Science and Technology Commis-

Prior to entering the gov-ernment, Dr. Indyk served for eight years as the executor of the Washington Institute for Near East Policy, a reserach institute that specialises in Arab-

Israeli relations. He was also an adjunct professor at the Johns Hopkins School of Advanced International Studies where he taught Israeli politics and

foreign policy. Dr. Indyk has published widely on U.S. policy towards the Arab-Israeli peace process and on U.S.-Israel relations.

Martin Indyk was born on July 1, 1951, in London, England. He was raised and educated in Australia where he received a Bachelor of Economics from Sydney University and a Ph.D. in International Relations from the Australian National University. Dr. Indyk is married to Jill Collier and has two children, Sarah (14) and Jacob (10).

Language no barrier at Cairo's deaf-and-dumb restaurant

CAIRO (AFP) — The fast food revolution scored a new victory in Cairo this week with the successful launch of the Middle East's first res-

taurant for deaf mutes. Ali Sarhan, director of the new Kentucky Fried Chicken outlet. heams as he holds up his forefinger and little finger the deaf-and-dumb sign for "I like you."

Mr. Sarhan, 28, is the only member of the restaurant siaff who can speak.

"When I was chosen to launch the first such restaurant in the Middle East and Africa I wanted to meet the challenge and make my employees more productive than people who can communicate verbally." he explains.

The restaurant employs 30 deaf mutes, including four

JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

..... A Year in the Life

... Sileni Nighi — HollyNighi Quantum Leap

Feature film: "The Little Match

23:59 The Upper Hand

PRAYER TIMES

CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfieh, Tcl. 810740

..... (Sunrisc) Duha Dbuhr

..... Maghreb

biles of God Church, Tcl.

...... Varieties
News in French

...... Galactica
..... News in English

Coach

PROGRAMME TWO

19:00

21:10

22:30

women, aged between 18 and

A hright panel on the wall shows the alphabet used in sign language.

The customer makes his order by pointing at a photograph of the food and drink he wants. Flashing lights have re-

placed all the sound signals used in other restaurants. Mr. Sarhan says he learnt sign language in two months.

"I followed the same method as one would to learn a foreign language - I entered a new world, a world of

Mr. Sarhan says he speni all his time with deaf mutes. copying their signs and learn-

ing from his mistakes.
"We talked about football. fashion, politics. I repeated the new words in front of the

Armenia 771331.

652526.

Amenon Tel. 811295

mirror - I'm afraid my friends regarded me as insane." Mr. Sarhan has only praise

for his colleagues. "Working and living among them I have come to realise that they are not handicapped at all. Each one

of them performs his job to the highest standard." He says the new employees were initially nervous about having to serve other people.

but after four months' training and two months on the joh "their families are delighted with the transformation in their personalities." Hoda Abdul Moneim, 18. says she is very happy in her

new job.
"Before this I was doing nothing. I spent three years getting a degree at the deafand-dumb college, then

stayed at home for a year unemployed. I learnt to knit to pass the time." The customers are equally

pleased with the service. "Since the restaurant opened we have only come here," says Hoda Al Agati. a translation teacher at Cairo

University. The children love this place because the employees are so kind to them." she says, her six-year-old daughter Ayat nodding in agreement.

Foreigners have not been slow to visit the restaurant. either.

'This place is a godsend." says Juan Castuera, a Spaniard who has lived in Cairo for one year. "We don't speak Arabic

and sign language is interna-

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN: Dr. Fakhri Taych Dr. Salman Al Daboubi Dr. Nidal Al Dahleh Dr. Bassam Karadsheh Firas pharmacy Fordows oharmacy 778334 637055 Nairoukh charmacy 636730 . 644945 . 637660 Yacoub pharmacy

It will be sunny and warm with clouds appearing at different alti-tudes and winds southeasterly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm. Min./Max. temp

Amman	3/1:
Aqabu	9/2
Deserts	
Jordan Valley	
Yesterday's high tempera Amman 13, Aqaba 19 Hu	alurcs
Amman 13, Agaba 19 Hu	midit
readings: Amman 52 per	cent
Agaba 5 per cont	

St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Te 637440. De in Saile Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancta Church Tel: 622366

Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543. den Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Evangelical Latheran Church Tel: 824328. German-speaking Evangelical Congregation Tel. 684195 The Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel. 675091.

WEATHER

The Evangelical Local Church in

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-ment of Meteorology. Shmeisani pharmacy Nairoujh pharmacy Najib pharmacy Dr. Ali Shoquiri ... Alguds pharmacy 1-1 ZARQA: Dr. Mufid Dhamra .. Khalifeh pharmacy ..

EMERGENCIES Food Control Centre 637111 Civil Defence Department 661111

Civil Defence Emergency 199
Rescue Police 192,621111,63777 .**. 617**101 Blood Bank Highway Police Traffic Police ... Public Scenity Department
Hotel Complaints
Price Complaints
Water and Sewerage 897467 Amman Municipality Complaints. Telephone Information (directory assistance) 010230 Central Amman Telephone Repairs 623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101 . 623101 . 7731 I 1 Water Authority
Jordan Electricity Authority
815615 Electric Power Company 636381 RJ Flight Information ... 08-53200

Queen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200 HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Hussein Medical College Khalidi Malernity, J. Amn 644281/6

Al-Mussher Hospital ... The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali lian, Al-Muhajroen Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 Army, Marka Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50 Armai Hospital ZAROA: Zarqa Govi Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital (09)900560 Ibn Sinz Hospital (09)986732 Al Hilms Modern Hospital (09)990990 IRBD: (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)277275 Rbp Al Nafees Hospital (02)277270 AQABA: Priscoss Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA

Akitch Maternity, J. Ann.

Malhas, J. Amman ... Palestine, Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital ...

University Hospital

AIRPORT This information is supplied by

INTERNATIONAL

Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oueen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be veri-642441/2 664171/4 . 669131 . 845845 ARRIVALS

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Larriaca (RJ) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (... Beirut (RJ 17:00 17:20 .. Brussels, Paris (RJ) Madrid, Geneva (RJ) Athens (RJ) ... Frankfurt (RJ) 18:45 19:35 Vienna (RJ) 19:35 20:10 21:00 Vienna (add) (F Frankfurt (add) (RJ) 00:20 00:45

Other Flights (Terminal 2) Magama (GF)

. Moscow (SU) Cairo (MS) .. Beiru! (ME) . Istanbul (TK) nsterdam (KL) 01:16 DEPARTURES

Royal Jordanian (RJ) **Flights** (Terminal 1) Aqaba (RJ) Beirul (RJ) ... Frankfuri (RJ)

68-10 t9:30 Frankfurt (add) (RJ) 10:50 ... Tunis, Casal . Vicnna (Vienna (add) (RJ) 11:95 11:15 Amsterdam, New York (RJ) 11:39 11:50 ... Rome (R) . Cairo (R) 20:45 20:45 21:25 New Delhi (R.I angkok, Jakarta (add) 22:30

Other Flights (Terminal 2) 97:10 Rome (AZ) Doha, Muscal (GF) HIJAZ RAILWAY TRAIN

Dep. Annuae ... 8:00 a.m. every Monday Art. Dumascus 5:00 p.m. every Monday Dep. Dumascus 7:30 a.m. every Sunday Arr. America 5:00 p.m. every Sunday **MARKET PRICES**

Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

Apple	
Banaga	680
Banana (Mukammar)	670
Cabbage	240 / 100
Carrot	280/180
Cauliflower	450/ 250
Clamentine	
Cucumbers (large)	
Cucumbers (small)	
Eggplant	. 340/ 240
Garlic	500/300
Grana Enrie	740 / 140
Grape Fruit	360 / 160
Lemon	200 / 100
Marrow (large)	160 / 100
Marrow (small)	500 / 250
Onion (green)	380/ 200
Onion (dry)	470 / 260
Omen (dry)	COOPICS.
Orange	
Pepper (bot)	540 / 320
Pepper (sweet)	600 / 400
Potato	300/ 200
Radish	250 / 150
Spinach	

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

More Danes expected

Fithmer 25.3

47.00mg

COPENHAGEN (Petra) — The year 1995 will witness a record number of Danish tourists visiting Jordan, officials at one of Denmark's major travel and tours agencies expect. The officials, from Larssen Tours, said they bave finalised preparations to meet the expected increase in the numbers of Danish tourists flocking at the agency to visit Jordan's tourist sites.

Omani official visits Yarmouk

IRBID (Petra) - President of Yarmouk University Marwan Kamal Saturday discussed with the secretary general of Sultan Qaboos University, Hamad Ben Hamad Al Afiri means of enhancing cooperation between the two universities in various fields. Also reviewed at the meeting, held at Yarmouk University, were the two universities' academic and administrative programmes and plans, especially in higher education fields.

Warm weather during holiday

AMMAN (Petra) - Fair weather will prevail in the Kingdom during the Christmas holidays as the Kingdom will remain under the effect of high pressure, the Department of Meteorology announced. The department said sunny weather will continue for the upcoming four days. It warned of frost formation in hilly areas and the desert late in the evening and in the early hours of the morning. In Amman, the department expected temperatures to reach a maximum of 14-15 degrees Celsius.

'Green belt' for cement factory

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordanian Environment Society plans to plant 15,000 trees around the Jordan Cement Factory in Fuheis to reduce dust polluting the surrounding area and to prevent soil erosion. The project aims at planting a "green belt" of trees with a total length of seven kilometres and width of 21 metres financed by the Cement Company itself.

Workshop to study oryx habitat

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature (RSCN) Saturday announced it was organising a workshop early next year in cooperation with international organisations to discuss the bahitat of the Arabian oryx. Society President Anis Muasher said that the three-day meeting would tackle all studies that have been conducted on the oryx since its reintroduction in Jordan in 1978. The oryx had disappeared from Jordan for 60 years until 1978 when it was introduced to the Shomari wildlife reserve. Khaled Irani, from the society said the workshop findings would help Jordan work out a national strategy for the rehabilitation of the oryx and the natural habitat where they can live and multiply.

Tawjihi preparation in Tafileh

TAFILEH (Petra) - The education department in the Tafileh governorate had finalised preparations for holding the general secondary certificate, or tawjihi, examination due to start later this month. Department Director Abdul Majeed Al Jalamdeh said the department has already prepared 19 examination halls at all governorate's areas. He said the number of students who will sit for the examination in the governorate was 1.244. The department, said Mr. Jalamdeh, has convened a meeting for all examination ball directors and reviewed with them regulations and procedures for the examinations. .

New book on Jordan's Islamic sites

RABAT, Morocco (Petra) - The Islamic Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (ISESCO) has issued a new book on Islamic cultural sites in Jordan written by professor Wa'el Al Rashdan. The 108-page book details Islamic fortresses, mosques, monuments of the Prophet's companions as well as photos and maps of these sites.

Ukrainian friends to arrive

AMMAN (Petra) — A delegation representing the Ukrainian-Jordanian Friendship Society in Kiev will arrive in Amman Monday on a week-long visit to Jordan. The delegation is expected to sign an agreement of friendship and cooperation with the Jordanian-Ukrainian Society in Amman. The delegation will hold meetings and seminars with representatives of Jordanian commercial, industrial and academic societies. The Ukranian-Jordanian society in Kiev and the Jordanian-Ukrainian society in Amman were established earlier this year.

Civil defence courses conclude

DEIR ALLA (Petra) — Two Civil Defence courses organised by the Deir Alla Civil Defence Department Saturday concluded at the Dier Alla Vocational Training Centre. The five-day courses included lectures and exercises on ways to deal with burns, fractures, fires and first

Majali receives invitation

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali Saturday received Tunisian Ambassador to Jordan Mohammad Mongi Lahbib who delivered a message from Tunisian Prime Minister Hamed Al Qurawi inviting Dr. Majali to the meeting of the higher Jordanian-Tunisian joint committee. The committee, headed by the prime ministers of the two countries, will meet in the Tunisian capital Jan. 18, 1995.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

CHRISTMAS DISPLAY

☆ Bani Hamida Christmas Display with a variety of small gift items at Bani Hamida House, Jabal Amman, First Circle, Rainbow Street.

POETRY RECITAL

☆ Poetry recital by poet Omar Abn Al Haija at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art on Monday at 6:30

EXHIBITIONS

☆ Exhibition of oil paintings by Mohammad Musa at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art.

☆ Plastic art exhibition by Laila Kawash at the Royal

Cultural Centre. Art exhibition by Ammar Khammash and Fuad Mimi at

Institute Cervantes (the Spanish Cultural Centre). * Exhibition of works by Mahmud Obaidi at Darat Al Funun. Also showing an exhibition of portraits by Fahrelnissa Zeid and the exhibition of contemporary

Arab artists. ★ Exhibition of paintings by Ismail and Tamam Shammont

at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation. # Exhibition by artists Lattif Al Khateeb and Muhy Khaleefa at the Housing Bank Gallery.

House begins debate of budget

(Continued from page 1)

The Finance Ministry

Submission of draft budgets to Parliament before Nov. 15 every year.

— Reduction of duties and taxes on buses and public transport vehicles, including

taxis and those used by farmers and contractors. Donbling the duty exemptions extended to the civil

and military consumers' Improving the conditions of ex-servicemen who did not benefit from the govern-

ment's recent move to increase pensions. Submission of the budgets of independent public sector entities in a limited timef-

The Ministry of Planning

- Channelling of finances to productive projects that serve to build a strong national

economy;

— Rejection of financing terms that benefit foreign parties at the expense of local contractors:

- A close national survey be conducted of all areas of the Kingdom to define the financial, natural and human capabilities and the availability of infrastructure so as to define the areas' investment needs, and priority be given for local workforce.

The Ministry of Public Works

The committee said it had found that allocations for the ministry's projects were distributed over large areas with little amounts of money. It called for:

- The priorities of the ministry's national projects be redefined and sufficient funds be allocated to finish the projects in record time, especially touristic and productive

 Support for the construction sector - A fixed percentage of the project cost as labour cost (daily wages).

The Ministry of Water and Irrigation

The committee said it found that the ministry did not spend all the capital allocations for it this year. It recommended that:

— Support be extended to the administrative and technical cadre with qualified scientific and administrative staff to take swift decisions on tenders.

- Routine procedures and hureaucracy and overlappings between the duties of this ministry and the Ministry of Planning be eliminated and revenue collection methods should be improved; — Due attention be given to dams in areas such as Mujih. Walch, Wadi Hammad, the Jordan Valley, etc.

The Ministry of Agriculture

Agricultural production and marketing should be separated and the government should set up a public shareholding company to operate on the basis of the needs of the local market and exports as well as the requirements of the agricultural sec-

A project to produce packing boxes for produce be revived.

- Speeded-up procedures to transfer farmers' loans from the Jordan Cooperative Bank and the Jordan Cooperative Organisation to the Agri-cultural Credit Corporation and the exemption of these loans from interest.

- The financial and administrative systems of the Jordan Cooperative Organisation be

The Ministry of Industry and Trade

- A draft law on encouraging investments to be able to meet the needs of the coming stage and make Jordan an investment-attracting country

national economy.

should be presented before January 1995.

- Support be extended to the Investment Promotion Department and the investment window by giving them

additional powers.

— Additional incentives be given to encourage investments in less fortunate areas. Support be given to the department of specifications

and standardisation. An updated companies law should be presented to Parliament in the first half of

- Completion of the establisbment of the Amman In-ternational Fair. - Priority he given, while dealing with ailing com-

panies, to the interest of the

company over the interest of

"powers" hehind the - Reconstruction of royalty contracts granted to a group of Jordanian companies in a way conforming to the needs of the coming stage and to

increase production. The Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources:

A government-owned national oil company be established. - Attention be given to reorganisation of the govern-

ment's relationship with the Jordan Petroleum Refinery

The Ministry of Post and Communications:

- Justified distribution of services and levying of charges in all areas and priority be given to areas without telephone services while deciding where to install new

Special consideration be given to subscription and local charges in the countryside and the badia.

- Technical ways be found to fight piracy and international competition by offer-ing distinguished services and competitive prices and to reduce charges in national and religious bolidays and evening calls. The Foreign Ministry:

- Proper personnel wbo can project a good image of the country and serve national interests be selected to work at embassies abroad and proper equipment be provided to the embassies.

The Ministry of Health - Support be given to the health sector hy expanding and improving the condition of hospitals and clinics especially in rural areas, the badia and the Jordan Valley.

The Ministry of Information Support be given to the Jordanian satellite channel and its hudget be increased. - Support be given to the Jordan News Agency Petra and the opening of new Petra offices abroad.

The Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities

- Hotel training and education be developed. - The hotel training college

be placed under the supervi-sion of the Ministry of Tourism and in cooperation with the Ministry of Education. - Plans to develop touristic attractions in Jordan and

financing be found for them, especially the southern Aqaha beach and the Dead Sea, Petra, and Wadi Musa. The Ministry of Higher Education

The community colleges which contribute to increasing unemployment to be converted to vocational colleges and youth he encouraged to

enroll in them...

— Support be given to government universities and due attention to Muta and Al al Bait universities since their infrastructure is not completed yet.

- Funds be allocated for scholarships. - No new licence be issued to private universities with traditional curricula and

which do not serve the

Free zones

- The entire Aqaba region be converted into a free zone. The Vocational Training Corporation.

New vocational training centres be opened. Scientific research

- Financial support be given to scientific research, particularly in terms of income tax and while drafting a new income tax law.

The Jordan Investment Corporation

The government, through the corporation, direct investments towards establishing government buildings in various areas of the Kingdom and support the housing projects for civil servants.

Compensations Due attention be given to collect the Gulf war compensations through following up on the issue.

The National Aid Fund - Sufficient funds be allocated to cover the needs of those under poverty line. The Development and Em-

ployment Fund - The process of loans for individuals for projects he facilitated and the citizens be informed of the fund's goals. The Central Bank of Jurdan

- The Central Bank of Jordan be brought under the supervision of the Audit Bureau in line with Article 119 of the Constitution even if the process needs legal amendments.

Royal Jordanian

- Attention be given to improving Royal Jordanian's services and modernising the carrier's fleet. The committee said it appreciated the moves to privatise the airline.

The Social Security Corpora-

— The corporation establish an investment hank since it has enough liquidity. - The corporation should reconsider its pension struc-

ture for beneficiaries. The corporation should seriously study health insur-

The Ministry of Administrative Development - The committee stressed its earlier recommendations related to developing the administrative system and fighting nepotism, favouritism and bureaucracy and amending the allowances system. - Efficient personnel able to

deal with the coming stage be

Other recommendations: - Cancelling contributions to schools and financially capable students be excluded from exemptions.

- Support for the Armed Forces, the Public Security Department and the Civil Defence Department.

- Studies be held to find means to help citizens who do not have bealth insurance. Attention be given to the link between Jordan's economy and the Palestinian people.

Arab-Arab and Arab-Islamic links be enhanced in economy, commerce and cul-

- Proper attention be given to sentor judges. - The government focus on means to realise the funds for the supplementary hudget

(3D 390 million). - The conditions of civil servants and servicemen be studied and improved through implementing the national bousing programme, increasing income, implementing recommendation no. 3 (the Ministry of Finance) and through modernising and updating means of work of the Audit Bureau and the Department of Sup-

Samir Barbunm cuntributed to this story.

Russians battle Chechen rebels

(Continued from page 1)

part in such a meeting. The Russian parliament has appealed to Mr. Yeltsin, the government and opposing forces in Chechenya to stop fighting and begin emergency

Mr. Yeltsin told parliamentary deputies by lerter on Friday be would put forward a new plan for settling the conflict, mainly by poli-tical methods, in an address

to the nation. Mr. Dudayev, labelling Mr. Yeltsin "a hioodsucker" "a copy of Stalin." vowed in a newspaper interview on Saturday to fight on until Russian troops pull out of Chechenya.

Asked by the Bild am Sonntag newspaper if he

would resume talks with

Moscow to end fighting in

Chechenya, be said: "No. First all Russian troops must have left our land, then I will be ready to negotiate with the Russian president. The newspaper released the interview ahead of pub-

lication on Sunday. Mr. Dudayev said the political furor Mr. Yeltsin had unleashed by sending troops into Chechenya made it un-likely Moscow could suppress the separatist revolt and

occupy the region.
"I do not think Mosow will succeed in occupying Chechenya," Mr. Dudayev said. "The Russian leadership will not be able to sustain it either politically or militarily.

"Should it succeed, however, we will naturally fight from underground as regular Chechen armed forces, and with all means," he added.

Mr. Dudayev said other Muslims in the volatile Caucasus supported Chechenya's

"Nobody wants a savage, unpredictable and drunken Russian dog in front of bis house," be said. "We will fight, and perhaps we will not be there at the end. but I think in that case Russia will not have its president any more, assuming there still is a

"Practically all the regions want to get away from the bloodsucker in Moscow," he added. "The Russian president is developing more and more into a copy of (Soviet dictator Josef) Stalin and (Russian ultra-nationalist Vladimir) Zhirinovsky."

Mr. Dudayev said be still liked and respected Russians despite the fighting.



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Saturday meets with farmers in the northern Jordan Valley Region (Petra photo)

Prince Hassan calls for reconsidering development plans in Jordan Valley

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Saturday urged ministries and institutions concerned with de-veloping the Jordan Rift Valley to reconsider the valley's

development plans. During a tour of the north-ern Jordan Valley region, Prince Hassan said the new stage requires that Jordan draws comprehensive plans for all the areas of the Jordan Rift Valley. Such plans, be said, also require that those in charge to contribute to completely changing the ways of thinking and implementa-

tion of projects. Prince Hassan also urged government departments to preserve their credibility and to deal with all projects in a comprehensive manner in that all services be viewed within one integrated framework.

The Crown Prince commenced bis tour by visiting Deir Alla town where he was received by the commander of the 12th Royal Mecha-nised Division: Theo Prince Hassan inspected some of the division's units and was

briefed on their duties. Prince Hassan later inspected the conditions of farmers in the Jordan Valley and was acquainted with problems facing them.

Some of the farmers complained of the problem of flies, attributing it to the use of natural fertilisers. The farmers urged government officials to work on solving the

problem. Prince Hassan then inspected work on the Al Ardhi road extending from the north to Al Suweimeh village near the Dead Sea.

The Crown Prince was hriefed by Puhlic Works and Housing Minister Abdul Razzaq Ensour and Secretary General of the Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) Hashem Shboul on progress of work in the road project. Prince Hassan urged the

JVA to pay more attention to the road networks in the valley, to repair the existing ones and to open new agricultural roads, underlining the need for coordination among the Armed Forces. the Ministry of Public Works and Housing and the JVA in this regard. After visiting several vil-

lages in northern Jordan Valley, Prince Hassan met with officers, participating in a course held at the Royal War College and delivered a lec-ture on "Contemporary Developments and the Jorda-

nian Initiative." Prince Hassan dealt with

govern the Jordanian initiative at the current stage. He also dwelt on the relanonship between the Great

mite Kingdom of Jordan, reviewing the development of the country since the time of the late King Abdullah Ben Al Hussein. He also briefed the audience, who included officers

from Arab countries, on his understanding of the Jordanian-Israeli peace treaty and the historical context leading to its signing.
The Crown Prince also outlined the role of the mass

Arab Revolt and the Hashe-

media at the current stage. In addition, he briefed the audience on the four principles which he considered as the key to the Jordan initia-

tive at the current stage. Prince Hassan said the first was the relationship between Jordan and the Middle East region, the second between Jordan and Palestine, the third between Jordan and the Mediterranean region and the fourth hetween Jordan and the economic conference which will be held in Amman in the first half of 1995.

Prince Hassan was accompanied on the tour by Dr. Ensour, Mr. Stroul and his private advisor Mohammad Al Saggaf.

four principles which he said Thais to conduct 'city of peace' study

AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of Tourism and Antiquities Jordan welco Mohammad Adwan announced Saturday that a technical team from Thailand will visit Jordan soon to embark on a study of the implementation of the "city of peace" project in Wadi Ara-

The team will be working in cooperation with the government and the private sector in implementation of a project floated at the Casablanca economic summit recently, said the minister following a meeting he held at his office with a team representing 27 Thai firms operating in the tourism and affili-

Jordan welcomes any initiatives from any source for investments in the Jordanian tourism sector and attaches a great importance on the project at Wadi Araba where peace was concluded hetween Jordan and Israel. The minister said that the

Ministry of Tourism would

make available all the required information for the success of the project, economically and technically. Outlining to the visiting Thai team Jordan's tourism projects, the minister spoke in detail about the ministry's

sites in Jordan noong the sites where potential investment is feasible at present.

Referring to the Casahlanca economic meeting the minister said that His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan who addressed the meeting invited international firms to conduct feasibility studies for investments in tourism in-

the Kingdom. In line with the Prince's directives, Dr. Adwan said, the ministry is holding contacts with investors and businessmen in countries of southeast Asia like Thailand in order to implement the "city of peace projects" and

The eight others who re-

ceived the death penalty were Jordanian nationals. All 11

had fought alongside the mu-

jahedeen or Islamic fighters

against Soviet occupation in

terrorist conspiracy, posses-

sing explosives and belonging

to an illegal organisation.

They belonged to a group of

25, all Afghanistan war veter-

AMF would sign other agree-

They were found guilty of

Afghanistan in the 1980s.

tion of the archaeological Jordan asks U.S. to extradite convict

Quoting a Jordanian secur-

ity source, the paper said

contacts were underway be-

tween Amman and Washing-

ton to "study the possibility

of extradiung Khalifa even

though the two countries are

programmes for the preserva-

CAlRO (AFP) — Jordan has asked the United States to extradite a Saudi militani who was sentenced to death in his absence for arracks which left nine wounded. Al Sharq Al Awsat newspaper

reported on Saturday. Mohammad Jamal Khalifa was one of 11 fundamentalists condemned to death by the State Security Court last Wednesday for a string of bomb attacks against cinemas in Jordan in 1993, the

London-based daily said.

AMMAN (Petra) - The

Central Bank of Jordan

(CBJ) is to obtain a \$20

million loan from the Arab

Monetary Fund (AMF) 10

help finance Jordan's exports and trade exchanges with the

Arab countries, under an agreement signed in Amman

Dr. Mohammad Saeed

Nabulsi, the CBJ governor,

said after the signing cere-mony with AMF Director

Jasem Manai that Jordan can

Saturday.

not linked by an extradition A legal delegation travelled to Washington two weeks ago for talks on signing such a convention, the source

The Saudi fundamentalist. an Omani and a Jordan were

obtained a \$32 million soft loan from the AMF to suppon its economic reform programme as agreed on with the International Monetary Fund (IMF), Dr. Nabulsi said. He said the \$20 million loan will no doubt help Jor-

dan compete on the Arah markets and facilitate the

CBJ to get \$20m to finance trade count on the AMF for loans marketing of its products.

Dr. Manai said that the to help it finance its trade and

the court.

expons with the Arab states. ments with the Kingdom to Jordan had earlier help finance its inter-Arab trade operations. Mr. Manai said that 34 Arab financial institutions support the operations of the

AMF and continually supply funds for its operations. Mr. Manai later left Am-

man following a three-day

k. ab he he ed

FP

plight

Rao rival quits Indian cabinet, **opens split in Congress Party**

NEW DELHI (R) - Indian that Congress, which was scandal in 1992. Mr. Rai was Human Resources Minister Arjun Singh said Saturday he was resigning from Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao's government, opening a. potentially damaging split within the ruling Congress

Mr. Singh was the fifth cabinet member to leave the government in two weeks. Three ministers linked to scandals were sacked, while Mr. Singh and Civil Supplies Minister A.K. Antony quit on their own initiative.

'I have just at two o'clock sent in my resignation from the Union Cabinet to the prime minister, with a request to forward it forthwith to the president." Mr. Singh. a leading rival of Mr. Rao withio the ruling Congress Party, told a news confer-

Both Mr. Rao and President Shanker Dayal Sharma must accept Mr.Singh's resignation for it to take effect. Mr. Singh's decision was the clearest sign yet of a caping split within Congress between Mr. Rao's loyalists and a group of dissidents upset over the prime minister's leadership and his handling of two scandals.

Mr. Singh was widely believed to be considering mounting a challenge to Mr.

ADDIS ABABA (R) - The

Organisation of African Uni-

tv (CAU) chief appealed

Saturday for peace in the

world's most troubled conti-

nent in 1995, reflecting on a

routed in recent state elec- criticised in an official report tions. suffered defeat in another set of state polls in February.

He said in his resignation letter to Mr. Rao that most Congress leaders were disillusioned with the premier's handling of dissent within the Congress.

"The disillusionment with the leadership today is so all-pervasive that the same Congress Party in parliament which elected you as its leader, today is denied an opportunity to meet for fear of members voicing their concern about these very issues," Mr. Singh said. His letter was distributed to reporters.

He added, however: "1 must dearly tell you that in no way am l running away from my duty to the country and to the Congress, in that

"The Congress is the only party which can strengthen the country.

On Thursday the presidential palace announced the resignations of Health Minister . Shankaranand, Food Minister Kalpnath Rai and Junior Rural Development Minister Rameshwar Thakur.

A parliamentary report accused Mr. Shankaranand and Mr. Thakur of wrongdoing in Ran's leadership in the event a \$1.3-billion stock market

on a sugar import scam.

Mr. Antony, also named in the sugar scandal, stepped down last week. Mr. Rao at first had refused to accept his resignation on the grounds that the minister had done nothing wrong.

In his resignation letter, Mr. Singh suggested the creation of a committee headed by a sitting Supreme Court judge to investigate the 1992 stock market scandal, PTI

Mr. Singh also suggested that the government's economic liberalisation programme should be brought into line with people's aspirations and that the privatisation of stateowned firms should be investigated, the news agency said.

'The Congress is roughly divided between those who want Rao to go and those want him to sack Arjun Singh," a senior minister, who declined to be named. told Reuters.

The Asian Age newspaper quoted an opinion poll as saying a majority of Congress deputies were still behind Mr. Rao, although they were not happy with his handling of the party's affairs and criticism of bis ministers over

recent scandals. The former cabinet minister said Congress should apologies for the demolition of a mosque by Hindu extremists

in Ayodhya in 1992, PTI said. Many Muslims switched to the opposition centrist groups after December 1992, when Mr. Rao failed to stop a Hindu mob from razing a 400-year-old mosque in the northern town of Ayodhya.

Mr. Rao had promised to rebuild the mosque but Muslim leaders say there were no

Lower-caste Hindus have also switched loyalties from Congress, mainly due to a centrist opposition campaign to give them more job quotas in government units. Some newspapers said Mr.

Singh had gained the support of Sonia Gandhi, the charismatic but reclusive Italianborn widow of former Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi and member of India's most important political family.

Rajiv Gandhi's mother Indira Gandhi and her father Jawaharlal Nehru were Congress premiers, credited with winning elections on their personal appeal.

Congress has ruled the country for all but three years since independence from Britain in 1947. The 109-yearold party has a history of splits, two of them under Indira Gandhi.

He praised Gbanaian Pres-

ident Jerry Rawlings, who

has produced a modest eco-

nomic miracle in his country.

for brokering a new peace pact between Liberia's rival

Tutsi and Hutu leaders to

heed the tragedy in neigh-

bouring Rwanda and prevent

extremism from leading the

Tens of thousands of Hutus

and Tutsis were killed after

the murder of Burundi's

popularly-elected President

Melchior Ndadaye, last year.

Mr. Salim did not mention

Nigeria, Africa's most popu-

The violence has sputtered

on but could escalate.

country to a similar fate.

save it from famine.

nental and extreme rightwing groups

Three-wheeler pedicabs crowd Gulistan area fundas causing traffic jams as they fled extremist picketers who were themselves chased by police. Police fought with supporters of the Combined Action Council — an alliance of 13

who enforced a "siege" of Dhaka to push 11 demands including calls for stricter observ-

50 hurt during Bangladesh blockade

DHAKA (R) - Nearly 50 people were injured Saturday in clashes between police and Bangladesh opposition activists enforcing a nationwide blockade of railways, roads and waterways, witnesses

They said police used batons and tear gas to try to disperse protesters halting trains at Tongi, north of Dha-

Trains left Dbaka and other cities early Saturday but most were stopped on the way by stick-wielding and stone-throwing mobs.

Many wore headbands and

clashed with police and paramilitary forces, witnesses Opposition parties planned the blockade to last from dawn to dusk. But main opposition leader Sheikh Hasina Friday ordered it to be scaled back to accommodate Christmas celebrations for the country's small Christian community.

The blockade organisers, the Awami League led by Mrs. Hasina and its allies the Jatiya Party and Jamaat-E-Islami, claimed complete success. They said Dhaka was virtually cot off.

Witnesses said inter-city buses and lorries failed to leave Dhaka's three terminals as hundreds of opposition activists barricaded exits. cities and river ferries were partially disrupted. The blockade was intended

Transport within Bangladeshi

to put further pressure on Prime Minister Begnm Khaleda Zia to accept by Tuesday an opposition demand for early elections under a nentral caretaker administration.

Mrs. Khaleda has rejected the demand as unconstitutional. The next elections are not due until 1996.

Mr. Hasina said opposition members, who have boycotted parliament since February, would resign from the legislature en masse unless Mrs. Khaleda met Tnesday's

Truce reached in southern Philippines

Monday.

COTABATO, Philippines (R) — Troops and Muslim separatist guerrillas in the sonthern Philippines announced a Christmas ceasefire Saturday and said they would resume peace talks.

Army Brigadier General Renato Garcia and Gadzali Gaafar, political affairs chairman of the Moro Islamic Liberation Front (MILF). told reporters they bad ordered their forces to ceasefire and talks would resume

WASHINGTON (R) - The

Sixteen soldiers and 22 MILF rebels have been killed in the fighting in North Cotabato province on Mindanao Island over the past week, armed forces chief General

Arturo Enrile said Friday. A top Muslim rebel leader had earlier Saturday urged Manila to withdraw its

Nur Misuari, leader of the mainstream Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF),

said in a radio interview that

U.S. may allow Cuban news bureaus

Islamic nations viewed the army offensive with suspicion.

"I am urging the Armed Forces of the Philippines to immediately withdraw from Moro Islamic Liberation Front-controlled (MILF) areas," he said.

The MILF is a breakaway faction of the MNLF, the main Muslim group seeking limited self-rule in the south of the mainly Christian Phi-

factions this month. victory in South Africa. era of small wars, poor leadbeing perpetrated as each day Looking to the future, Mr. Salimpleaded with Burundi's

OAU chief appeals for peace in troubled Africa

year that saw Rwanda's genocide and Nelson Mandela's The world is tired of our unending conflicts, where hundreos of thousands of people were hacked and bu chered in a most grue-some manner in 1994," said "The election of Mandela

OAU Secretary-General Salim Ahm; d Salim in a New Year message. "For almost a decade-and-Salim said. a-half, the condition of the African has grown progressively worse. Mr. Salim said

NEW YORK (R) - In a deal security adviser, the paper

in the message published at his Addis Ababa headquar-Africa faces problems on an apocalyptic scale, with 16 nations involved in a conflict of some kind, producing millions of refugees and a break-

down of state institutions. Living standards are as bad as they were three decades ago in most countries, and

financed secretly by the Pen-

lagon, the U.S. Defence In-

telligence Agency has ac-

quired components of the S-

300, the Russian equivalent

of the Patriot missile defence

system, the New York Times

the S-300 was a secret mission

paid for with classified

financing, the newspaper

said, citing government offi-

cials, arins dealers and de-

Virginia-based BDM Inter-

national, whose chairman is

Frank Carlucci, former Presi-

dent Ronald Reagan's de-

fence secretary and national

The broker was the

The operation to obtain

reported Saturday.

fence analysis.

even the dividends of economic reforms may not keep pace with population growth and environmental degrada-

The beacon of hope, not just for agonised Africa but for an entire world in a new ership and economic uncertainty, was the election of Nelson Mandela in April's elections in South Africa.

and the victory against apartheid in South Africa crowns the work of the OAU in the field of decolonisation," Mr. The end of 400 years of

white rule in southern Africa could signal a brighter future for the region if Mozambique and Angola can prevent a return to civil war and countries build up a new economic

An African State, nowev er big it may be, could not survive the growing competition on its own," Mr. Salim

He condemned the inter-

U.S. 'secretly buys' Russian missile parts

A Russian-made AN-124

aircraft delivered the S-300

missile system components

this week to Huntsville, Ala-

bama, where the Missile and

Space Intelligence Centre of

the Defence Intelligence

Agency (DIA) is located, the

The DIA is the Pentagon's

The operation to acquire

the equipment began two

vears ago when BDM won a

lucrative and secret Pentagon

competition to acquire the

S-300 for U.S. intelligence

agencies, which want to study

the weapons system, the pap-

New York Times said.

chief intelligence branch.

national community for not taking action to prevent the bloodbath in Rwanda, where the former Hutu rump government butchered hundreds. of thousands of Tutsis.

"The world watched from the sidelines as genocide was the helpless children were torn limb from limb," said Mr. Salim.

The United Nations, having failed to stop the importation of weapons or detect the signals that fighting was about to erupt, cut its force in Rwanda from 2,500 to 450 when the killings started in

The International community, including the OAU and African nations. then, dithered as the bodies piled up in churches and washed down Rwanda's rivers and only intervened after the war was effectively over.

1994 as a "lost year" for Somalia, abandoned to the warlords and their clan militias by the foreign troops who went there two years ago to

The S-300 is the rough

equivalent of the Patriot sys-

tem that was designed to

shoot down Iraq's Scud mis-

sles during the Gulf War in

1991, the paper said. It added

that Russian generals say it is

better than the Patriot, though it said American offi-

The paper said BDM

Belarus President Alexan-

der Lukashenko had said that

had sold one of the S-300

systems, although to whom,

for what price and on what

basis remained unsaid, the

New York Times said.

apparently acquired the S-

300 components in Belarus.

cials dispute that.

lous nation and an economic Clinton administration is congiant that has gone off the sidering allowing Cnba to open news bureaus in the United States and clearing Many fear Nigeria faces a the way for U.S. news media proportions in the coming to establish offices on the year if the row between the island, according to two Florruling military and civilian. ida lawmakers. prodemocratic forces is not

Republican members of Congress Lincoln Diaz-Balart and Ileana Ros-Lehtinen have written to President Bill Clinton warning him that "any friendly gesture" towards Cnba's Communist government would be "throwing the morbund totalitarian regime a

They listed among other under steps under consideration, plans to authorise U.S. businesses to engage in the unrestricted sale and financing of medicine and medical supplies, lifting the ban on charter flights, and allowing travel for academic, cultural

or scientific exchanges. The White House had no immediate comment on reports that some of the moves could be announced within 10

After Havana expelled the last U.S. correspondent based in Cuba 25 years ago. the United States shut down Cuba's U.S. bureaus except

porters have since had to apply for visas on a temporary case-by-case basis.

Reuters maintains a Mr. Diaz-Balart and Mr. Ros-Lehtinen urged Mr. Clinton "to remain firm in enforcement of sanctions against the Cuban dictatorsbip.

"Any... friendly gesture toward Castro at this time of almost unprecedented repression would constitute a form of complicity with the ferocious oppression of the Cuban Communist dietatorship against its people," their letter said.

at the United Nations, Re-Canada's Christmas message to U.S.: Don't mess with our culture

OTTAWA (Agencies) -There was no seasonal goodwill in this week's message to the United States from Cana-

Essentially, Canadian Heritage Minister Michel Dupuy said the United States could have as much free trade as it wanted — as long as it did not involve what Canadians regard as a growing incursion on their culture by

Mr. Dupuy announced a series of measures designed to make it more difficult for Americans to trade in Cana-

But this wasn't a case of free trade — or a denial of free trade - according to Mr. Dupuy. It was a question of culture.

"split editions" — Canadian editions of U.S. magazines,

production companies when their songs are played on Canadian radio — on top of royalties already due to composers, songwriters and music publishers - with the money earmarked for a spe-

companies. - Make bars and restaurants pay royalties for music played in their establishments, again with the money going into a special fund to support Canadian

blank audio tape sold in Canada — with the proceeds

dians taping music from the radio at home.

Mr. Dupuy also said he would not countermand a decision by Canada's broadcasting regulatory body to order cable television distributors to replace the U.S. Country Music Television network with a new Canadian country music station.

Mr. Dupuy's announcements brought a howl of pro-tests from the U.S. government, the publishers of Sports Illustrated magazine and the owners of Country

a row last year with the launch of its co-called Canadian edition. The magazine had found a loophole in existing Canadian law that effectively bans Canadian advertisers from tax benefits for advertising to Canadian audiences in U.S. publica-

The row deepened when a Sports Illustrated editor in New York refused to allow the Canadian edition to carry

Illustrated, was proof that the "Canadian edition" was still very much under U.S. con-

been operating in Canada for a hundred years and employs thousands of Canadians.

Westingbouse spokesman Maury Lane complained that the decision to bump his television network off Canadian cable was in breach of the North American Free Trade Agreement and did not take into account that Westinghouse was a major Canadian company in its own right.

Meanwhile, an opinion poll published Friday showed most Canadians in Englishspeaking regions of the country believe in a hardline approach toward Quebec if the province votes for independence, according to an opinion poll published Fri-

However, the survey by Angus Reid Group also found a slim majority of Ouebeckers themselves would vote against sovereignty for the French-speaking province.

"Clearly, the sovereignist forces face some difficult challenges as the debate moves to this next critical pbase - challenges that come both from within and outside of Quebec," Angus Reid said in a commentary on the findings.

Earlier this week, Prime Minister Jean Chretien said it would be illegal for Quebec to separate from the rest of the country. "it's completely illegal and unconstitutional, he said in a television inter-

Quebec's separatist Parti Quebecois government says it will hold a referendum on separation from the rest of Canada next year.

QE2 finally leaves New York

NEW YORK (R) - The QE2 luxury liner, held by the U.S. Coast Guard for safety reasons, finally was allowed to leave for its Caribbean Christmas cruise Saturday ---37 hours late. The troubleplagued ship had been barred from quitting port after inspectors found numerous fire and safety violations aboard. The vessel pulled from the dock on the East River after 1 a.m. (0600 GMT) in a whipping rainstorm and was beaded for 60-knot, galeforce winds off the U.S. east coast, according to the Coast Guard. Coast Guard Boatswain's Mate Gerry Gaffney told Reuters that the ship had been released and "if they had problems, the vessel would not have been allowed to leave." Some passengers bad gone aboard Thursday evening for a Caribbean cruise via Florida that was scheduled to start at noon Thursday. They took the place of others who had arrived in New York earlier that day after a disaster-filled Atlantic crossing. Angry pas-sengers said they had a nightmarish voyage from England. They said toilets flooded, running water turned brown and debris spilled into the corridors. Coast Guard inspectors boarded the liner Thursday evening near Ambrose Lighthouse, in New York Harbour, and began what they called a "routine inspection.

Fergie finds home for new year

LONDON (AP) — The Duchess of York won't be going homeless in the new year after all. The former Sarah Ferguson and her two daughters, 6-year-old Princess Beatrice and 4-year-old Princess Engenie, have found an eight-bedroom mansion in Sorrey that is worth £1 million (\$1.6 million), according to the news agency Press Association. The rent is reported to be £1,500 (\$2,400) per month, but Press Association said that the duchess, who is separated from her busband Prince Andrew, apparently will still be looking for a place to buy. The duchess, popularly known as "Fergie, most vacate the house she now rents by the end of January. She recently told reporters in Washington that she could not afford to purchase a suitable home.

Actor Christian Siater held on weapons charge

NEW YORK (R) - Actor Christian Slater was arrested at John F. Kennedy International Airport after he tried to board a flight carrying an unliceused 9mm handgun, police said. Mr. Slater, who stars in the current hit film Interview With The Vampire, was arrested Friday afternoon after he set off a metal detector while trying to board a Delta Airlines flight, Sergeant John Mariano said. Slater was charged with criminal possession of a weapon and was being held overnight, Sgt. Mariano said.

New AIDS test uses sailva

WASHINGTON (AFP) The U.S. government has announced that approval had been granted to a new AIDS virus test which uses saliva from the mouth instead of blood. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) said that in tests, the oral fimid collection system bad a two per cent error factor in both positive and negative results - higher than the standard blood test. The FDA said that the new test will be available only from pbysicians and administered only by people trained in its use. The test involves placing a specially-treated cotton pad on a stick between the lower gum and the cheek and allowing it to absorb fluid. The stick is then placed into a plastic container with a preservative solution. One advantage of the new test according to Jeff Lawrence, a consultant to the American Foundation for AIDS, was that it could encourage people who dislike blood tests to be tested for HIV, the human immunodeficiency virus that causes AIDS. "As long as a positive test is followed up with a blood test and as long as there is appropriate counseling available, it is a reasonable thing to do," Mr. Lawrence said. The oral fluid collection system is marketed by the Epitope Corp. of Beaverton, Oregon under the brand name Orasure.

McCurry to replace Myers at White House

WASHINGTON (AP) - State Department tration official who spoke on condition of spokesman Michael McCurry, an experienced anonymity. White House Chief of Staff Leon Democratic operative, will take over as Presi- Panetia will formally announce Mr. McCurdent Bill Clinton's press secretary early next ry's appointment, along with other staff year, a White House official said. Mr. McCurchanges, the official said. Ms. Myers, 33, the ry, 40, will replace Dee Dee Myers, who was first female chief press secretary at the White Mr. Clinton's spokeswoman during his elec- House, announced her resignation last week tion campaign and beld the press secretary's from the post paying more than \$100,000 a job for the first two years of his administra- year. Mr. Panetta tried to ease her out of the tion. Mr. McCurry's appointment had been office in September, but Ms. Myers appealed widely anticipated. But details of the transition to Mr. Clinton and won a reprieve and a were not confirmed until Friday. White House promotion. Thursday was her last day on the side Mark Gearan, a former White House job. The photograph shows Ms. Myers (right) communications director, will serve as acting is embraced by President Clinton during her press secretary over the next few weeks until last briefing as press secretary (AFP photo) Mr. McCurry begins the job, said an adminis-

Belarus deputies demand lifting of censorship

MINSK (R) — The Belarus-sian parliament has asked President Alexander Lukashenko to lift a media blackout on bigh-level corruption allegations levelled the former Soviet republic

by a parliament deputy. The parliamentary newspaper, Belarus's largest daily, Friday was forbidden from publishing and three other newspapers were issued with white blocks where stories bad been pulled.

The newspapers had intended to report on a sweeping corruption probe presented to parliament this week by Deputy Sergei Antonchik.

Parliament's resolution Friday did not accuse Mr. Lukashenko — who campaigned on a pledge to root out corruption — of ordering the censorship. But many deputies directly pointed fingers at the president.

"This is the start of the creation of a police state," Deputy Boris Gunter told the

"Let's be honest. This is all

coming from the president,"

said another deputy, Vladimir Gribanov. The resolution asked Mr. Lukashenko to take action against officials who pulled articles and newspaper and sack the head of state radio

It also asked him to "take

decisive measures on protect-

and television.

ing the rights and freedoms of Belarussian citizens" and order the prosecutor general to investigate the incidents. Those implicated in Mr. Antonchik's report, including Prime Minister Mikhail Chi-

gir and Defence Minister

Anatoly Kostenko, have de-

nied the allegations.

going to Canadian musicians and recording companies as a form of compensation for loss of revenues caused by Cana-

the Americans.

His measures would: - Slap an 80 per cent tax on advertisement in so-called

- Make broadcasters pay royalties to performers and cial fund to support Canadian performers and production

performers and production

companies, and Place a levy on every Music Television. Sports Illustrated sparked

tions.

an advertisement featuring a naked Canadian soccer team with each player strategically covering his genitals with a soccer ball. This, said critics of Sports

trol.
The Country Music Television row is more complicated as one of its main shareholders is the Westinghouse electronics roup, which has MIII.R 25-26, 1994

S New York

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A resident of Sarajevo walks in a snow-covered cemetery in the Bosnian capital (AFP photo)

U.S. general delivers regrets in bid to free pilot

SEOUL (R) — The U.S. military, making last-ditch efforts to free by Christmas a helicopter pilot held in North Korea, Saturday promised steps to prevent U.S. aircraft from violating North Korean

North Korea did not respond to a U.S. request for a meeting to discuss the return of the pilot at the Korean border village of Panmunjom, a U.S. military spokes-

man said. "It appears there will be no meeting today," he said. General Gary Luck, commander of 37,000 U.S. troops in South Korea, earlier sent a

letter to North Korean leader Kim Jong-II via Panmnnjom expressing regret at the intrusion by the U.S. army helicopter a week ago, a U.S. military official said.

The OH-58 reconnaissance helicopter strayed several miles into North Korean territory a week ago and Pyongyang said its troops shot it down.

The helicopter's pilot Bobby Hall was captured in the downing while his co-pilot David Hilemon, was killed. Officer Hall is still being held

in the North and being questioned about the intrusion.

"General Luck expressed regrets at this unfortunate incident and pledged measures to prevent similar incidents in the future," said the official, who asked not to be

The general also thanked North Korea for returning the body of Officer Hilemon Thursday through Panmun-

"There's no breakthrough to announce as yet," a U.S. diplomat said Saturday morning, "But we are using all avenues to talk to North Korea for a quick release of the pilot.

"We are still hopeful North Korea will free Hall by Christmas (on Sunday)," he addeđ.

U.S. officials said Pyongyang, which has said the helicopter was on a spy mission, had given no assurances Officer Hall would be released by Christmas.

The Pentagon said the helicopter mistakenly crossed the border and the crew thought they were still in South Korea minutes before they went for Christmas as a humanita-

rian gesture. The clock is South Korea's Yonhap ticking. domestic news agency, quoting a U.S. military official,

said earlier Saturday that

North Korea had agreed in

principle to release Officer

Hall through Panmunjom on

Christmas Day.
Jim Coles, a U.S. military

spokesman in Seoul, denied

the report. "To my know-ledge it is not true. And my

knowledge is pretty in-

unsourced report saying the

United States and North

Korea had failed to agree on

In Officer Hall's home

town of Brooksville, Florida,

local people put out yellow

ribbons symbolising the wish

Officer Hall could be re-

leased only after a thorough

U.S. Congressman Bill

Ricbardson, who negotiated

in the past week in Pyon-

gyang for the release of Offic-

er Hall and of Officer Hile-

mon's body, said in Washing-fon Friday: "I pusbed hard

North Korea has said

for a homecoming.

mvestigation.

Yonhap later carried an

depth," he said.

the release.

Mr. Richardson said he told President Bill Clinion Officer Hall would be released "very soon" and that there was "a decent chance that he would be released

before Christmas. North Korea said it hoped to resolve the problem of releasing the airman on a "humanitarian basis" but refused to specify when Officer Hall would be freed.

"They realise that if the issue is not resolved fairly quickly relations will be dam-Mr. Richardson said. aged."

He said the North Koreans showed no remorse for the downing of the belicopter or the death of Officer Hilemon. "Remorse is not part of their culture... their security is paramount."

U.S. officials say that if the issue drags on it could undermine recent diplomatic progress, in which Washington struck a deal aimed at ending North Korea's alleged nuclear weapons programme in exchange for the provision of modern nuclear reactors costing \$4 billion.

Fighting continues in Bihac as Bosnian ceasefire begins

SARAJEVO (R) — A cease-fire on which the United Na-lions hoped to build peace in Bosnia began Saturday but Croatian Serbs and rebel Muslims who did not sign the deal continued to attack the

beleaguered Bihac enclave. U.N. peacekeepers said fighting between Bosnian Serbs and Muslim-led Bosnian government forces fell dramatically in the 24 hours before the ceasfire took

effect at noon (1100 GMT).

The capital Sarajevo was peaceful despite three shots which rang out on the city's notorious "sniper alley seven minutes after the deadline but caused no casualties.

Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic and Bosnian President Alija Izetbegovic signed a seven-day ceasefire with the U.N. Friday and agreed to negotiate a fourmonth "cessation of hostilities" by Jan. 1.

If the ceasefire succeeds in halting almost 33 months of war, talks will resume on a big power peace plan to divide the country between Serbs and a federation of Muslims and Croats.

A trail of broken Bosnian ceasefires in the past prompted caution on the part of the big power contact group --the United States, Russia, Britain, France and Germany - promoting the plan.

The group said in a statement that talks would start only when the U.N. verified the ceasefire was working and the Serbs accepted the peace plan as a starting point

for negotiations.
The U.N. always knew the northwestern enclave of Bihac was the weak link in the ceasefire agreed after mediation by former U.S. President Jimmy Carter who

was invited to Bosnia by Mr. Karadzic this week in an effort to break months of deadlock in the peace pro-

The Muslim enclave has been the theatre of heavy fighting since October when government 5th Corps used it as a springboard to anack Bosnian Serbs.

The Bosnian Serb Army (BSA) counter-attacked with the help of neighbouring Croatian Serbs and rebel Muslims loyal to local warlord Fikret Abdic and opposed to Mr. Izetbegovic.

Although BSA commander General Raiko Mladic signed the ceasefire, the Croatian Serbs and Mr. Abdic's forces were not even invited to follow suit.

Ed Jospeh, a U.N. official in the Bihac enclave, said Croatian Serbs and Abdic forces fought with the 5th Corps Saturday south of Velika Kladusa, a town they captured earlier this month.

Bosnian Serb radio, quoting Mr. Abdic's Velikaton Radio, said the rebel Muslims were pressing south to 'liberate the whole of westem Bosnia.'

The fighting hampered the movement of United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) aid including a food convoy for the enclave's 180,000 people

which left Zagreb Thursday. But Bihac is essentially a sideshow compared with the broader war and diplomatic struggle between Bosnian Serbs and the Sarajevo government.

Mr. Karadzic ordered his forces to stop fighting Friday and U.N. spokesman Thant Myint-U said there was "a dramatic drop in military activity throughout Bosnia yesterday.

Among the last victims were three children killed in the northern Muslim town of Gradacac by shelling Friday in which four other people were wounded.

Mr. Thant said: "We are becoming satisfied but the ceasefire is something that can be broken any day. We want a much more differentiated cessation of hostilities which should be signed within the next week. After that, we have to move very quickly towards trying to get a political senlement.

The ceasefire agreement was boiled down to its essentials to remove issues over which the Serbs and Muslims have been wrangling for

These will be tackled as negotiators aim for a cessation of hostilities, under which U.N. peacekeepers will be deployed between the warring sides, by Jan. 1.

They include a Muslim withdrawal from the demilitarised zone on Mount Igman west of Sarajevo, the demilitarisation of Muslim enclaves on Serb territory and the exchange of prisoners of war and information about missing people.

The status of the peace plan, giving 51 per cent of Bosnia to the Muslim-Croat Federation and the rest to Serhs, will also be crucial.

Serbs reject the plan's amputation of much of their territory and economic resources and regard it merely as starting point for peace talks. Muslims insist it must be the basis for a settlement.

In Brussels, NATO Secretary General Willy Claes said in an interview any evacuation of the U.N. troops in Bosnia would be complex and bloody.

Mr. Claes fold the Dutch magazine Elsevier, in an in-tervier released Friday, that withdrawing the U.N. Protection Force (UNPROFOR) would internationalise the conflict and "would probably open the door to a parade of

Muslim troops. He said the U.N. must stay in Bosnia until there was a peaceful solution to the territorial conflict pitting Bosnian Serbs against the mainly Muslim Bosnian governmeni.

"Withdrawing the European blue helmeis would lead io an entirely uncontrollable situation." Mr. Claes said.

Military chiefs of countries contributing UNPROFOR troops met in the Hague this week to devise ways to shore up the increasingly arducus mission which faces widespread harassment, Some peacekeepers have been killed and others kidnapped.

At the same time, NATO has made contingency plans to send in a big force to evacuate UNPROFOR troops if their task hecomes impossible, hur NATO allies have recently played down the likelihood of a pullout, stressing instead the dire consequences of such a step.

Mr. Clacs acknowledged that cracks had appeared in the Transatlantic alliance over policy on Bosnia, and said this was the result of contradictions between the roles of peacekeeper and peacemaker.

But the said the fundamental solidarity of the links between the United States and its European NATO partners was not undermined by friction over Bosnia policy.

Tutsi party pulls out of Burundi government

BUJUMBURA (Agencies) not yet handed in their res-Burundi's main Tutsi poli-ignations must do so now," day that three grenades ex-ploded in Bwiza, the capital involvement. "We don't tical party announced Saturday that it was pulling out of the power-sharing government amid an outhurst of ethnic violence between Tutsis and majority Hutus.

Charles Mukasi, president of the Tutsi-dominated Union for National Progress (UPRONA), said the party was quitting the powersharing government in protest over the recent appointment of a contested Hutu politician as speaker of the National Assembly.

UPRONA accuses the speaker. Jean Minani, of having urged Hutus to kill Tutsis following the assassination hy the Tutsi-led military of Hutu President Melchior Ndadaye in October 1993 during an unsuccessful coup attempt. Some 50,000 Burundians,

mostly Tutsis, were killed in the violence that followed that assassination. But Mr. Mukasi acknow-

ledged that some of UP-RONA's members in the government, who include Prime Minister Anatole Kanyenkiko and six other cabinet ministers, were resisting party orders that they

resign.
"Those ministers who have

he said, adding that the portfolios are attributed to UP-RONA under a powersharing agreement with the Hutu-led Front for Democraev in Burundi in September.

Talks on resolving the crisis were continuing Saturday, officials said.

The UPRONA move came amid an outburst of fighting between Tutsi and Hutu militias which has left dozens dead and wounded over the past week and revived fears that Burundi was headed to the same ethnic carnage which left between 500,000 and one million dead, again mostly Tutsis, in neighbour-

ing Rwanda. That war broke out after the Hutu presidents of both countries were killed when their plane crashed in mysterious circumstances in the Rwandan capital Kigali on April 6.

The two countries have the same racial mix, about 80 per cent Hutu and 20 per cent Tutsi

Mr. Mukasi called on UP-RONA militants and the general population to remain peaceful despite the political

State radio reported Satur-

Bujumbura's northwest suburb where up to 30 people were killed in clashes earlier this week.

At least one person was injured in the explosions.

In the suburb of Buyenzi, two corpses with gunshot and bayonet wounds were discovered in the market. It was not clear when the victims had been killed.

Authorities said Friday they would try to persuade people to return to their homes in Bwiza and soldiers were allowing residents in but nobody out of the dismict. where looting of empty houses and shops had broken

But on Saturday, Hutus from Bwiza said they wanted to take refuge in Buyenzi, a district inhabited mainly by their clansmen. Zairean expatriates in the area said they were returning to their coun-

Violence has generally eased since the military began enforcing a dusk-to-dawn curfew Thursday night, but gunshots could still be heard overnight in the squalid. Hutu-dominated quarter of Kamenge — a stronghold for hardline militias.

know at what or who the Kamenge people shot," an officer from the mainly Tutsi army patrolling Kamenge

"It is useless asking people for information in this district because there is a code of silence. Anyone who is seen talking to the army or strangers is a traitor and traitors are shot at night," he told Reuters.

Outside the northern areas, most of the city has been quiet and people have been returning to work in the last two days.

State radio said President Sylvestre Ntibantunganya and his ruling party called late Friday for talks on the crisis with its main Tutsi opposition party, UPRONA.

The current crisis was apparently sparked by the Dec. 1 election of Jean Minani, a Hutu much disliked by the Tutsi opposition, to the post of parliamentary speak-

On Thursday, the U.N. Security Council called for a halt to violence in Burundi, fearing a repeat of the mass killings that gripped neighbouring Rwanda earlier this

Fire destroys Karachi garment. market

KARACHI (AFP) - An overnight fire gutted more than 300 shops in a secondband clotbing market in Pakistan's commercial bub of Karachi, already reeling from months of political and ethnic violence, witnesses and merchants said.

More than 320 small butlike shops and 13 large shops, all selling imported secondhand clothes, were destroyed in the three-bour blaze, said the president of a society of traders in the affected Social Security Market.

Ghulam Jalil said the fire. which started late Friday when all the shops were closed, caused losses worth millions of dollars. The cause of the fire in the

Banaras Colony in north Karachi was not known, but came several hours after a clash in the area between police and a group left at least two people dead.

Witnesses said police opened fire on a group accompanying a newly mar-ried couple after a wedding, but a police official said a friend of the groom had fired

Firing into the air in celebration is common at marriage processions here. and residents said this could bave accidentally triggered the clash. Later, people in the tense

area burned old tyres on the streets and erected barricades. Nearly 700 people have been killed in Karachi, the country's largest city and

financial centre, this year in

violence linked to political, ethnic and sectarian prob-In Islamabad, an official spokesman renewed Pakistani allegations that foreign agents were involved in the violence in Karachi, after police found the bodies of

four paramilitary soldiers who were kidnapped Thurs-

The gruesome murder of the rangers "substantiated apprehensions that there is a foreign hand behind (the) continuation of violence" in the port city, he said.

The spokesman did not name India, but Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto and other Pakistani officials have directly accused New Delhi of fomenting trouble in Karachi in retaliation for Islamabad's support for separatists in India's Kashmir re-

Scalfaro wins support on solving crisis confidence vote sponsored by

ROME (R) - Italin President Oscar Luigi Scalfaro Saturday won increasing support from the Northern League and the opposition for plans to steer Italy towards fresh elections, but not on Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi's terms. Mr. Scalfaro, refusing to

bendt to Mr. Berlusconi's demands for snap elections, wants to proceed with caution and make sure a new electoral system is in place before Italians vote again.

He believes the elections Berlusconi is demanding would be "a catastrophe" for the country, according to Interior Minister Roberto Maroni, a member of the federalist Northern League.

"The president's thinking is that elections should take place only after parliament has written the rules," said Mr. Maroni Friday after a meeting with the president. Mr. Scalfaro, the supreme

arbiter in Italian political crises, must decide whether to dissolve parliament and call immediate elections or seek a successor to Mr. Berlusconi to head Italy's 54th government since World War

The prime minister, who resigned Thursday rather than face defeat in a nothe league, wants elections 😓 soon as possible under the existing system.

Italians voted last March under a new first-past-thepost system which left a quarter of the 945 seats in the two houses of parliament distributed by proportional representation.

Most political groups agree the hybrid system did not produce the clear result they hoped for and needs refining.

Mr. Berlusconi said he is hoping to win Mr. Scalfaro over "with a series of argu-

Umberto Bossi, the leader of the League and Mr. Berlusconi's former ally who led the revolt that brought down the five-party coalition, said he firmly supported Mr. Scal-

"Right now, there is room only for an institutional government that can draw up new electoral rules." Mr. Bossi told state radio. "We cannot go to elections under the old rules. Massimo D'Alema, head

of the opposition excommunist Democratic Party of the Left (PDS), said Saturday in an interview with a private Italian radio station that snap elections were out of the question.

"We cannot destroy the country because of Berlusconi's hatred of Bossi, because he wants to punish him," he

said. The leaders of Italy's main trades' unions have also said they are opposed to early elections.

But Mr. Berlusconi said he gave Mr. Scalfaro a clear message at his resignation meeting that he should remain as caretaker prime minister in the run-up to polls which he is reported to want by late March or early April.

Mr. Scalfaro began formal consultations Friday, meeting his two surviving predeces-sors. Giovanni Leone and Francesco Cossiga.

Meanwhile, the neo-fascist National Alliance, a key i component of the outgoing, Italian government, has no plans for taking over the premiership after the resignation of Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi. the party's leader

said Friday. Expressing support for Mr. Berlusconi. Gianfranco Fini said no politician from the National Alliance or the Northern League could become prime minister because the government's central base continued to be the premier's Forza Italia party.





Three Liberian warlords sign a new peace accord in Accra, nearly five years after the conflict erupted. Pictured are Charles Taylor of the National Patriotic Front tleft! Alhaji

Kromah of the United Liberation Movement 3b and Armed Forces of Liberia chief of staff he Hezekiah Bowen (right) (AFP photo)

Ghali congratulates Ghana on Liberia pact

UNITED NATIONS (R) --U.N. Secretary-General Bourros Ghali Friday congratulated Ghana's president for thrashing out a Liberian peace agreement designed to end nearly five years of civil

The deal, was signed late Wednesday, in Accra, the capital of Ghana without any mediation from U.N. political envoys.

The chief U.N. representative, Anthony Nyaki of Tanzania, appointed on Nov. 22. is currently in New York, a U.N. spokesman said. Dr. Ghali, in a lener to flight Lieutenant Jerry John Rawlings. Ghana's president. said the agreement "would not have been possible without your personal determina-

But aware of the many ceasefires that have fallen apart in the past. Dr. Ghali said that he hoped "all the Liberian parties will abide by their commitments and that this agreement will herald an era of peace, national reconciliation and prosperity in

tion and persistence.

An estimated 150,000 people have died in civil war and plight anarchy in Liberia since rebels led by former civil ser ; to h vani Charles Taylor invaded from Ivory Coasi late in 1989.

The latest agreement builds on a deal signed by Mr. Taylor and two other main militia leaders in the Ghanaian town of Akosombo in September but which had civilian politicians dismissed earlier as a recipe for military

Sri Lankan rebels blow up bus, 5 soldiers killed

COLOMBO (AFP) — Tamil guerrillas Saturday blew up a bus carrying security forces in eastern Sri Lanka, killing at least five soldiers despite government plans to celebrate a New Year truce, military sources said.

Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eclam (LTTE) guerrillas exploded a landmine under the bus transporting troops between two army camps in the coastal Batticaloa district, killing the five soldiers and wounding 20 others. "So far we know that five

of our men bave died. About 20 are injured. There had been no firing by the Tigers after the attack. It seems to have been just a single mine." a military source said. No further details were immediately available about the Christmas Eve LTTE strike

but military sources said that

soldiers had launched a ma-

jor hunt for LTTE guerrillas

in nearby jungle following the attack. The latest attack came as the government awaited a response from the LTTE 10 a "reciprocal cessation of hostilities" before the resumption of a second round of peace talks next week.

This was the worst attack on security forces since Chandrika Kumaratunga became president in a landslide victory at presidential polls on To mark her inauguration as president, the LTTE de-

clared a seven-day unofficial ceasefire and eventually scaled down its attacks on security forces. Mrs. Kumaratunga initiated peace talks with the LTTE shortly after leading her People's Alliance to victory at the August parliamentary polls despite strong cri-ticism from hardliners in her

majority Sinhalese community and the military. However, in recent weeks, the militants have stepped up attacks on government forces, including a 45-minute mortar barrage Tuesday on the forward defences of the Karainagar Navy Base, kill-

ing a sailor. The military has claimed

virtual control of the sprawling eastern province after ridding the region of LTTE guerrillas two years ago. But the militants have been able to harrass troops with hit-

and-run attacks from jungle

The government had hoped for a Christmas ceasefire but a second round of talks scheduled for earlier in the week were delayed after LTTE criticism of Informa-tion Secretary Lionel Fernando, one of four government

Information Minister Dbarmasiri Senanayake told reporters earlier that communications were continuing between the two sides for "a cessation of hostilines" and for clarification on "certain

"Dates for a second round (of talks) will be fixed once we bear from the other side. It may be soon after Christ-mas," Mr. Senanayake said. LTTE-backed newspapers

in the north have accused Mr.

Fernando of being a corrupt

civil servant, prompting wide speculation that the rebels did not want Mr. Fernando for the talks. Mr. Fernando rejected the

allegations and said "vested

interests" were either trying

to undermine the peace effort

or force the government to

change the composition of the peace delegation. The state-run Daily News Saturday quoted Deputy Defence Minister Anuruddha Ratwatte as saying that a 'virtual ceasefire" currently prevailed in the northeast because there were no hostili-

ties "for sometime." The bus blast also dented hopes of religious leaders who had hoped for a season of peace in the New Year. In a Christmas Day mes-

sage, the bead of the Roman Catholic Church in Sri Lanka, Archbishop Nicholas Marcus Fernando called on Christians to pray for peace in the embattled region. saying hopes for peace were Rep

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Time of Hope

THIS YEAR'S Christmas season is distinctly different from all past years since we now have peace with Israel, and several Arab states are following suit. This should enable the occasion to be marked with real hope not only by Arabs and Israelis but also by the rest of mankind who look to Jerusalem and Bethlehem as holy cities free of war and destruction and open for worship to all Muslims, Christians and Jews.

Yet the divisions over the future of Jerusalem continue to haunt us and cast a shadow over all peace efforts. Jerusalem remains also a divided city even though Israel insists that it is a united city under its own jurisdiction. Even a short stroll in the Holy City would confirm what we have always suspected, namely, that East is East and West is West as far as Jerusalem is considered and never, it seems, shall the two worlds meet. The two sides of Jerusalem are so apart in every sense of the word that no amount of wishful thinking will succeed in uniting them.

Still, the new peace climate in the region promises to bring new and additional joys to all believers and this is what makes the outlook for 1995 more meaningful and bright. We therefore look at the future with more confidence and optimism, despite all the difficulties that lie ahead. The sooner the peace process becomes comprehensive comprising the rest of the concerned parties the sooner it would be possible to enjoy the full meaning of the positive change at hand.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

THE CONTINUING war between Lebanon and Israel is the best manifestation that comprehensive peace in the region is still far out of reach for its dinhabitants and renders all peace agreements with fithe Jewish state incomplete, said Mahmoud Rimawi. The writer said in Al Ra'i that it is true that Lebanon stands to lose much more than Israel in men and naterial, yet the Israelis continue to lose morally and in men and the war continues to stand out as a eminder that no stability or security can materialise is long as the Israelis continue to occupy Arab lands. The Lebanese resistance stands out alone in conrontation with Israel in defence of Lebanon's lands and in a bid to secure an end to occupation and to insure freedom, continued the writer. The Lebanese esistance, he added, still holds the military option and continues to use it regardless of the peace talks hat the Lebanese government might be involved in he course of the Middle East peace process, said the writer. The continued war, he stressed, reflects the act that the peace accords Israel is seeking with its Arab neighbours will remain fragile until occupation

L DUSTOUR daily Saturday welcomed the truce innounced between the Serbs and the Bosnians, xpressing hope that it would be perpetuated and yould end the suffering of the innocent civilian lopulation. The war in Bosnia made a mockery of ruman rights and international principles and exsosed a whole nation to extermination, said the raper. It said the ceasefire in Bosnia could mark the deginning of a rational dialogue in former Yugoslavia with the nurpose of attaining a final and lasting rettlement to the conflict. The past years of bloodmedding and armed conflict should convince the two des that through war no party can secure the upper and and there can be no victors but victims and evastation, added the paper. If the war is allowed to continue, it would set an example for other regional sonflicts based on ethnic, religious, sectarian or other considerations, which are detrimental to mankind.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

By Dr. Fahed Fanek

Jordan did not sign peace treaty for financial gains

THOSE WHO object to peace and the peace treaty with Israel should be the last to criticise the absence of economic benefits of peace. They had claimed that the treaty will further hurt Jordan in every respect. Now that none of their negative predictions materialised, we should remain on full alert to minimise any risk and prevent any damage they warn of.

Those who supported peace and approved of the treaty are now unfairly accused of having promised the people of Jordan that upon signing the treaty, milk and honey will become abundant, that the economy will prosper, the unemployment will disappear, and that poverty will be no

This is a false accusation. No one to my knowledge ever made such sweeping promises. The Jordanian media promoted peace but did not promise milk and honey. The thrust of their argument was that lack of peace is more harmful and risky to Jordan. Saving now that peace will no: turn the economic situation upside down, and will not solve all our economic problems, does not represent a retreat or reversal. We are still at the very first steps in the road of peace. The treaty is only several weeks old. It is too early to start to upgrade or downgrade predictions and promises in Of course, everybody has the right to expect milk and honey and end up in bitter disappointment or shock, but he or she has no right to blame his her mistake on others and, claim that he or she was deceived by the media or by efficial "misinformation."

It is true that peace gave rise to many expectations regarding the Jordanian economy, such as getting more water backy needed by the country, partial forgiveness of dept. softer conditions for debt rescheduling, higher arrivity in the tourism sector, more foreign grants, and an improvement in the investment climate following the removal of Israeli threats that we lived with for decades. A., this was stated in the past, and can be safely reiterated now, because it remains true. Part of those benefits was aiready fulfilled, but others take more time. However, the alleged claims that millions of dollars will be lavishly showered over our heads is something else, which no one claimed and could not be found except in the heads of those who were disappointed.

Pethaps the peace benefits, especially in economic terms, will turn out to be higher or lower than expected, and this is normal. Due to many inter-related factors, no One can accurately predict the future.

The support for the peace treaty was not based on pure economic considerations; therefore peace cannot be idged merely on economic terms such as the volume of foreign aid and soft loans that will flow immediately to the country. Peace was opted for as a political and national goal that will determine the future of Jordan, its national security, and its regional and international rule as a major player in Middle Eastern affairs, taking into account

well-known internal, Arab and international circumst-

The positive impact of an early treaty with Israel on the position of Jordan in the region can be seen upon evaluating the alternative situation it lordan were left behind, and outside the new political formula. One has to be blind not to see the positive present and future consequences of peace on the Jordanian economy. It may be true that the economic and financial benefits of peace may not be huge, or as good as we hoped for, but those who classify themselves as anti-treaty have a duty to prove the alleged political and economic damages, if any, inflicted on Jordan due to the treaty, if they are really motivated by the best interests of Jordan.

The Chechens and Russia: A hatred as old as the land

By Yo'av Karny

WASHINGTON - Exasperated about Russia's failure to crush Chechen resistance, a senior Russian bureaucrat addressed an urgent memor-

andum to his superiors. This could have happened last week, as the Red Army attacked the tiny, obstinate north Caucasian nation. Or it could have happened in February 1944, or October 1920. In this case, though, it was 1834, and the addressee was Emperor Nicholas I.

"The Chechens," wrote the Russian civil servant. spend their life plundering and raiding their neighbours, who hate them for their ferocity... Often punished by Russian arms, they are always ready to begin their crimes again... The only way to deal with this illintentioned people is to destroy it to the last... This would not be difficult, because their total numbers have greatly diminished."

Diminished they had, in no small measure thanks to the preless efforts of four Russian emperors since the days of Catherine the Great. Though Nicholas never approved the blueprint for a final solution" of the Chechen question, he proceeded to drown the Chechenya region in blood and carnage.

The Checheus were crusbed, their land was deforested, their yurts, or villages, leveled and uearly two-thirds of their population was left dead. Many others were driven into exile in the Ottoman-controlled Middle East, where their descendants live to this day. Those left behind grew

accustomed to gross mistreatment by whoever happened to occupy the Russian throne, be it a Romanov czar, a Bolshevik socretarygeneral or a democratically elected president.

Few people on the Russian land mass — or anywhere else, for that matter - have been victimised more often. In the winter of 1944, when Hitler was busy shipping Jews in cartle cars to Auschwitz, Stalin applied the same method to the Chechens: He ordered the overnight deportation of the entire population to the steppes of Kazakhstan and Siberia. They were accused, along with other Muslim nations, of fictious collective collaboraoon with the Nazis.

The nominally autonomous Chechen region was dismantled, and the spoils were divided among Russians, Ossetians and Georgians, all of them Christian. Soviet geographers were ordered to erase from the map any reminder that this ancient nation ever existed.

The Chechens, and their ethnic brethen, the Ingush, were meant to die. One-tiurd did. Those who did not owed much of their survival to their resilience, embodied in a mystical brand of Islam called

Summ. Often dended by Russia as "Islamic fundamentalism," has been the Chechen ultimate weapon. It combines the mibtant, purist notion of an Islamic lifestyle. a message of defiance in the face of adversity and an ex-traordinary formula for internalising one's rage. Central to Muslim practice in Checheya is an eestatic dance called zikr, tanght nearly 150 years ago by Kunta Haji, an illiterate shepherd who experienced a mystical revela-tion "ou the road to Bagh-

Kunta Haji is credited with helping the Chechen close their ranks, even at times of overwhelming defeat. Men of all ages would gather in publie, form circles, chant prayers, jump and shake their heads and arms. They would beseech God and his prophets to forgive their numerous sins and purify them. Emerging from a trance of an hour or more. they would find catharsis --In three weeks of travelling sometimes weeping or even

Imperial Russia, having just overcome the Chechen combat skills in barrie, was terrified by the nonviolent, self-oriented zikr. In 1864, Knota Haji was committed to a mental asytum. Zike was outlawed; performing it became a capital offense. Kunta Haji's followers were massacred or benished to Siberia.

But the Chechens's saga of

losing consciousness.

resistance was far from over. In 1877 they rose up in arms. In the early 20th century, they were briefly seduced by Lenia, whose emissaries sought to convert the socially egalitarian Chechens to commusison, but eventually pe-voiced against Bolsberraus in 1920 and gave the Red Amey a bloody none. Taby rebelled again in 1929 and in 1940. Throughout, that Chechers managed to preserve not only their traditional class system but their religious structure. Soviet and post-Soviet experts have greatly underestimated this phenomenon.

Stalin's 1944 deportation was reversed in 1957, but at no point did his successors see fit to offer an apology, let alone indemnities. The out-side world knew little of the plight of this isolated nation. Through the '70s, the Soviet government was to treat Grozny, the capital of Chechnya, as enemy territory, where nighttime curfews were imposed as a mat-

Outright batred of all matters Chechen are common to Russians, be they narrowminded nationalists or ostensibly tolerant liberals. Many who threw in their lot with the independencecraving Baltic states are disdrinful of equally independence-eraving

across Chechenya, I came across few Chechens who opposed their nation's independence. Many who vociferously objected to the present leader. Dzhokar Dudayov, still insisted that independence was not a plank in somebody's party platform, but a tenet of faith. Mr. Dudayev, a retired

Soviet general, proved to be too narcissistic, too temperamental and at times unaccessfully provocative. He evoked too often the historical figure of Sheikh Mansour, the heroic leader of Chechenya's first rebellion against Russia two confuries ago. In doing so, and in dealing brutally with his polinesi rivals, he made it much casier for Moscow to demonise him. Even worse, be played into the hands of proponeets of racist stereotypes. airdady prevalent in Russian worry.

Chechen prominence in Russian organised crime (talking of the "Chechen mafia" is how Russians give themselves a good chill on a hot day) allowed Moscow to portray Mr. Dudayev as a Caucasian Godfather.

Russian ministers talk of

Chechenya's transformation into a "free crime zone." Yet Russia has not hesitated to employ the good offices of convicted assassins and wellknown crime bosses in trying to undermine Mr. Dudayev. All along, Russia has failed to recognise the roots of the Chechen conflict: its own

mistreatment of the

Mr. Karny, an Israeli jour-nalist, recently spent three

months in the Caucasus and is writing a book about the region. This article is reprinted from The Washing

Freedom — What price?

CHECHENYA has always been intractable, rebellious, and troublesome. It has consistently displaced unruliness, rose up in arms, and repeatedly instigated uprisings - this is the Russian view. However, Chechenya is a small nation, very small in fact, a mere 19,000, square kilometres. As such, its voice goes unheard, its tragic history largely ignored, and is true identity barely recognised. Very few have cared enough to search for, and discover the truth. And that truth is that Chechenga is not Buseley recipients. Chechenya is not Russian territory, and its people are not oven Slavs let alone Russian.

If Chechenya is an "internal problem" within "Russian boundaries" as Kozyrav claims, it is so only through the

age-old motto of "might is right,"

After all, it is an undisputed fact that Chechenya is an occupied Cancasian land, its people are ethnic Caucasians who have inhabited that region for thousands of years. That the Russian occupation took place ever 130 years is beside the point, it is still an occupation. Anyone who cares to investigate will find history health. investigate will find history books full of vivid accounts of Chechen resistence to occupation beginning with Travist Russia in the 19th century, and ending with the Communist take over in 1918. No not really. As recent events have

tienmontrated, not ending... not by a long shorl
When Russia started infringing upon the Caucasus, the
Checkers, along with other Caucasian nationalities, ongaged in war against Russia to retain their land and their independence. They did it through all possible means; in the woods, on horse back, in villages, in valleys. They fought the Russians overy map of the way, inch by inch, with very little arms or fire power, and ever less manpower. With all its might and huge resources, it still took Russia over 80 years to subdate, and bring those people under their control. By then, the Chechens were reduced to 25 per cont their original numbers. The same atrocity was repeated by Communist Russia in 1945 in, if possible, more gruesome detail when the whole Chechen nation was uprooted and deported to Siberia. This time its population was cut down to 50 per cook.

It would do Russia good to switch to a different strategy to make reparations for its past mistakes, to keep in soint that the Chechen spirit is indomitable, and that sepeated attempts at crushing it will only result in further anguish and suffering, and not only for the Chechen people.

The Soviet Union has disintegrated. The Russian Federa-

tion, which is composed of many diverse ethnic groups unrelated to the Russians, in addition to the Russian progle, is held as a unit by sheer force only. The Caucana does not belong to the Russian nation, not physically, ethnically, and definitely not morally. It is about time for the Russian Federation to release its hostage nations, to unchain the proud Caucasus, to let the Chechens go!

N. Jubreal

N. 8 .

LETTERS

Lost but not found

To the Editor:

I WOULD LIKE to convey to the readers of the Jordan Times a warning — based upon personal experience — concerning the risks of shipping valuable items via Royal Jordanian Airlines.

On Sept. 13, I placed several boxes of household items along with two boxes containing the components of a desktop computer in the lands of the Royal Jordanian cargo agent in Chicago, to be shipped to Sanaa, Yemen. I myself was scheduled on the flight for Sept. 18 and was told that they would try to get it on the same plane. that they would try to get it on the same plane.

On Sept. 21 (in Sanaa) I received a call stating that my cargo had arrived. Upon arrival at the customs warehouse of Sanaa International Airport I started through the steps of claiming my belongings. Yet when the inspector opened the computer boxes, (to casual inspection appearing just as when I had dropped them them off in Chicago), inside along with the original Styrofoam packing — was one concrete block in each. The computer had been stolen.

A Royal Jordanian representative in Sanaa viewed the boxes and declared, when I asked him, that I needn't keep anything as evidence. I filed a report along with copies of the cargo waybill and customs papers with the cargo office in Sanaa, who sent everything on to Amman. I received assurance from Mr. Ali Hlayel, RJ's Yemen area representative, that I was due a replacement computer.

Since then more than two months have passed. The insurance company handling the case for RJ has asked that send them numerous items including the weights of the computer boxes, a copy of the computer purchase receipt (requested twice), pictures of the boxes as they'd arrived. and a sample of the tape from the boxes (instead, I had one of the coucrete blocks sent to Amman). Every week I receive a new request for information, but as yet there's been no indication of a replacement forthcoming. In fact, 1 finally received a call on Nov. 22, with the news that a reimbursement of \$572 was being of offered by RJ's insurance company (the computer cost was \$2,500 — less than the cost of a round trip ticked to the U.S.). From the beginning I have stressed that nothing short of a replace-

ment computer in my hands in Sanaa will be acceptable. If Royal Jordanian is truly concerned for its reputation, it would be an easy thing to simply replace the computer and then wait themselves for the insurance company to come

I bave flown many times with Royal Jordanian and know many businessmen who like me - as a direct result of this incident - are concerned about the salety of goods shipped via RJ, and will refuse to travel via Royal Jordanian in the future if this matter is not satisfactorily concluded. It is my desire that others learn form my experience and think twice before consigning their shipments to Royal Jordanian.

> James Hudson, Swedish Training Centre, Tazi. Yemen.

Editors note: The Jordan Times referred the above letter received on Dec. 6 to RJ management for comment on Dec. 21. We received the following response from RJ:

To the Editor:

Kindly note that RJ's Insurance Department has settled the complaint issue as per attach letter Ref: 7/2/1236 dated 16th. of Nov., 1994 (see below).

This settlement was based on international law and the Warsaw convention governing conditions of contract of

into account in determining carrier's limit of liability shall be only the weight of the package concerned." "Carrier's lizbility shall not exceed USD 20 or the equivalent per kilogramme of goods lost unless a higher value is declared by the shipper and supplementary charge

Item 6 of these conditions states: "In case of loss or

damage of part of the consignment the weight to be taken

Based on the foregoing passages we regret being unable to reconsider any additional amounts on the Hudson's

We do regret the inconvenience caused to Mr. Husdon.

Royal Jordanian wishes to pledge the offering of the best

Moh'd Hashim Murtada, Director Cargo.

Kindly pay to the order of ... MR JIM HUDSON P.O. Box 15320 SANAA-YEMEN.....

Sum of (USD 572.) equivalent to J.D. 393.825 being compensation competent to above for loss of CONTENTS OF TWO CTNS.

M. Abu Shmuis

Unhealthy bickering

To the Editor:

In his article entitled "Let history repeat used" : fordain Times, Dec. 24, 1994), Dr. Musa Kedani stopped short of Times, Dec. 24, 1994). Dr. Musa Kedani stopped that of equating the last days of the Arabs of Spani with the prevailing disunity among the Arabs of Spani with the It should be emphasised that the current backering about the Muslim holy sites in Jerusalem, if not stopped forthwith, could escalate into areas, which are far removed from being a healthy exercise between Muslims. And more so, it should be made clear that the party with more money, cannot, and should not be allowed to claim any licence of ascendancy simply because they happened to

any licence of ascendancy simply because they happened to possess huge financial resources. Where were the lords with money, when they were money less.

There is only one yard stick to measure one's concern with the sanctity of the holy sites. Certainly il is not that of Baal; but faith in the land, God and the teners of upotably

Ludwig W. Tampri.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from ins readers on any subject they wish to lackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should coulain the writer's full name and preferably natiress as well Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to esting. The newspaper er is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripes

¹BER 25-26, 1994

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A lambayegue mask from Peru (top)



and a latolita mask from Ecuador (below).

By Pascale Teinac

"In the past, the world was made of gold and the sky still is". This poetical description, taken from an Andine legend, could be used as an emblem for the sumptuous exhibition "L'Or des Dieux, l'Or des Andes" which presented some fabulous objects of pre-Columbian goldware throughout the summer in Metz in the East of France.

This exhibition, which was presented by the General Conneil of the Moselle De-partment and sponsored by UNESCO, is a real first. Never before had such a great number of gold objects been gathered together in Europe; 614 rare items coming from Peru, Ecuador and Colombia, provide a unique panorama of pre-Hispanic Audine metallurgy, from 1,300 B.C. till the Spanish conquest.

Today, these precious objects (jewellery, masks, sacrificial knives and votive statuettes) found in the tombs of princes or high priests of vanished civilisations, make up the gold-guarantees of the monetary reserves of the Central Banks of those three countries, where they are preserved and exhibited.

For the pre-Columbian peoples, gold was not tainted by any monetary connota-tions but it was directly linked to the Sun and was the reflection of a fervent dialogue with the sacred. Gold, which they called "the sweat of the Sun" while silver was "the tears of the Moon", was not a symbol of wealth but of

power, and its sheen, like the rays of the sun gave off energy which could be transmitted to humans, offering them light, heat, power and fecundity.

The Incas, who worshipped Inti, the Sun-God, religiously revered gold in a manner which had nothing to do with, the greed of the Conquistadors. The latter found nothing better to do than to melt down the treasures, decorating the royal palaces and the temples of the Sun built by the Aztecs in Mexico and the Incas in Peri,

for their weight in gold.

After the bloody raids by Cortes in Mexico and Pizarro in the Peruvian Andes, the Conquistadors brought back some 200 tonnes of melted down gold to Spain between 1521 and 1660, which was a tremendous treasure compared with the meagre 75 tonnes produced every year hy the nations of Europe.

The craze for gold which haunted the Conquistadors, as well as the wide-scale des-truction of "idols" ordered by the Christian priests, and the vandalism of graverobbers, meant that for centuries Europe knew nothing at all about the wealth of the civilisations which preceded those (the Mayas, the Aztecs and the Incas) destroyed by

the Spanish. Archeological excavations have fortunately made it possible to raise the veil on these remarkable pre-Columbian eivilisations. Thus, there was the astonishing discovery, in 1987, in the north of Peru, of the tomb of the "Lord of Sipan", L'Actualite en France

a high Mochica dignitary (from one of the richest Peruvian cultures) who lived in the 2nd or 3rd century A.D. The tomb has been faithfully recreated for the exhibition in Metz in the church of Saint-Pierre aux Nonnains which is the oldest church in France

Egypt, the Lord of Sipan, a warrior-priest, had been buried in a wooden coffin with a bar of gold in his mouth, covered in all kinds of. gold objects. These include masks, plates, necklaces, earrings with turquoise inlays, nose ornaments, an anthropomorphic sacrificial knife (the famons Pernvian 'tumi"), a helmet and a crescent-shaped tiara. At the head, and food of the sareophagns, eight other skeletons were found, including those of the lord's two wives or favourite concubines, a child, two warriors and a dog (whose vocation is to guide souls), as well as the remains of llamas which had been sacrificed. A terrifying detail is that the skeleton of a guardian with amoutated feet was also found. It is the symbol of the eternal sentry who would never run away. More than 1,100 anthropomorphic ceramics (a big and beautiful speciality of the Mochica culture) were also found in this exceptional

The gold rush was also prevalent in Columbia, the land of "El Dorado", the man "covered in gold" whose legend led thousands of golddiggers to futilely rush to Lake Guatavita.

Colombia (151 objects), Ecuador (16g) and Peru (295), their museums and, above all, their private and public banks proved to be very generous with their

Moving from one displaycase to another, wonders what to admire the most among these objects from about twenty different cultures: Lambayeque, Inca (Peru), Carchi affd La Tolita (Ecuador) funeral masks, Mochica, Chimn (Peru), Tolima and Tairona (Colombia) breast-plates and pendants, Nasca (Peru) headdress ornaments, Inca (Peru) and Muisca (Colombia) 'voombia) hair-removal tweezers, Lambayeque gobletvases ("keros") and so many

other remarkable items. At any rate, the big winners are the marvellous pre-Columbian goldsmiths who, the second century B.C., have revealed incomparable craftsmanship in all goldware techniques.

They invented circ perdue casting. They already worked platinum before our era whereas Enropeans only started to do it in the 18th century and they skilfully practised the art of hammering, reponssé, chiselling, filigree, incrustations, gild ing, polishing, burnishing and other techniques of working gold - the gold of the gods



Apartment buildings in Amman - how good is the finish?

What is this, a city, or a maze of stone blocks?

By Ian Atalla

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - For building contractor Elias Baddour, a drive through Sweifiyeh, one of Amman's more recently-built commercial districts, is like a textbook lesson in chaos. "You'd think Sweifiyeh is 60-yearsold by the way it looks, not 10," he says. ...

Besides haphazard planning of streets and car parking allocations, the quality of building is so poor, Mr. Baddour maintains, that "even those who know nothing about the construction business complain ab-Both Mer Baddoum and

several lengineers who spoke with the fordan Times believe Sweifiyeh is. one glaring example of a widespread problem among 'Amman's private sector construction projects. They aintain that significant numbers of landowners and real estate investors, mainly those planning to build medium to small-scale projects snch as apartment complexes and office buildings, regard close adherence to Jordanian building codes and the full supervision of qualified engineers as unjustifiable expenses.

"They believe engineers are something imposed on them by law, rather than an essential service," says Laith Shubeilat, the president of the Jordanian Engineers Association (JEA). Such owners and investors would grudgingly accept to pay a registered engineer for the minimum level of draft plans necessary to obtain a licence for their project at the municipality, Mr. Shubeilat says. But after that, any additional engineering services, such as

Rather, be maintains,

reliable working draft plans for the building or on-site supervision of actual construction are seen by many as "expenses which benefit the engineers' pockets

Efforts by owners to trim down what they see as unnecessary costs also include utilisation of engineers and building contractors who are not licenced by the JEA or the Jordan Contractors Association, says Mr. Baddour. He estimates that such was the case in "perhaps 20 to 25 per cent of the construction projects in Amman."

Amman has a substantial number of unlicenced, low-rate contracting firms which do "substandard work and" cut corners on the finishings," according to Suhail Halabi, semor project manager for Consolidated Construction Company. As for those who might take the place of a licenced engineer in supervising a construction project, Mr. Baddour says, examples would be a newly graduated engineering student not yet approved by the JEA, or "a superintendent with 20 years of working experience in construction but no formal train-

Snch aggressive and sometimes technically illegal cost-cutting, leading to fanlty quality, is extremely rare to non-existent in public sector building projects and larger-scale private projects such as shopping mails and banking centres, where "you find very high standards due to strict supervision and execution,' Mr. Halabi says.

these cases are found among the smaller private sector projects, usually apartment buildings, where you may be shocked by both the standard of the design and the finisbings," particularly if the owner or investor "wishes to sell the apartments for a higher margin of profit and could care less about the stan-

dards,' A major example of such poorly finished construction, says Mr. Baddour, lies among the large number of apartments built immediately following the Gulf war, when many landowners and real estate investors moved to cash in on the huge numbers of Kuwait returnees, looking

for housing. - None of the experts who talked to the Jordan Times was aware of any in-depth study on the subject, but Mr. Halabi's personal, qualified estimate was that roughly 50 per cent" of the apartments built during the post-Gulf war construction boom "are suffering from subgrade finishings.

A large number of these

apartments were not only causing serious headaches for their creators and occupants alike but are costing 'several hundred dinars monthly," according to Mr. Halabi, due to faulty electrical wiring, plumbing, leaky ceilings, poor insula-tion, etc. There are also hundreds of other poorly finished apartments which "still lie empty and unsold" due to lack of interest in them by potential buyers or renters, according to Mr. Baddour.

Despite some hard words for those dealing in medium and small-scale construction projects in Amman, Mr. Baddour, Mr. Halabi and Mr. Shubeilat all firmly

agree that basic structural integrity and safety of buildings throughout Amman is not a risk factor. The Dec. 10 collapse of a fivestory apartment building under construction in Nazzal suburb, much publicised in the local media, was "an extreme rarity," says Mr. Shubeilat, and such a case is highly unlikely to occur again at any time in the foreseeable future inside Amman.

The predominant use of stone and cement in local construction projects rather than flimsier materials such as lumber plays a sizeable role in limiting the possibility of structural failure, Mr. Halabi says. In addition, he notes, Jordan's legal codes regarding basic structural safety of buildings are rigorous. Construction in progress is subject to strict onsite checks for structural integrity by the Civil Defence Department (CDD), he says, and any engineer who supervises a building project is fully responsible for the building's safety for a period of 10 years after its

Thus, concludes Mr. Halabi, "the problem is not safety - even the poorly designed apartments in Amman are still very safe." "No, we are not in a

completion.

disaster zone by any means," says Mr. Baddour. "And the problems are not in the form of a tragedy. The problem is consumers finding a real lack of quality in terms of finishings and utilities, and suffering materially for it."

One prominent engineer, however, is more sceptical about structural quality of / buildings in Amman as well as Jordan as a whole, for several specific reasons.

The director of the Royal Scientific Society's Building Research Centre, Seyfeddin Muaz, says that some 80 steel buildings throughout Jordan had collapsed or suffered severe structural damage under the strain of unusually heavy snowfalls in the winter of 1991, among them a bus hanger, factories and warehouses. When the Building Research Centre investigated, he says, we found the main reason for these events was that the owners hadn't followed the codes."

Although sections of the Kingdom's building codes set out specifications meant to provide for endurance under severe weather con-ditions and even earthquake tremours, "many; people, as well as decisionmakers, are not taking [these codes as seriously as [they should," Dr. Muaz maintains.

Finally, he pointed out, r structural problems in g buildings do not usually fully manifest themselves until five to seven years after construction had been completed. Thus, he maintains. the verdict is not yet com- > pletely in as to the structural quality of buildings in Amman which have been constructed after the Gulf

As for small-scale construction in the private sector, standards of quality are likely to be on the rise, says Mr. Baddour, "as the lack? of availability of good apartments has created heightened awareness about the issue throughout the market."

"The JCA and JEA are cracking down on violators. I must admit," he says. "In 1994, they succeeded a lot in improving the situation."

Towering, prehistoric still alive down under

SYDNEY (Agencies) - scientists have discovered a real-life Jurassic Park. There are no dinosaurs in this lost world - just 39 prehistoric pine trees that were thought to have been extinct.

The trees, related to a species that existed I50 million years ago, have been found west of Sydney, but the New South Wales government said Wednesday that it would keep their exact location secret to ensure their safety.

The previously unknown trees, some measuring 40 metres tall and three metres in diameter, are in a deep gorge in the Wollemi Nation-al Park, about 200 kilometres west of Sydney in the Blue Mountains. They have been named the Wollemi Pines. "The discovery is the

equivalent of finding a small dinosaur still alive on Earth," said Carrick Chambers. director of the Royal Botanic Gardens. He said Wednesday that the only other discovery of its kind was in 1944, when another prehistoric tree species was found in China.

"It really is a living fossil," said Barbara Briggs, the in-stitution's scientific director. A National Parks and Wildlife Service officer. David Noble, came across the trees while exploring a 600-metre gorge in the park

August. the are the are there's "Initially, I didn't think it ity sense and from a fire there's in August.

was anything new," he said. The trees, covered in dense, waxy foliage with distinctive bubbly bark that makes them look as if they are coated with brown chocolate, occupy a tiny -5,000square-metre grove of prehistoric rain forest in the 500,000 hectare park.

So far, 23 mature trees and I6 younger ones have been found, making them also among the world's rarest plants. The oldest tree is believed to be from 200 to 300 years old.

While the trees can be identified as pines, or conifers, their closet relatives are extinct plants only found in fossils from the Jurassic and Cretaceous periods about 65 million to 200 million years ago, said Ken Hill, a botanist with Sydney Gardens.

"This is probably one of the most significant botanical finds of this century." Mr. Hill said . "It's a very exciting find." .

The discovery of the trees had been kept a secret with only a few scientists notified, but a Sydney newspaper broke the story, prompting the New South Wales government to confirm their exist-

"Their location is going to a good lay's walk for any-be kept secret and we will be. ensuring that, both in a secur-the are There are no paths Their location is going to be kept secret and we will be.

protection point of view, be cause we don't want this unique area trampled upon or damaged in any way," said the New South Wales environment minister, Chris Hartcher.

"The fact that such a large plant can go undiscovered for so long is a clear indication that there is more work to be done before we can say we understand our environ-

ment" he added.

Ms. Briggs compared the discovery of the pines to those of the coefficienth fish in 1938 off Madagascar and the dawn redwood free in 1944 in China.

Once, the Wollemi Pines Once, the Wollemi Pines would have covered vast areas of the world, but as the climate changed the few remaining trees survived only in this dainp, protected gorge.

This is plant family that was widespread, including the northern hemisphere, she said before the "great extinction when "we lost the dinosant."

"It's been in a very sheltered seed and I think it's escaped sie for a very long time," the said.

It's cremely inaccessible, "It's Haracher said. "It's

By Julie Myerson 🧦

It is Sunday and we've driven to a seaside town to see a friend's baby christened.

By inclination I am more agnostic than atheist, but still believe in God. Regret because, as always, the sight of family and friends gathered in a bush of finery around a font moves me - sends a sweet; romantic shiver down

my-spine. We "christened" (there's no other, better word) our own three babies in the garden, elected "god-parents" and celebrated their births as something special and good, to be shared with the people we love. That was our own secular version, though I've also taken my vows as a godmother in church and I did not bave a problem with

Well, not until now. But bere we are on this sunny, wintry morning and from our chilly pew at the front, I watch the baby's bobbing head. It is the softest, most vulnerable thing, the pulse visibly bearing where the bones of the skull have not, at five months, quite fused logether.
She sapparently just cut a

first, early tooth and a glistening line of dribble runs from gum to white lace robe. I'm doing my usual thing of # --

Babies are born pure works" or "carnal affections"

my children that size and weight and softness again, when I hear the vicar's monoregret that I cannot or do not y tone invoking the godparents to renounce on the baby's behalf "the Devil and all his works" and pray "that all carnal affections may die in him" (bim" being the baby).

· It never used to bother me this Christian premise that "all men are conceited and born in sin." This Public Baptism of Infants - in which, let's face it, most of our friends participate - is principally about "sanctifying" the child and "washing away" his "sin," so that be can be received into Christ's holy church, "that thing which by nature," according to the Book of Common Prayer, "he cannot

Well, I'm sorry, but I know that my babies were born both holy and clean. The question of bow clean they remain will doubtless depend upon all sorts of things - not least, the way we bring them up - but, nevertheless, I have never seen anything quite as squeaky clean as a brand new baby.

And we are each entitled to our own perceptions of evil and its manifestations, but I find it repulsive to speak abaching inrealistically to have out the "Devil and his or even "sin" with reference to a seven-pound child. The service ends with the

baby screaming beartily and I'm with her. I stop my threeyear-old using the kneeler as a launch pad and we go and eat the stickiest, pinkest cake you've ever seen. Later the same week, my

partner - who sits as a Youth Courts magistrate comes home from a conference where Sir Ivan Lawrence, chairman of the Home Affairs Select Committee, was the opening speaker. Expounding on the be-

nefits of the new prisons for the very young - we're talking about 14-year-olds here Lawrence apparently proclaimed like a medieval witch-ducker that some people are actually born evil. This is a man influential in

framing the new Criminal Justice Act, which will make it legal to lock these children away in Secure Training Units — a euphemism for prisons for kids — last seen in this country more than IOO

years ago.
"But," I say to partner, my mind still uneasily full of Sunday's church christening; "that means he thinks a proportion of babies are evil?"

"Ouite." He stirs the risotto with a fed-up, what-cando-about-these-people laugh. It seems to me that Sir Ivan

is wrong — not to mention misguided. But what I'm beginning overwhelmingly to feel is that the language of wrong-doing and punishment is a minefield, where such words as "evil" and "devil" are apt to explode in your face. And that - wellintentioned as it may be religious-speak only adds to When our five-year-old

brought a re-telling of Noah's Ark home from school, we found ourselves highly uncomfortable with a story which maintained that Man was so sinful that he deserved to be all but wiped out by God. Whether or not you believe, how do you justify to a five-year-old a world where people are so sinful they deserve to die? It's our old friend "the Devil and his works" again.

Interestingly, my partner goes on to tell me that the Scottish system for bandling young offenders is entirely different from the English one. Whether the child needs to be taken into care or has committed a crime, he is dealt with in exactly the same The Independent

AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED AND PERSON NAMED AND PERSON NAMED ASSESSMENT OF THE PERSON NAMED AND PARTY OF THE PERSON N

way in just the same court a court whose only interest is an the "needs of the child, no FP the deeds."

Moreover, the Scots have no intention of sending 13 vear-olds to Secure Training Units, maintaining that the merely confirm in these kidthe perceptions they have o themselves.

And, speaking of percepanons, I don't believe any ord the well-meaning, liberato people crowding around tha 1d font on Sunday believed the baby needed to be "released":rfrom sin or to renounce thes-'Devil," any more than I did to If you want your childin accepted into the church, fin.k. — but isn't it nime all theab foul, fearful language and the he crude metaphor was itself re be nounced?

Back chez Myerson, thut, story of Noah and the faces. that we could not condon to God's flood, led to a feist our bedtime debate about the treatment of baddies and wh putting them in prison was phight

bad thing. "We try hard not to sen; to h them there," the socially hopeful-magistrate-fathe told his son. "We try to thin!

of something else.' "What sort of thing?" the five-year-old wanted to know. "Setting the dogs of them?"

Ab Well.

U.S. economy to slow but to avoid recession — OECD

United States looks set to experience slower economic growth oext year and in 1996 but the world's biggest economy should avoid recession. the Organisation for Econo-

mic Cooperation and Development (OECD) has said.
In its semi-annual World Economic Outlook, the Paris-based OECD also forecast higher U.S. inflation over the next two years and projected that the Federal Reserve (Fed) central bank

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rates even further to contain

The U.S. ceotral hank has raised rates repeatedly sioce February to curb inflationary pressures in the booming U.S. economy and to extend the economic expansion.

The OECD, which acts as a think-tank for rich industrial oations, generally believes the Fed will succeed in that task. But it foresees a more rocky landing for the economy in the run-up to the 1996 presidential election than the Clinton administration currently does.

For 1995, the organisation expects the U.S. economy to expand by 3.1 per cent. This is slower than the 3.9 per cent growth expected for this yeare hut faster than the 2.9 per cent rate the OECD had forecast just a month ago for

Growth is likely 10 slow further in 1996 to two per cent as higher interest rates hit consumer and husiness

Unemployment could rise siingtly as weli.

However, huovani exports will help cushion the economy and prevent 3 reces-

"A sharp turnaround in... exports could help the current external deficit to stop growing by 1996 for the first time since 1991." the organisation said.

"External demand is being stimulated by a weak dollar

and stronger markets in ma-

The OECD expects shortterm interest rates to rise term recent levels of around per cent to h.? per cent in the second half of next year before levelling off.

But the higher rates will not be caough to prevent a rise in inflation, as measured shy the gross domestic product deflator, to 2.5 per cent

the attention of top foreign mining companies. Newmont

Gold of the United States has

applied for an agreement to

explore a large area on north-em Lucon mand and Austra-

ha's Western Mining is ex-

plonn; for gold in five areas

on seathern Mindanao is-

"When those two com-

pames come in there will be

a chain :saction among com-

pames in the industry." Mr.

analyst at Abacus Securities.

said the entry of foreign min-

ers will see: more competi-

tion as local companies seek

"The out wit is very opti-

The Mmes Boreau said

155 kilogrammes against

gold output in 1993 was

25,679 kilogrammes in 1992.

Silver output was 28,043

kilogrammes in 1993 against

22.755 kilogrammes in 1992

contrates rose to \$50,200 ton-

nes in 1903 from 491,747 in

1992, but in the first mine

months of 1934, a had fallen

to 301,185 from 402,600 in

the same period in 1993

Production of copper con-

joint venture agreements.

missie," she said

Trist. Gutterrez, an

dereco wid

next year and 3.2 per cont in 1996, from two per cent in 1994, the OECD said.

It expects inflation to quicken because the economy has little, if any, spare capacity left with which to accommodate above-trend conomic growth.

However, OECD chief ccocomist Kumiharu Shigehara told a news conference in Paris that timely measures taken to ward off infla-

Full-year projections for 1994 and 1995 were not avail-

Industry officials said min-ing companies should consid-

er expanding smelter capabil-

ity to take advantage of strong demand from China,

which needs chormous

amounts of copper for its

commonications and trans-

At the moment, all Philip-

ne copper concentrates are

Exploration could lead to

Ten years down the road,

the opening of new mines

that would come on stream

we can become again the

leading producer of copper and gold in Asia. We can

increase our share of export

earnings to 25 per cent from

the current six per cent by the

end of the 10-year period,"

The Philippines, once one of the world's top 10 gold

producers and now around

15th, has also barely touched

its other mineral resources. It

has major deposits of nickel,

cobalt and chromite that have

not been developed

he said

by 2000, Mr. Muyeo said.

shipped to Japan for smelt-

portation needs.

terest rates would not need to

rise by as much as they did in

rious economic cycles. He added that if the dollar pursued recent gains, there would be a welcome dampening effect on demand, which would help keep inflation

Asked about President Bill Ctinton's plans for middle-class tax cuts, Mr. Shigebara said: "Broadly speaking, and conomists, we would argue that it is better for the United States to go towards greater reliance on indirect taxes."

Vic

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HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The Moon sexule Pluto and Japaner will help to make this a Special Consumes for you and yours and help you with your communications as you improve conditions as bosse

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Try to understand worldly affairs better in the morning. Plan the future more intolligently. Have a fine family dinner tonight.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Early study right principles, and later contact those persons who can assist you to become more aful and better known.

GEMENE: (May 21 to June 21) Take care you do not lek your mate in any way in day bours. Then the evening can be spend happily together with a romantic dinner.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Concentrate on how to have better relations with a stubborn partner, and then put your

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Plan how to be more succeeded at your tasks during the week. Be with charming persons. Take any needed health treatments to feel your best.

VERGO: (August 22 to September 22) Plan ontertalisments for the days ahead but loss expensive once than usual. Get in feach with friends for a very good time.

LIBRA: (September 2) to October 23) Be more concer monotency affects in the enoming. But get out later find wish featinable friends. Road your newspaper to hosp informed. SCORPEC: (October 23 to November 21) Get into spicitual studies which can be helpful to your advantament. Invite into seasing persons into your home in the evening.

SACITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) it is important that you are practical during the daytime. Contact some higwig who can make you in the new week.

CAPRICORNI (Decombre 32 to January 36) Contentrate on your personal dealers in the daysine and later plan how to become more prosperous in the days sheed.

AQUARIUS: (Inneary 21 to February 19) Sk in the quiet of your study and sealyse your hopes and ambitions and make right plans for the future so you have be very successful. PESCES: (February 30 to March 30) You have personal desired

which need further analysis is the moveling so you are same they are truly what you want for future activities.

Birthstone of December: Turquoise - Zircon

Yugoslav parliament approves 1995 budget

BELGRADE (R) — The Yugoslav parliament adopted Friday a 2,128 billion dinar (\$1.5 billion) hudget of which a lion's share was allocated for the army.

The budget, counting oo

zero ioflation and price stability in 1995, was highly restrictive, experts said. The budget allocation for the Yugoslav army was 1.611 billion (\$1 billion), 76.2 per cent of the bodget or 7.5 per

cent of the gross domestic prodoct. The budget allocation for the army is about the same level as this year, analysts

said. Most of the funds are earmarked for wages and improvement of the army officers' standard of living, which has dropped to almost subsistence level in the past two years, authoritative sources

told Reuters. Budget allocations for the army in former Yugoslavia were usually as high as 90 per

MEXICO CITY (AFP) -

Mexico's falling peso has sent

the prices of some goods soaring as much as 60 per

cent, leading Mexican Presi-

dent Ernesto Zedilloi to

The sudden crisis on the

which became the

appeal for help in avoiding

financial markets is rocking

darling of emerging markets funds after the North Amer-

ican Free Trade Agreement

(NAFTA) with the United

States and Canada took

Yet an oprising in the southeastern state of Chiapas

oo that same day, political

assassinations and a nagging

feeling that the Mexican peso

was overvalued have weighed

Specialists have estimated

capital flight for December

new Tuesday, wheo the gov-

ernment annoooced it was

alooe at about \$6 billion.

5 per cent devaluation.

effect Jan. 1.

on investors.

panie and psychosis."

With the collapse of the former Yogoslav federation in 1991, the ensuing disintegration of the single Yugos-lav market and U.N. sanctions with their ecocomic downfall, the army was forced to sbare in the deprivation suffered throughoot rump Yogoslavia comprising

Serbia and Montenegro. The federal bodget will account for only 9.85 per cent of the gross domestic product, about the same as this

The federal government said it was a deficit-free budget since the National Bank of Yugoslavia (NBY) stopped financing the federal

treasury in July. The new budget will be financed from taxes (55.4 per cent), duty and import tariffs (26.9 per cent), exit taxes for Yugoslav citizens paying for travelling ahroad (9.3 per cent), federal administration taxes (2.6 per cent) and various other federal administration income (4.5 per cent).

ernment announced an

emergency plan to allow the

peso to float freely against the U.S. dollar for 60 days

and the currency dropped

another 30 per cent. The peso

rency was on a so-called

crawling peg, which means it

was devalued by a small.

carefully controlled amount

Finaoce Minister Jaime

Efforts to prop up the cur-

Serra Puche defended the

step as a way to save the few

reocy have depleted the

country's reserves, which

dropped from \$24.6 billion a

year ago, to \$14 billion last

An agreement Thursday

business leaders and some

unions that prices and salar-

the wayside almost im-

month and to just \$6.5 hillion

reserves left to Mexico.

its value this week.

each day.

currectly.

Troubles burst into public between the government,

videning the peso's trading ies would be frozen for 60

nand — essentially allowing a days seems to bave gone by

has lost nearly 60 per cent of

Previously, Mexico's cur-

Early Thursday, the gov- mediately.

Philippine mining industry looks to better 1995

MANILA (R) — The Philippine mining industry, which has seen its workforce more than halved in the past three years, should snap out of the doldrums in 1995, government and industry officials

have said. Joel Muyco, director of the government's Bureau of Mines and Geosciences, said surging world metal prices coupled with the expected approval of a new mining law will encourage the entry of foreign companies to the in-

dustry. "The sector is poised for a big leap. We're coming out of the doldrums. I consider 1995 as the start of the strong influx of foreign exploration companies into the country." he said.

"We're bullish about a strong recovery next year. added Deogracias Contreras. executive vice-president of the Philippine Chamber of

Inefficient management and a recession have savaged the industry, which in the 1970s used to contribute up to 25 per cent of the Philippines' foreign-exchange earn-

A spot check of stores

found that prices of home

appliances, clothing, furni-

ture and food shot up be-

tween 15 and 30 per cent as

sellers sought windfall pro-

fits, Vendors even hiked the

raphie videos by 30 per cent.

economie trouble, in particu-

lar a current account deficit

of \$25 billion and a \$24 bil-

lion trade gap. The trade

deficit has soured since NAF-

made new President Ernesto

Zedillo's government budget obsolete for the oext year.

There had been predictions

that inflation and growth

would both be four per cent

next year — something now

The devaluation could, pa-

radoxically, bring the trade

deficit down by making the

prices of Mexican products

more attractive to buyers.

But it could also push up the

cost of production and has

considered impossible.

The peso's plunge has

TA took effect on Jan. 1.

There are other signs of

Some 15,000 out of the 28,000 workers in the coontry's top mining companies have lost their jobs since

1991. Atlas Consolidated Mining and Development Corp. which used to be the top copper mine in the region. laid off 4,000 workers and closed its mines in August 1993. There is now a plan to reopen them.

Industry officials laid the blame on rules that limited foreign firms to a 40 per cen: equity in mining ventures, steep production costs and soft metal prices.

The new mining iaw. approved by the lower house and expected to pass the senate early in the new year, will allow foreign mining firms up to 100 per cent equity

It will also allow them to recover their investments before sharing profits. Another measure approved in June will reduce exerse taxes to a maximum of two per cent from five per cent. Mr Muyeo said.

The new rules have drawn

aiready pushed up interest

The stock market leapt at

news of the free float, gaining

102.59 points (4.66 per cent)

to 2,306.26 on Thursday. It

rose another 1.07 per cent

points to 2,330,90 points.

at her cent netore

rebounding

dence.

jittery nerves.

ceived badly.

Wednesday it shed nearly

Analysis said Friday that

the dizzying drop of Mexico's

peso has sent chills down the

spines of investors with

money in the Latin American

powerhouse but Mexico City

is moving to restore confi-

Finance Minister Puche

attended a meeting at the

Federal Reserve branch in

New York attended by some

70 officials from banks and

mutual funds invested in

Mexico io hopes of calming

But the oews that the peso

"People were really very

angry." said Micbael Pettis of

would be floated was re-

rates and the price of gold.

Mexicans fight economic panic as devaluation sends prices soaring the investment bank Weston Groups Menco's handling of

> ican government's credibility pato quanton, sapalite. Posts. Mexican authorities had said repeatedly that they mouse acteng the pest, when though most analysts ownsi-

the decision to first allow the

peso to drop 15 per cent on

Tuesday and then allow it to

flow freely called the Mex-

dered it overvalued. As a sign of deteriorating confidence in Mexico, the financial rating firm Standard and Poor's announced Friday it was lowering its rating for the peso and putting its longterm foreign debt on a credit

Watch. Standard and Poor's (S and P) said that it lowered the rating because of Mexico's difficulty in financing its curreot account deficit given the peso's plunge and the difficulties now facing President Zedillo in hitting targets of four per cent inflation and economic growth.

The peso had been trading at 3.46 to the dollar oo Mon-

day but dropped to 5.10 to the dollar on Friday

But S and P's Pablo Scheffel said that despite the downgrade that Mexico's economy was basically healthy. "Clearly it's not a desperate situation." he said. "I am caubously optimistic."

Moves to tighten credit and cut the Mexican government budget - which the International Monetary Fund said Thursday it was pleased with - could restore investor confidence, said Mr. Scheffel.

Lawrence Summers, the under secretary of the treasury for international affairs, urged investors to concentrate on Mexico's sound economic fundamentals, particularly the balanced government budget and independent central bank.

'He also pointed to the williogness of some governments, corporate and union groups to agree to a 60-day salary and price freeze despite the price hikes inevitably associated with a de-

HOROSCOPE

PORECAST FOR MONDAY, DECEMBER 34, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES. Handle a civic affer wisely without taking risks and if you want to make the acquaintance of those you admire most you are going to need to be the one that takes the inclusive and speaks first.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) lingortest you get responsibilities headled even through you want to be with good friends. Spend time with friends later in the day or topight.

TAURUS: (April 30 to May 20) Avoid a jealous partner. Look mico new methods which can bring you granter advancement. Make the evening happier for your loved ones.

CEMENE: (May 21 to June 21) Do only the tasks which are outseary. Concentrate on whatever can bring you more success and income. Business before pleasure now.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Some special thought for your mate can bring line counts. Be more modern in dealing with usiness contacts and associance.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Contact the most progressive persons of your acquaintance and listen to ideas for your big advancement. Show your great ability.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You can get into new recreational activities which you have not enjoyed before this. Drive carefully today and tonight on the highway.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Be more pliable with you mate and be happier tonight. Show that you have your feet squarely on the ground with those in charge. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) The activities at home are

very interesting at this time so go along with them. Be very charming with the bigwigs in authority. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Handle correspondence well and add a bit to humor to them. Be very happy at a

social event in the evening with your loved one. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Study your property and know what can be added to it to make it more charming and

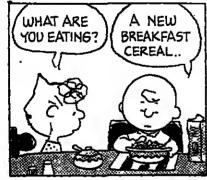
valuable for you in the long run.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You have some elever ideas now that should be put in operation, even if others do not agree with them or have some uncertainty.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You have secret aims which should be pushed now for good results. Be very active all day. Be thoughtful and kind to those under your roof.

Birthstone of December: Turquoise - Zircon

Peanuts









Indy Capp







lutt'n'Jeff



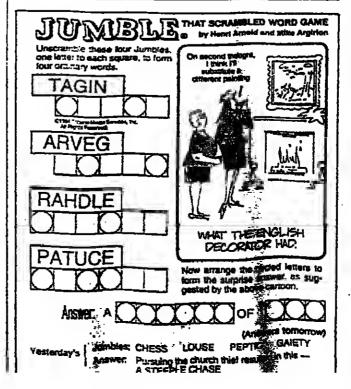








"How could you possibly be bored with our relationship? We've got 50 different channels to talk about!"





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Med-Dead canal seen better than Red-Dead

☆☆A study by the Japanese company Shimizu sees a Mediterranean-Dead Sea canal more feasible than a Red Sea-Dead Sea canal in terms of costs, volume of drinkable water and other benefits. The Red Sea-Dead Sea choice will cost \$4,887 million to be paid in one stage whereas the Med-Dead option will cost \$3,318 million and will be implemented in three stages. The study estimated the Red-Dead scheme to produce 595 million cubic metres of drinkable water compared to 800 million cubic metres that can be generated from the Med-Dead project which will also provide dams, water desalination plants and an artificial lake at Bisan. The other plan will not include such additional advantages (Al

☆☆A study by the Amman Chamber of Industry shows that the recent reductions in customs tariffs have negatively affected 42 local industrial products. The most affected were the marble, airconditioning systems, chandeliers and satellite dishes as the tariffs on the imports of the same items went down from 100 per cent to 50 per cent. Reductions of tariffs from 85 per cent to 50 per cent on imports of televisions, water heaters and microwave ovens also had a negative effect on the local manufacturers of these pro-ducts. Other local industries which were hit, but to a lesser. extent, were producers of gum, chocolate and biscuits and manufacturers of car brakes. According to the study, the amendments of tariffs had marginal positive effects on eleven products but did not help to revive the transportation sector (Sawt Al Shaab).

A AMore than 30 international companies have applied to the Council of Ministers to invest about JD150 million at the Amman Financial Market but these requests are still pending since last May (Al Aswaq).

☆☆The U.S. Congress is studying giving Jordanian exporters the equal treatment given to Israeli exporters. The United States Agency for International Development is also in the process of allocating \$12 million to support Jordan's tourism sector in addition to sending a team to study and organise comprehensive joint projects (Al

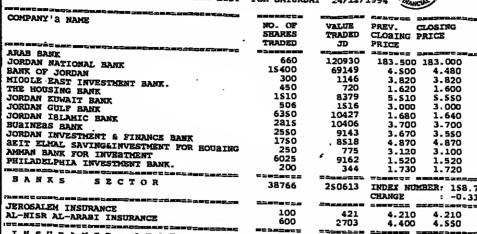
☆☆Jordanian and Israeli tour and travel agents held discusions recently on marketing pint tourism packages to attract tourists from the U.S., Europe and the Far East to touristic sites in Jordan. Israel and the region. According to Nichola Sabanekh, president of the Jordanian Society for Tour and Travel Agents, there are more than 16 airlines which make occasional trips to Tel Aviv and Eilat airports and it is possible that Jordan can attract some travellers on these flights to visit the Kingdom either through the southern Wadi Araba crossing or the Jordan Valley crossing in the north (Al

AA limited shareholding clothing company is under study to be transferred to a public shareholding company. Banks and political personalities intend to be strong participants in the new set up in partnership with a large U.S. firm (Al Aswaq)

Aswaq).

☆☆Jordanian banks in the West Bank and Gaza Strip have attracted JD 220 million and 100 million shekels in deposits this year. The same banks extended JD 42 million in credit facilities (Al Aswaq).

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET BOUSING BANK CENTER AMMAN - SHMEISANI TELEPHONE: 660170 / 663170 ORGANIZED MARKET BEARE PRICE LIST FOR SATURDAY 24/12/1994



BANKS INDEX NUMBER: 188.77 CHANGE : -0.31 JEROSALEM INSURANCE AL-NISR AL-ARABI INSURANCE INSURANCE AECTOR 700 INDEX NUMBER: 137.51 CHANGE : +0.31 3124 JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER
JORDANIAN ELECTRIC FOWER /NEW
JORDAN HOTEL & TOURISM
JORDAN HOTEL & TOURISM
JORDAN HIMEH MINERAL
ARAB INTERNATIONAL HOTELS
JORDAN NATIONAL SHIPPING LINES
NATIONAL PORTPOLIO SECURITIES
JORDAN GULF REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT
MACHINARY EQUIP. RENTING & MAINTENANCE
JORDAN FRESS FOUNDATION / ALRA'I
UNITED MICOLE EAST & COMMODORE HOTELS
ARAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDOCATION 21064 8655 3138 13658 1.540 1.500 1.520 6.050 1.800 5.000 3.140 2.420 1.250 6.300 1.890 4.900 \$009 1718 11789 3.140 2.410 1.240 .770 11.650 2.450 -800 250 11.400 1096s0 ARAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDOCATION JORDANIAN EXPATRIATES INVESTMENT BOLDING 2.470 SERVICES SECTOR 148758 INDEX NUMBER: 130.11 CHANGE : -0.23 340S6S

ATTANQUEP COAST. HATERIAL MANUFACTURING THE JORDAN CEMENT FACTORIES JORDAN PHOSPHATE MINES 2083 3820 2.900 2.820 5.650 9.320 7.870 8.380 2.770 2.920 2.800 5.410 10693 THE ARAB POTASA/NEW THE ARAB POTASA/NEW
JORDAN PETROLEUM REFINARY
THE JORDAN WORSTED MILLS
ARAB PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING
THE JORDAN PIPES MANUFACTURING 9.330 7.900 \$.SSO 2.820 3616 3050 11523 350 1000 970 4200 JORDAN PAPER & CARDBOARD FACTORIES DAR AL OAWA OEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT 4.200 4.200 16.9SO ARAB INVESTMENT & INERNATIONAL TRADS ARAB ALUMINIUM INDOSTRY 1.020 6.950 1010 311s 1.010 LIVESTOCK & POULTRY .940 1.390 ARAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING INTERMEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDOSTRIES. 1.390 1580 3208 2.900 1.570 2.870 JORDAN ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES UNIVERSAL CHEMICAL INDOSTRIES 2050 1.560 4.400 .850 2.020 2.770 JORDAN INDOSTRIES & MATCH/JIMCO SULPHO-CHEMICALS 2.000 23803 ARAB CENTER POR PHARM. & CHEMICALS 74S 1400 UNIVERSAL MODERN INDOSTRIES JORDAN INDOSTRIAL RESOURCES CO. 4.200 S914 4.200 1650

SECTOR

NO. OF TRADED SHARES IN PARALLEL MARKET

Jordan Times

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INCOSTRIAL.

GRANO TOTAL

Financial

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Sales Prane

French Franc

Japanese Yen

Currency

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Secting Pound

Depische Mark

French Franc

Jananese Yen

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

Swiss Franc

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Japanese Yen^é

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Swedish Krons

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Belgian Franc

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Other Currencle

Bahreini Diner

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Saudi Kiyal

Kuwajii Dinar

Quiuri Riyai

Omeni Riyal

HAE Dirlean

Greek Bruchma

Capriot Cound

Egyptian Pound

European Curreny Unit

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Eurocurrency Interest Rates

European Currency Unit 6,00

Central Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate

Oman expects \$390m of investments

ABU DHABI (AFP) — Private investment in Oman is expected to reach around 150 million Omani riyals (\$390 million) in 1994 as it presses ahead with reforms to offset low oil prices, an official has

The bulk of investments are in new ventures and in subscription to institutions sold off by the government as part of a large-scale privatisation programme, said Mahmoud Al Jarwani, director of the Muscat Stock Exchange.
"The private sector used to survive on government spending but there has been a positive change," he told the United Arab Emirates daily Al Bayan. "For example, 1 expect private investment to reach around 150 million riyals this year. This is the first time such things are hap-

pening in the market." Oman has sold five key public establishments and is planning to set up projects worht billions of dollars with

the practicipation of the private sector as part of overall reforms to cushion the impact of weak oil prices.

Officials have said privatised units had been oversubscribed because of the large domestic liquidity and prosperous stock market in Oman. Liquidity was estimated at around 1.3 billion riyals (\$3.38 billion) at the end of 1993.

The new projects include two electricity plants in Salalah and Minah, a sewage

project in Muscat at a cost of \$599 million, a similar project in Salalah at a cost of \$130 million, \$700 million perrochemical complex and \$9

billion gas liquefaction plant. Another ambitious project involves building a pipeline to supply natural gas to India at a cost of more than \$5 billion.

Saudi Arabia and other Gulf producers stung by weak oil prices are also planning to privatise some government facilities.

Mercedes, SMH to make Swatchmobile in France

BONN, Germany (R) --German industrial giant Daimler-Benz has said that its unit Mercedes-Benz and Switzerland's SMH would build a new, environmentally friendly car called Swatchmobile at Sarreguemines-Hambach in France.

Daimler said in a statement that STE Suisse Microelectronique et D'Horlogeries (SMH), run by "Swatch" watch inventor Nicolas Hayek, had also decided on the French location for the factory rather than a site in Germany.

The decision was widely expected. Both Mercedes and Daimler executives had hinted strongly that France would be the site, despite protests from German unions and politicians.

Mercedes chief executive Helmut Werner recently said France had lower wage and noo-wage costs and that workers could work more days a year, Daimler Chairman Edzards Reuter added that in a united Europe, a decision could be purely economic and that France was a key market for the whole Daimler group. SMH and Daimler recently

formed the Micro Compact Car (MCC) venture to develop the Swatchmobile, a two-seater only 2.50 metres

long designed for city use. It will be produced from 1997 in volumes of around 200,000 a year. MCC is 51 per cent Mercedes-owned while SMH he added

holds the other 49 per cent. Daimler said work on the new plant at Sarreguemines-Hambach in the Lorraine region would begin in the third quarter of 1995. Investment would total 750 million marks (\$477 million), but it did not say how this would be divided between the two partners.

When the plant was working at full capacity it would employ 1,900 people. The car would generate a total of 9,000 jobs, primarily in Ger many where much of the development work and component building would take place. Mercedes said last week at least 3,900 jobs would be created in Ger-

The first car would roll off the production line late in 1997 and the model would be available in all major European markets by the spring of 1998 at a price well under 20,000 marks (\$12,720). With the MCC we are

defining a whole new market segment with enormous growth potential," Mr. Werner said. "But this does not mean it one expects of a Mercedes. This vehicle fits completely with our product strategy.

Mr. Hayek said the Swatchmobile would combine Mercedes qualities such as quality and safety with those of SMH which included a good relationship between price and performance and nnovative design.

MCC has not vet decided on the power system for the Swatchmobile but is looking into alternatives such as a highly economical diesel, an electric motor or dieselelectric hybrid.

The heated debate in Germany which preceded the decision mirrored a similar situation last year when Mercedes had to decide where to build its new, small A-class city car.

Mercedes eventually decided to produce the A-class at its German Rastatt plant rather than in rival locations in Britain, France or the Czech Republic.

Mercedes hailed its own decision as a vote of confidence in the future of Germany as a production site. But in reality it wrested significant concessions from its domestic workforce on pay. and conditions in exchange will not have all the qualities for making the car at home.

China convicts 941 of making fake goods

BEIJING (R) - Chinese courts have convicted 941 people over the past two years of manufacturing or selling counterfeit goods, including cigarettes, liquor, medicine and fertiliser, the

Guangming daily said Friday. Of the total, 12 were sentenced to death and 15 jailed for life, the newspaper quoted the State Bureau for Technology Supervision as saying.

Fake goods were virtually unheard of in Maoist China, when most items were rationed. But they have spread since the mid-1980s, following the introduction of economic reforms.

Authorities seized counterfeit goods with a face value of 5.18 billion yuan (\$609.4 million) and destroyed items worth 1,56 billion yuan (\$184 million), the newspaper said.

About 150 people were poisoned in western Sichuan and central Hubei and Henan provinces after drinking fake liquor, of whom 19 died, the newspaper said.

Fake fertiliser worth 208,000 yuan (\$24,500) sold in Sichuan damaged 53,800 hectares (133,000 acres) of farmland, the newspaper

JORDAN MARKET PLACE



INDEX NUMBER: 128.03

INDEX NUMBER: 143.92 CHANGE : -0.342

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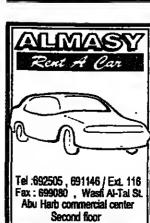




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U.S. endures hellish sport year

WASHINGTON (AFP) — In the United States, 1994 was the sports year from hell.

Ooe of the most miserable periods in U.S. sports history included the fall of former hero O.J. Simpson, skater Tonya Harding involved in a plot to injure rival Nancy Kerrigan and a baseball labor dispute that killed the World

The first-ever U.S. World Cup final brought record crowds, but also the doping disgrace of Argentine star Maradona. The FIFAbacked plan for a U.S. elite league failed to find financial support and was postponed until 1996, losing any boost the tournament might have brought.

The U.S. team reached the second round in large part because of an own goal by Colombia's Andres Escobar. who was killed in his homeland for his mistake.

National Hockey League (NHL) owners shut down their season rather than risk a player strike over their efforts to impose salary limits. National Basketball Association (NBA) owners side Kerrigan at the centre of

while television cameras followed the low-speed chase. World Cup openers and U.S. Open golf could not compete with the stuff of Greek

tragedy.
The Simpson shocker drove Tonva and Nancy off the front pages after their tale of woe dominated attention for months. It began in January when Kerrigan was struck on the right knee with a metal baton after a practice session.

Harding went on to win the S. crown, but officials gave Kerrigan a berth at the Lillebammer Olympics if she could recover. While Kerrigan worked to regain top form, an investigation into the assault began to focus on Harding. Harding's ex-husband and

two others were eventually convicted for their part in a plot to injure Kerrigan. Harding pleaded guilty to lying about the plot when talking with authorities and was later barred from amateur skating.

Harding went to court and won the right to compete at the Winter Olympics along-



O.J. Simpson

shutdown. NHL owners halted their season before it began over similar issues. increasing U.S. apathy over the game despite the New York Rangers winning their first Stanley Cup title since 1940.

Even winners had problems. The Dallas Cowbovs won their second straight National Football League ti-tle, but coach Jimmy Johnson was paid \$2 million to depart in a dispute with owner Jerry

Nigerian-born Hakeem

Olajuwon led Houston to the NBA title eve. New York in a seven-game final, but the season's defensive tone was criticised, as was the overwhelming gold-medal dominance by Dream Team II at the world championships.

Al Unser Int won the Indianapolis 500 and Indy-Car season title, while past champion Nigel Mansell struggled and headed back to Formula One. The series domination hy Penske Racing pushed talk of a rival circuit



Hakeem Olajuwon of the Houston Rockets

The Yugoslavs, with 10n

foreign-based players in

their starting line-up, were

Savicevic made only one

notable contribution

throughout the game with a

35th minute run in which

he beat three Brazilian de-

fenders, only to find at the

ly short of pace.

as, the year's most noted tragedy.

considered a similar measure

but struck a dea! to play one

more season under expired

Martina Navratilova re-

tired from tennis while Jen-

nifer Capriati went through

drug rehabilitation and play-

ed only at season's end. But nothing challenged Simpson

Nancy Kerrigan

contract terms.

Simpson was a respected U.S. sports broadcaster and actor who parlayed a legendary National Football League career into tame and top-money endorsements.

But since Simpson was charged with two murders in the grisly June deaths of his ex-wife and another man, he has become a notorious figure. A lengthy trial process. most of it on television, will drag well into next year.

The starkest image came June 17 when Simpson was driving along a California highway trailed by police

PORTO ALEGRE, Brazil

(R) — Yugoslavia lost 2-0

to world champions Brazil

Friday in their first match

since they were thrown out

of international soccer two

Yugoslavia, who can now

call only on player from the republics of Serbia and

Montenegro, appeared to

be in no fit state for a

match after disembarking

at 2:30 s.m. oo the morning

of the game after a

years ago.

a global media circus, Harding skated poorly while Kerrigao finished second to Oksana Baiul.

But Kerrigan was heard around the world criticising. Baiul and was taped while world parade in her honor. Her whining drew little sympathy, as did that of other ich athletes.

The two longest work stoppages in U.S. sports history came because millionaire owners and players in baseball and ice hockey could not

decide how to divide profits. Basebail owners demanded players accept salary limits, Players instead walked out in protest August 12, shutting down the season at the point of greatest attention. One month later, acting commissioner Bud Selig and other owners called off the World Series, an unprecedented sacrifice over a labour dispute. Two weeks after baseball's

marathon Transatlantic

journey. When they took the field

in searing beat, Corinthians striker Viola, who made a

tremendous impact when

be came on as a substitute

in extra time of the World

Cup final against Italy in

Juy, opeoed the scoring in

the second in the 65th mi-

note with a pile-driver free

GOREN BRIDGE

Full-back Branco scored

the 26th minute.

Yugoslavia lose on return to international arena

Maradona to coach Argentina's Racing

BUENOS AIRES (R) — Diego Maradona signed a contract Friday to coach Racing Club, a once-great Argentine socter side that has failed to win a chamionship for 28 years. In Typical Maradona style

the contract, for which be will reportedly get \$500,000 a year, was signed in a Buenos Aires TV studio and broadine for all Argentmes to behold Maradooa, 34, whose first

emining job ended earber the month in disaster - Depertivo Mandivu won only one out of 12 matches under his command — insisted he had the formula for success: "Rucing needs a touch of

tartical discipline to be a champion. We want an aggressive team ... ready to gre its all for the club's colours," the former Argentime great said

Maradona will start working for Race who last won a tournament in 1968, un Januar. ^

His wages have not been disclosed but the local press was rife with speculation that he would be getting \$500,000. in any case, he will not cost Racing a single cent, said club

president lun Distefano: "All the mones will be provided by a business group," he said without ela-

Soon after the signing ceremony, Maradona was departing for Cuba to spend Christmas there by special invita-

The star of Argentina's 1986 World Cup mumph has also hinted that he would also like to play for Racing

But first he would have to wait at least until September. when a 15-month won ban by the FIFA world socoer body for failing a drug test,

Al Hussein top standings going into 16th week

By Aleca Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Al Faisali's clash with Al Ramtha at Amman Stadium is probably the most important match of the upcoming lotb week of the first division sooper championship which begins Sunday when Al Ahli face last-placed Al

The other matches might not be as interesting for fans to watch, but as the competition draws nearer to its end, most teams cannot afford to lose more points, especially the last four threatened by relega-

Following the 15th week. Al Hussein, Al Wihdat and Al Ramtha remained the top three only a point apart after defeating At Jecl. At Ondissich, and Kufrscrum. Al Fasali who beat Al Jazirch 2-0 remained in

fourth and fifth places Al Ahli moved up to sixth after a 4-0 win over Shabab Al Hussein, while Kufrsoum dropped in seventh after losing 3-2 to

Al Arabi moved out of the last four for now with a 3-1) was over 11th placed Al Karmel and Al Qadesich moved back to 9th place. The last three remained anchanged.

Al Windst vs. Al Quelle sieh: Although Al Wibdat's strikers had abundant chances to scote, the former champions disappointed over 10,000 fans when they could not take their scoring record which remained among the lowest for a top team at 17-3.

Jihad Abdul Mun'em scored the sole goal in the 53rd minute. Al Faisali vs. Al Junicali: The uticholders probably sensed that they had lost

pionship if they want to retain their third consecutive title. They played a good match led by captain Jamat Abu Abed and backed by the return of the suspended Awad brothers. Mouse and Subhi Scorers: Jamal Abu

Tadros (84th).

enough chances to take a clear lead in the cham-

Abed (3rd), and Jiryes Al Ramiba vs. Kulynined to be relegated. Rakez Karasneh opened scoring for Al Arabi in the 3rd minute. Teammate Ayman Al Oman added the second goal in the 62nd minute and Mountlag Sepur petted in the third goal in the final seconds of

the match.
Al Hussels vs. Al Jests
Leaders Al Hussels got
away with a 3-2 win over last-placed Al Jeel theater

Jordan Soccer League

soum: Although Kufr-soum's Yousel Obeidat srunned Al Ramtha when he scored two consecutive early goals in the 5th and 7th minutes, Al Ramtha demonstrated that their results this year were among the must consistent as striker Salum Divabat scored their first good in the eighth minute, before teammates Bilal Al Labbam and Mouaffaq Abu liderb goals late in the match in the 80th and 87th minutes.

Al Arabi vs. At Karantiz Al Arabi temporarily moved out of the last four with an important win over Al Karmel who seem deeto the efforts of striker Aref Hussein who scored two goals and helped Munib Gharaibeh score the third. Rasem Dive upset the leaders when he scored both Al Jeel's goals but stopped short of souring an

Al Abil vs. Simbab A Humain: Al Ahii finally dolighted their town and scored their first win in the second round creating Sta-bab Al Hussein 4-0.

Nert Yadaj scored twice for Al Ahli, Hussen Ham-mach netted another white Al Hussein's defender wiscalculated a pass to his goalkeeper and added a fourth goal for Ai Ahii who moved up to sixth.

Standings after 15th week

	P	W	D	L	GF	GA	716
Physicia	15	12	7	1	41	14	74
Winder	15	10	5		17		25 24
Ramina	15	10	4	2	32	3	24
Fairel	15	7	6	3	24		28
Janicob	15	7	3	3	19	14	17
MAA	15	5	\$	5	20	20	15
Knirmoung	15	7	ĩ	7	25	24	15
Arabi	15	Š	3	Ź	18	26	13
Quellestek	15	4	4	ż	18	22	12
Shahah Al House	15	1	3	'n	17	34	
Karmel	15 15	ì	3	21	10	34	5
jeel	15	ĭ	ĩ	13	10	X	3
Jool	15	1				W	3

Spurs down Rockets; Suns win again

PHOENIX (R) - Kevin Johnson Colombia Discretura to the starting linear by scoring 21 points and handling out 11 assists as the Suns continued their home dominance with a 126-110 victory over the Denver Nuggets All-Star Johnson, starting for the first time in 15 games since hurting his knee, helped

the Suns' attack sing. We're getting pretty dangerous, said Phoenix coach Paul Westphal, whose team is 13-0 at home this season. "We're starting to figure it out a little bit."

All eight Suns who saw action scored in double figures as Pacific Division leading Phoenix improved to 19-6.

Phoenix led 81-67 with 5:52 left in third quarter wwhen the game was delayed 11 minutes due to clock troubles. Johnson scored six points during a 10-2 Suns' run following the delay. During the halt, some Suns

lavers tossed a small football around the arena, along with the gorilla, the team mascot.

"They were playing tootball during the break, that's ridiculous," Nuggets centre Dikembe Mutombo.

"I've never seen something like this in my life. I think the league needs to do something to punish these people who try to minimise the importance of the game. It's insulting to me for them to play around during a basketball

In San Antonio, Vinny Del Negro scored 17 of his 26 points in the fourth quarter and Sean Elliott added 19, including a 16-foot jumper with 2.9 seconds left, as the streaking Spurs bear the

NBA champion Houston Rockets 98-96. David Robinson added 18 points and made two key blocks on Hakeem Olajuwon in the final three seconds for the Spurs, who won their sixth straight game.
Vernon Maxwell scored 27

points to lead Houston.



John Starks of the NY Knicks flies into Michael Cage of the Cleveland Cavaliers before passing the ball during their Dec. 22 match (AFP photo)

In Orlando, Shaquille O'Neal scored 32 points to lead the Magic to their 11th home win without a loss, a 123-91 romp over the strugghing Milwaukee Bucks.
O'Neal hit 12-of-18 from the field and made 8-of-12

from the line as Orlando im-

Results of NBA

80 97 98 116

proved their NBA-best re-cord to 20-5. Milwaukee (7-

In Cleveland, Tyrone Hill scored 18 points and grabbed 19 rebounds to help the surging Cavaliers win their eighth straight game 80-75 over the

17) lost their fourth straight

Charlotte 93 91 75 77 96 Milwaukee New Jersey Detroit Houston 126 118 105 106 Denver Dallas LA Clippers

New Jersey Nets.
-Hill hit 6-04-7 from the floor for the Central Division leading Cavallers (17-8).

M

Kenny Anderson scored 18 ICA LACK TELECA" played without all-star forward Derrick Coleman for the third straight game due to an injured left band. In Chicago, Toni Kukoc

scored 27 points, including 17 in the second quarter, to help the Bulls flatten the Indiana Pacers 116-92 and end a thou game losing streak. Kukoe hit 11-of-15 from

the floor for the Bulls, who avenged a 107-99 loss at Indiana Wednesday.

Scottie Pippen, returning to the starting lineup after missing Wednesday's game with the flu, played 33 minutes and scored 13 points with 11 rebounds and six steals. "I think me and Toni work well together on offence," said Steals." "I think me and Toni work well together on offence." said Pippen. "I think we create a lot of trouble for teams with mismatches."

In Portland, Clifford Robinson scored 14 of his 31 points in the first quarter as the Trail Blazers trampled the Dallas Mavericks 118-92. The Blazers raced out to a 12-2 lead in the opening mimites and were never seriously threatened.

"We had a good defensive effort tonight," said Robin-son. Dallas was held to just 60 points after three quarters.
In Detroit, Mookie
Blaylock had eight assists and

scored 18 points to lead five players in double figures as the Atlanta Hawks downed the Detroit Pistons 97-77. The victory ended a four-game road slide for Atlanta

and brought coach Lenny Wilkens within one of tying Red Auerbach on the alltime victory list at 938. In Miami, Glen Rice scored 37 points to lead the bear to a 116-93 rout of the

Charlotte Horners. "It was our best effort all vest," Rice said.

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	Cinema Tel.: 634144 PHILADELPHIA	Cinema Tel.: 699238	Cinema Tel.: 677420 CONCORD	Tel.: 618274 - 618	Mapil VI Wasaum I weste.	Nabil & Hisham's Tel.: 625155
OAT	Presents: A world famed movie picture worth watching: THE FLINTSTONES Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30	Michae York/Jennifer O'snelli — in DISCRETION ASSURED Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 5:00, 620, 8:30, 10:30	Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:00, 8:15, 10:30 CONCORD '2'	will soon present: Mouse Mijazin (SUM'AA) In the satirical political consedy: Hi Citizen	Punctured Bag	Presents: The political satire: Al Salam Ya Salam. Daily at 8:30 Saturday & Sunday is the theatre's holiday. in English Sunday January 15, 1995

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A 6 4 A 7 6 EAST K975 The bidding:
West North East
Pass I + Pass
Pass I : Pass

MORE DANGEROUS THAN THE MALE

ass Pass Pass Opening lead: ? The Women's Board-a-Mauch team championship at the recent fall North American Champion-ships was won by a squad led by reigning world champion Juanita Chambers of Schenectady. N.Y. It was her 13th national title.

On this hand from the event, both North-South pairs reached a shaky three no trump contract. At neither table was the spade suit, in which 11 play, even mentioned. Both Wests found declarer's weak

underbelly, attacking with a heart. At one table the lead was the eight of hearts. Declarer followed low from dummy and, when East carelessly

payer one queen, ten tricks were there for the taking with the aid of a heart linesse—three spades, two hearts, two diamonds and three

nears, two diamonds and three clubs.

At the other table, GeriAnne Klafter of Allentown, Pa., playing with Chambers, led the ten of hearts at trick nne! That completely ruined declarer. Again the first trick was ducked and West continued with the king of hearts to the ace. But now when in with the queen of spades West returned the eight of hearts and East was able to bank the nine and queen of the suit to hold declarer to nine tricks.

An avertrick would matter little at rubber bridge. But at board-auntch scoring, it meant a clear win rether than a tie for the board.

bers of their World Cup so leaden-footed that on squad in the time, played a several occasions their defence was outpaced by Branco, a player notorious-Milan striker Dejan

cross to.

controlled possession game well suited to the condi-

end that he had nobody to

Brazil, with nine mem-

They dominated the first half, with PSV Eindhoven's 18-year-old striker Ronaldo missing three clearcut chances. The goal was a gem, with Branco playing a one-two with Zinho and crossing to the far post for Viola to score with a head-

It was Viola's second goal for Brazil in eight appearances and a boost for a player who did not score in the Brazilian championship for two

The pattern continued in the second half, during which the exbausted Yugoslavs made five substitutions, and in the 65th minute Branco scored with a rifling, 30-metre left-foot free kick which bounced in

off the crossbar. It was the former Genoa and Porto player's ninth goal for his country. Full-back Jorginho and Ronaldo both had further efforts saved by goalkeeper Goran Pandurovic.

MRF N 25-26, 1994

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5th week



Donald Fehr (right), leader of the Major League Baseball Players Association Union, walks to a meeting with owner representatives on Dec. 23 (AFP photo)

Baseball Players Association vows to fight on

WASHINGTON (R) - Donald Fehr, the executive director of the embattled Major League Baseball Players Association, warned team owners against growing too attached to the salary cap they implemented early Friday

"It's not over," said Fehr, speaking after the owners rejected the players' last offer, declared an impasse and implemented work conditions following a midnight dead-

"We aren't even to half time yet in this battle." The owners said Friday that the new system features higher minimum salaries within maximum payroll limits, revenue sharing and revised rules governing free agency. Playe with four and five years of experience would become free agents under the new rules, with their old club

released the player.

A total of 63 players, including top flight pitchers JAck
McDowell, Kevin Appier, Ken Hill and Alex Fernandez, fall in this category.

reserving the right to match offers, provided it had not

Players with six or more years of Major League service would still be entitled to unrestricted free agency. Fehr said the union is preparing to take legal steps to

block implementation. "Hopefully it can be done by Tuesday," he said about preparations to seek an injunction to prevent implementation and file a complaint with the national labour relations board.

New York Democrat Daniel Patrick Moynihan said he plans to introduce legislation in the Senate on January 4 to repeal baseball's antitrust exemption.

believe the owners will regret this," said union assistant counsel Gene Orza, "This has been planned for two and one half years."

The players struck on August 12 in response to the owners' June 14 new economic proposals, including a salary cap. The shutdown cost post season play and cancelled the World Series for the first time since 1904.

Man. United's Ferguson slams fixture-planners

LONDON (AFP) - As. English football prepares for its busiest period of the year with four games in eight days, Manchester United manager Alex Ferguson has criticised those who plan the fixtures over the holiday period.

With most Premiership games kicking off three hours earlier than normal, Ferguson, who takes his side to Chelsea Monday, is annoyed that the fans are being made

Ferguson said: "There are plenty of clubs in the north, but instead of going to places within easy reach like Liverpool, Everton or Manchester City, our fans have to get to London and Southampton.

"You would think the planners would take distance into account at times like

It is an important game for Chelsea badly needing a boost after dismal run of two wins in 11 games with only one goal in their last five

Outings. Chelsea wait on fitness tests for skipper Dennis Wise and defender Frank Sinclair. while United should have England centre-back Gary Pallister fit after a groin problem. Ryan Giggs is set to play with a lightweight protective plaster on his wrist after breaking a bone last Satur-

Premiership leaders Blackburn, though, will not have far to travel as they visit Manchester City with a twopoint lead over United at the top of the table after a run of seven wins in their last eight

League games. Manager Kenny Dalglish stayed away from training with a stomach bug on Friday, but Rovers will welcome back defender Colin Hendry from international duty.

England midfielder Paul Bracewell is set to start his first Premiership game of the season as third-placed New-

castle travel to Leeds. Bracewell, who has had five groin operations this

year, has been on the bench for Newcastle's last two

England central defender Steve Howey, who missed the League Cup defeat by Manchester City in midweek because of illness, and England midfielder Robert Lee are also back in contention.

Brian Deane starts a twonatch suspension but Leeds have skipper Gary McAllister back from international duty

Section C.

Salam

with Scotland. Manager Howard Wilkinson is usually reluctant to inge a winning side but McAllister is certain to regain

missing the 3-1 win at Arsen-

With Deane out, South African Phil Masinga is set to continue in the attack after his two goals at Highbury. Nottingham Forest may welcome back defender Colin

Cooper who has missed three matches with an ankle injury with Norwegian Alf Inge Haaland likely to make way. Dutch striker Bryan Roy

has a groin injury and manager Frank Clark has put Jason Lee on standby as Forest look to build on last week's 2-1 at Old Trafford.

Guy Whittingham, will make his debut for Sheffield Wednesday at Everton fol-lowing his £750,000 move from Aston Villa in mid-

But Wednesday have doubts about Andy Sinton, who missed last week's defeat by QPR match with a thigh

Everton, who last week established a club record of going over 11 bours without conceding a goal, welcome back £4 million striker Duncan Ferguson from Scotland

Whittingham was part-exchanged for Ian Taylor who will make his Villa debut in his preferred central midfield role at Arsenal.

Villa's failure to deliver goals this season is a problem that Little hopes Taylor, who scored 35 in two seasons with Port Vale, will help to solve.

Taylor, could replace Kevin Richardson, but Republic of Ireland skipper Andy Townsend is also be back in contention after complening a six-match suspen-

Coventry striker Dion Dublin has bad a painkilling injection in a bid to play against Nottingham Forest at lighfield Road.

Dublin, scorer of 10 goals in 14 games, has missed three matches after tearing a stomach muscle but though he has recovered from that, the £2 million player now has a

groin strain. German striker Jurgen Klinsmann, back from international duty, is set to return for Spurs who travel oto Norwich and will be having his first experience of football over the Christmas period.

Klinsmann said: "It will seem a bit strange, but that is the way of things in the English league and as a professional I must go along with

Norwich City manager John Deehan will be forced to reshuffle his midfield as Mike Milligan starts a two match suspension with Jeremy Goss set to make a



MEN'S TENNIS 1994

Sampras and Agassi come out top in 'crisis' season

PARIS (AFP) — Pete Sam-pras, despite a thigh injury which prevented the United States reaching the Davis Cup final, continued to dominate men's lennis throughout 1994 while Andre Agassi at last put his act together long enough 10 emerge as his most likely challenger.

It was what everybody wanted after a nervous sea-son played against a backdrop of crisis reports on the declining state of the game. and often inappropriate counter-measures by panicstricken administrators.

Whether the Sampras-Agassi rivalry blossoms to compare with the legendary confrontations of the Bjorn Borg, John McEnroe, Jimmy Connors and Ivan Lendl era, remains to be seen. But it will certainly do the

game no harm. Sampras, 23, a stylish serve-and-volleyer currently leads the series against the world's finest returner of serve. But Agassi's flamboyant baseline retrieving and blistering groundstrokes

have already turned some of

their showdowns into clas-

Sampras, who took over as world number-one from Jim Courier in April 1993, won ten of the 17 ATP tournaments he entered and swelled his total of Grand Slam titles to five by winning the Australian Open and retaining his

Wimbledon crown, He looked unstoppable until niggling injuries broke his rhythm after his Wimbledon triumph, and his blackest moment came in Gothenburg when he limped off after one set of his vital reverse singles against Stefan Edberg in the Davis Cup semi-final.

The stoppage cost the United States, who had led 2-0 after the first day, their place But by the end of the year

he was back in full flow cap-turing the ATP Cham-pionship and then reaching the final at the Grand Slam Cup. In all he won 74 of his 85 matches. Agassi, 24, started the year

with his wrist in plaster and a warning from doctors that he might never play again. It was a sobering prospect for a player who, despite his 1992 Wimbledon victory, had never really lived up to his poten-

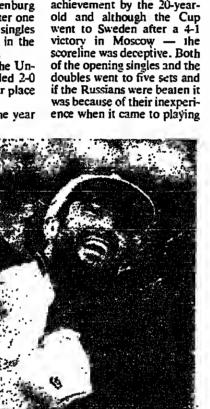
tour in late February, he had a new girlfriend in model Brook Shields and a new. more positive attitude to bis profession. He confounded the experts by winning his first tournament after the three month lay-off at Scottsdale and three weeks later reached the final at Key Bis-

Although Agassi was too match rusty to peak at the French Open or Wimbledon. he was at his best winning his second career Grand Slam title 21 the U.S. Open.

He also triumphed at the Paris Indoor in November to reach second in the rankings for the first time, and went on to reach the ATP World Championship semi-finals in Frankfurt and the Grand Slam Cup quarter-finals in Munich.

Yevgeny Kafelnikov emerged as the season's most exciting newcomer - charging up the rankings from outside the top-100 to 1th, winning three tournaments and leading Russia to a first-ever Davis Cup final.

1t was a magnificent achievement by the 20-year-



Andre Agassi

the big points in front of a partisan crowd. Kafelnikov, who had won

all of his previous singles matches in the competition against Australia, the Czech Republic and Germany, for

once failed to produce the He lost his opening rubber against Swedish number-two Magnus Larsson. Earlier, compatriot Alex-

ander Volkov lost his concentration against Stefan Edberg when he returned to the after President Boris Yeltsin held up play for several mi-nules while staging a dramatic entrance with the score at 5-5 in the fifth set. Sweden clinched their victory in the doubles when their newly-crowned world champions, Jan Apell and Jonas Bjorkman, beat Kafel-

nikov and Andrei Olhovskiy in another five-set marathon. tremendous, reward for the declining Stefan Edberg and retiring captain John, Anders

Sjogren. Edberg, who will be 29 next month, won three titles in an up and down season, but for the first time in eight years he failed to reach a Grand Slam final and finished down in seventh place in the rankings. Larsson, like Kafelnikov,

was another major revela-The 24-year-old first hit the headlines by reaching the

The Swedish victory was a

French Open semi-finals, and although he went through a difficult period - crashing to a series of early round defeats - he surged back by following his Davis Cup success with victory in the Grand Slam Cup, where his victims included both Agassi and

A new slimmed-down Boris Becker, apparently thriving under his unlikely association with American coach Nick Bollettieri, returned to winning ways and moved up to third spot in the

rankings. The 27-year-old German, who was being written off in 1993f, won four titles. He also reached the semi-finals at Wimbledon, the final of the ATP Championships and the quarter-finals of the Grand Slam Cup and showed tbat he will be a force to be reckoned with again in 1995.

Croatia's volatile Goran Ivanisevic found that a record 1,169 aces in a season was not enough to bring him either his first Grand Slam title or put him on top of the rank-- although he came close, reaching the Wimbledon final for a second time and rising to number-two in the rankings.

Spanish tennis enjoyed a magnificent season.

Sergi Bruguera retained his French Open crown by beating unorthodox compatriot Alberto Berasategui in the Roland Garros final and both players qualified for the endof-season ATP finals.

Bruguera showed his new. much-improved form on faster and indoor surfaces by reaching the semi-finals, while Berasategui produced a tremendous late season run

of successes on South American clay courts. In all Spanish players won

14 ATP events. Michael Chang, the smallest player in the 'top-ten' at 5ft 9in, continued to hold his own. He won six titles and triumphed at Jakarta and Hong Kong without losing a

There was disappointment for Andrei Medvedev, Jim Courier and Michael Srich, while veteran Ivan Lendl finished the year by announcing his retirement.

Medvedev, hailed as a potential world champion in 1993, started superbly and. at 19, became the ATP's youngest title winner at the Monte Carlo Open. However, injuries forced him to put his Grand Slam ambitions on

Courier's big-hitting base-line game had clearly become too predictable, and the winner of two Australian and two French Opens failed to win a single event in 1994. By the end of the year, he had slumped to 13th in the rank-

Michael Stich, who led Germany 10 Davis Cup glory in 1993 and who soared to number two in the world, lurched from disaster to disaster in 1994 — being beaten in the Wimbledon first round by American outsider Bryan Shelton.

Death threats certainly didn't help during Germany's shock home semi-final Davis Cup defeat against Russia, but they were not the sole reason for Stich's complete loss of form.

He was beaten in both the singles and lost the doubles. As his decline continued. there was more humiliation for the 1991 Wimbledon champion when he failed to qualify for the ATP finals. Veteran Lendl, 34, suf-

fered recurring injuries - the price for the years of dedication and relentless practice he put in when he was the dominant force in world tennis.

He finished the year down in 54th place and announced that a back injury was forcing him to retire from the game he loved.

Tennis was badly shaken from reports that the game had become 'boring.' Dwindling interest and empty seats were blamed on power tennis, too few rallies and a lack of 'characters.'

players should be limited to only one serve was given an airing, and there were suggestions tht court lines be retraced to make the service square smaller and that balls be made softer. To appease television there

were moves to reduce the time between points from 25 to 20 seconds, and the rules for the ATP Championships were changed to allow late substitutions at the 'roundrobin' stage.

Both measures caused an outery.

The 'substitution' rule was condemned and the ATP accused of putting tennis on a Yevgeny Kafelnikov



Pete Sampras

par with professional wrestling. Their new rule, it was claimed, could lead 10 a player, who had not been good enough to qualify, winning the event while playing fewer matches than his opponents.

The move to reduce the time-limit between points angered many players who threatened to boycott events if the new limit was imposed.

Indoors 20 seconds is good. But not outside," said Agassi, adding that given the

climatic conditions in places like Melhourne, the new rule was "a disaster waiting to happen."

"If they want to speed up the game a little bith than they should speed up the

changeover time." he said. Becker best summed up the undignified scramhle to change the rules by saying: "I don't understand all the fuss. I don't think tennis has a problem, but if it has it is

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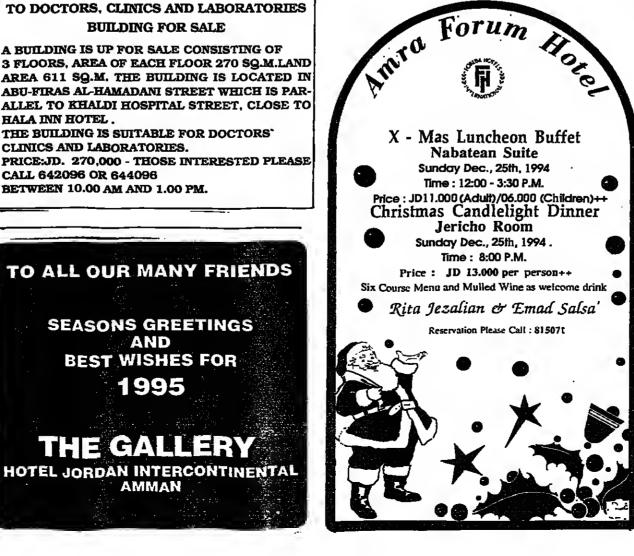
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NEWS IN BRIEF

Gaza journalists strike over Israell ban

GAZ CITY (AFP) - The Association of Palestinian Journalists in Gaza announced a one-day strike Saturday to protest Israel's refusal to allow its members into the Jewish state. The protest was the second to be launched by the 160-member association here. It only affected journalists working in the self-rule Gaza Strip. The association had urged a ban on Israeli journalists entening Gaza earlier this month, but the Palestinian Authority did not take any measures against them. "We journalists announce a strike on Dec. 24 in protest and as a warning to all the enemies of peace," said a statement released by the association. "We call on all foreign journalists in Israel and in the self-rule areas to condemn these measures. We are confident our authority will not agree to let Israeli journalists come to the autonomous areas while we are banned (from Israel)," it said. A senior Palestinian official told reporters he had been in contact with Israel over the issue.

Norway releases hijacker wanted by Germany

OSLO (AFP) - A Palestinian hijacker, Soraya Ansari, has been released from a Norwegian jail on humanitarian grounds despite an outstanding extradition order for her from Germany, judicial sources here said Saturday. A court in Eidsdvating decided to free Ms. Ansari on Friday night. Her lawyers had argued that she was in poor physical and mental health and that it was unduly harsb to separate her from her nine-year-old daughter. A government spokesman told AFP that the matter was not over because the Norwegian government still had to take a final decision on Germany's request for her extradtion. Germany has demanded Ms. Ansari's return to stand trial for her part in the 1977 hijacking of a Lufthansa airliner to Mogadishu, Somalia in a bid to free 11 imprisoned members of the extreme-left Red Army Faction and two members of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine. Ms. Ansari, now 41, is the only member of the commando to have survived. The other three hijackers were killed along with the plane's captain. Arrested and sentenced to 20 years jail by the Somali authorities, Ms. Ansari was freed after serving only one year. She arrived in Norway in 1991 from Cyprus and was not accused of any criminal activities in Scandinavia before she was arrested by Norwegian police last Oct. 13 on a request from Interpol acting on behalf of the German authorities. An Oslo criminal court decided on Dec. 15 that she could be extradited to Germany. Ms. Ansari lodged an appeal but the Norwegian supreme court is not due to hear it until January at the earliest.

Major reassures Falklands in message

PORT STANLEY (R) - Prime Minister John Major reassured Falkland Islanders on Saturday, saying London would defend their rights to be Brinsh and supporting British oil companies that want to explore around the disputed islands. Britain and Argentina fought a war in 1982 over the islands in the South Atlantic, which Argentina calls the Malvinas, and the two nations are negotiating over oil nights in the area. "(Britain) will continue to uphold the rights of (Falkland) islanders to be governed under the flag of your own choice," Mr. Major said in a Christmas address on BBC Radio. "Significant oil finds will underpin your economic future. We will help by passing on the lessons we've learnt in exploiting the resources of the North Sea." Referring to the negotiations, which have included talk of a joint venture between British and Argentine oil companies, Mr. Major said: "Between us we should look for a way of carrying forward this oil exploration without creating unavoidable difficulties with Argentina." Argentina has threatened to sue oil companies that search for fuel in Falkland waters without permission. Referring to opinion polls that show an overwhelming majority of the 2,200 Falkland Islanders want to remain British, Mr. Major said: "The very strong feelings you have on this subject were made clear and our feelings are no less firm."

Patients of British AIDS surgeon warned

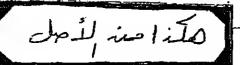
GLASGOW. Scotland (R) - Scottish medical officials on Saturday started tracking down patients who may have been exposed to the HTV virus by a surgeon who has tested positive for the infection which causes AIDS. They reported a hotline for anxious patients was jammed with calls just hours after the doctor's name was released. George Browning, a leading ear specialist, agreed to be named publicly so as to narrow down the list of past patients who may need reassurance, the Greater Glasgow Health Board said. Dr. Browning learned he was HIVpositive earlier this week, they said, "With such a tumultuous effect on his own situation. I think this decision was a remarkably quick and couvageous one," said Dr. David Goldberg, who was helping to track down patients. Health board officials emphasised that in similar cases worldwide there had not been one recorded instance of a patient being infected by a surgeon. In the United States an estimated 19,000 patients had been exposed to HIVpositive doctors or nurses with no recorded cases of infection. Several patients of a Florida dentist were found to be infected after he died of AIDS, although whether he infected them has been disputed. In line with British guidelines. Dr. Browning will not be able to operate on patients but will be able to continue consulting with them

AIDS carrier jailed for biting policeman

SINGAPORE (AFP) - An AIDS carrier was jailed by a Singapore court for biting a policeman while resisting arrest, but was spared caning and attempted murder charges, news reports said Saturday. The 24-year-old man, infected with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). was sentenced to two-and-a-half years in jail for causing hurt to the policeman and another three years for drug possession and consumption, the reports said. The man escaped a charge of attempted murder because the policeman was found to be HIV- negative. HIV, which causes the deadly acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), is transmitted through blood or other body fluids. Judge Syed Alwee said the man would not be caned because a medical report said that caning would damage his immune system. The report also said the man, who bit the policeman's hand while being handcuffed for drug possession, would have only three to six years of good health. The Maximum punishment for causing hurt is five years jail, a fine and caning.

Blast kills 11 Indian soldiers in Kashmir

JAMMU (AFP) - Eleven Indian soldiers were killed Saturday when a mine suspected to have been planted by separatist guerrillas blew up two army vehicles in the disputed Kashmir region, police and witnesses said. At least 15 soldiers were injured in the blast, which occurred in Kashmir's Poonch district on India's border with Pakistan, the police said in Jammu, winter capital of Kashmir. An army spokesman confirmed only nine deaths, but witnesses said the blast wrecked two vehicles and killed 11 soldiers driving to another Kashmir frontier zone. The land mine was triggered by a remote control device, police said, adding that the attack was the deadliest by Kashmin militants on Indian troops in the militanised sector. It came a day after guerrillas fired a rocket at the headquarters of state-run Indian radio in the strife-rorn Kashmir valley. No one was injured in Friday's rocket attack on the heavilyguarded All India Radio complex in Srinagar, the summer capital of Kashmir state, officials said. More than 10.000 people have died in Kashmir since 1989, when Muslim militants launched violent campaign for an end to Indian



Fire guts Amman store; no casualties

AMMAN (J.T.) - A huge fire on Saturday engulfed a shoe store in the Jabai Hussein area, causing extensive damage to the store contents but no

Captain Farid Share, director of the public relations department at the Civil Defence Depart-ment (CDD), told the Jordan Times that the fire started at the basement of the three-storey srore of 250 square metres.

It took firefighters one and a half hours to control and extinguish the fire and prevent it from spreading to the upper floors and neighbouring stores, Captain Share

He said investigations were underway to determine the causes of the fire although preliminary indications point to a possi-ble electric fault or a heater that was inside the basement at the time of the fire as having ignited the blaze.

Captain Share' could not give an estimate of the losses. The basement was full of leather and plastic shoes, he noted, adding that the investigations into the case were not yet Colonel Mahmoud

Abbadi from the CDD

told Jordan Television

that the shoe store, called

Andalusia Store, contained huge amounts of shoes which easily catch He said the CDD team had difficulty in controlling the fire because of the narrow entrance to the

building which is located

at a very busy street.



Civil defence teams at work at the scene of Sunday's fire (photo by Yousef 'Allan)

Six more die in Bahrain clashes — opposition

TEHRAN (Agencies) — Six Shiite Muslim demonstrators who were wounded in clashes security forces in Bahrain earlier this week bave died in bospital, a Bahraini opposition group said Saturday.

The banned Islamic Front for the Liberation of Bahrain (IFLB) said in a statement that the bodies were still at Salmanieh hospital in the Bahraini capital of Manama.

The group said Tuesday that five demonstrators and four members of the security forces had died in the clashes, which erupted December 12 and peaked last week-end.

The Bahraini authorities only reported the death of one policeman in the violence which erupted after the arrest of Shiite cleric Sheikh Ali Salman after he called for the restoration of parliament, suspended since 1975.

According to newspaper reports here, "angry crowds poured into the streets throughout Bahrain on Friday to commemorate the martyrs of the uprising."

The demonstrators "converged" at Jad-Hafas and demonstrators who bad been killed by security forces were buried.

It was the worst violence in Babrain since it became independent in 1975.

Dozens of Bahraini theology students in the Iranian holy city of Qom staged a protest on campus against the crackdown on Shiite Muslim demonstrators in Bahrain, newspapers reported.

The protesters, students at the Shiite school of theology in the southern city, condemned the "killing of innocent Muslims" in Bahrain and demanded free elections as well as the "immediate release" of all those arrested.

Chanting Allahu Akbar and denouncing the United States, the students also called on their government not to establish ries with Israel, the papers said. Meanwhile, the Bahraini mission in Tehran confirmed that Manama bad recalled its ambassador bere.

The official Gulf News Agency, in Manama reported Friday that Sami Khalil Al Moayed had been recalled for "consultations."

According to witnesses in Bahrain contacted by AFP in Cyprus, armed police stood guard in Sbiite Muslimdominated districts and villages on Friday where violence had erupted during the

Sheikh Ali was arrested on Dec. 5 after calling for the restoration of parliament. He had returned to Bahrain two years ago from Iran where he bad been studying at the theological college in Qom.

The Bahraini government last Sunday blamed the clasbes on a foreign-inspired plot, without naming he country behind it.

A top religious organisa-tion in Iran Wednesday condemned Bahrain's "suppression" of the protests. Majma-e-Jahani-e-

made up of powerful clergy and close to Iranian leader Ayatollah Ali Kbamenei, said Bahrain's Sunni Muslim rulers should "listen to the Muslim protesters who demand a just political and social structure.'

The daily Tehran Times said the clashes resulted from a "homespun protest against an oligarchy which has no respect for the will of the

Iran used to claim Bahrain as its 14th province before its independence, and many Bahraini Shiites have close ties with Iran, a Shiite Muslim country.

Bahraini autborities say Shiites make up 35 per cent of the population, but independent sources bave put the figure at between 55 and 60

Israel has new hopes for advancing Syria talks

TEL AVIV (R) — Israel, admitting it is "hurting greatly" from guerrilla assaults in Lebanon and vowing fresh counterblows, said on Saturday it sees the prospect of signi-ficant talks with key player Syria on security

issues. Defence Minister Mordeehai Gur said Israel would "find the means to strike" at Hizbollah to restore quiet to its last combat-torn border, where 21 Israeli soldiers bave been killed this year. six of them in intense fighting this month.

"We are suffering blows, and we are hurting greatly," Mr. Gur told Army radio. "We don't deny this, we're not hiding

In an apparent reference to Syria, main power-broker in Lebanon with 35,000 troops There, Mr. Gur said: "We will also find ways to reach more atttentive diplomatic

Chief negotiator with Svria Itamar Rabinovieh said talks in Washington this week, beefed up by military experts of both sides, held new bope of movement in negotiations deadlocked for years over an Israeli withdrawal from the Golan Heights.

"It's possible to discuss security arrangements without drawing lines on maps," Mr. Rabinovich said. "You can bold very, very significant talks and reach an understanding on security arrangements without tying this to question of withdrawai."

Mr. Rabinovicb, Israel's ambassador to Washington, rejected as counter-productive rightwing Israeli opposition calls to break off talks unless Damascus reined in Hizbollah.

He told the radio the events in Lebanon were 'part of the picture" of Israeli-Syrian talks. "The talks with Syria will not be completed before a solution is found also for Israel's security problems in and from South Leba-

Syria says it will settle for no less than full return of the Golan. Israel has refrained from specifying the pullout inforesees, msisting Damascus must first specify the terms of the peace it envisions.

Lebanese-Israeli talks have gone nowhere since tbey began in 1991. Beirut, which closely coordinates its negotiating posture with Syria, demands Israel pull all its troops from the south.

Mr. Gur, a former army chief, said "only diplomatie agreements can put an end to this type of guerrilla and terrorist warfare."

Hizbollah fighters killed two Israeli soldiers and wounded seven in an assault on outposts in the zone on Friday. The group boasted it beld the initiative against Israeli troops there.

Israel retaliated with sbelling and air strikes, in which two Lebanese policemen were killed by belicopter fire.

A U.S. official said Friday private contacts be-

tween Syrian and Israeli military officials confirm that the sides want to reach a peace agreement, with security guarantees

Asked about reports that Syrian and Israeli officials were meeting in the U.S. capital, a U.S. official said, "I won't deny

the key to such an accord.

President Bill Clinton's administration and Israeli and Syrian diplomats posted to Washington have been tight-lipped about the discussions. The Israeli media bas reported that the Israeli delegation is headed by the Israeli chief of staff, Lieutenant General Ehud Barak. . .

The U.S. official told

AFP privately that "there was a consensus" reached during Secretary of State Warren Christopher's trip to the Middle East in early December to restart talks at the intermediate level. Syria later got cold feet, delaying the start of the

discussions, the official "The secretary got it back on track," the offi-cial added. "The parties

are very serious. There bave been no high level talks between Israel and Syria since February. But Ambassador Rabinovitch, and Syria'a Ambassador Walid Mouallen have kept up informal contacts, diplomatie sources said.

Israel and Syria have also exchanged proposals through Mr. Christopber. wbo bas travelled to the Middle East seven times this year.

Gospei was 'eyewitness record' of Christ's life

LONDON (R) — A German scholar has found the first material evidence that the Gospel according to St. Matthew was an eyewitness account written by contemporaries of Jesus Christ, the Times newspaper reported Saturday. The newspaper said the evidence was a potentially important break-through in Biblical scholarship on a par with the discovery of the Dead Sea scrolls in 1947. St. Matthew's Gospel was generally thought to have been written in the late second century. But after examining the writing style of three scraps of the Gospel in the library of Oxford Uni-versity's Magdalen College, German papyrologist Carsten Thiede believes it was written a generation after Christ's crucifizion, or even earber.
"The Magdalen fragment now appears to belong to a style of handwriting that was current in the first century BC and slowly petered out around the first-century AD," Mr. Thiede told the Times. "Even a hesitant approach to questions of dating would therefore seem to justify a date in the first century, about a hundred years earlier than was previously thought." The Times said the claim, which Mr. Thiede will publish in a specialist German journal next month, was likely to produce fierce controversy among Biblical scholars, Professor Peter Parsons, an Oxford papyrologist, called Mr. Thiede's argument "sloppy" and said it was based on wrong assumptions.

U.N. settles sex discrimination case

UNITED NATIONS (R) -The United Nations said Friday it had settled one of its most protracted sex discrimination cases, awarding American Catherine Claxton \$94,000. In addition, she will be reimbursed \$110,300 for legal fees and \$6,500 for costs in the case she brought against Luis Maria Gomez. an Argentine official, who was second in command in the U.N. Development Programme (UNDP) before be resigned. Technically, the deal worked out with Ms. Claxton means she receives the money as compensation for the "prolonged and complex nature of the proceedings that led to the resolution of ber ease," a U.N. announcement said. The settlement also provides that Ms. Claxton, an office worker, can appeal a decision concerning her job classification at the United Nations withont liability. But U.N. sources said the settlement does not cover ber suit in a New York state court against Mr. Gomez personally, where she is seeking \$2 million in damages. Ms. Claxton, in still secret papers, charged three years ago that in 1988, Mr. Gomez shut the door to his office, grabbed and kissed her, and in another incident in a routine meeting, began to make sex-Secretary-General Bontros Ghali for the first time created an outside tribunal, appointing Mella Carroll, a former justice of Ireland's Supreme Court. Judge Carroll ruled last January that there was clear evidence Ms. Claxton had been sexually assaulted.

imperial eagle replaces hammer and sickle

MOSCOW (AFP) - Christmas tree decorations in Russia this year are no longer ideological weapons as in Soviet times. The coloured balls on the family trees now depict snow-covered Orthodox churches, or the twoheaded eagle of the tsars, replacing communism's hammers and sickles. "Nobody wants to buy the old Communist symbols any more said Mikhail Sverdlik, manager of Inci, Russ sole manufacturer of Yilliam decorations. He has carried the facto production-lines to turn of baubles with tradition countryside scenes and view of Moscow and the Kremli

U.N. troops open fire on Somalis; roadblocks appear

MOGADISHU (R) - Bangladeshi U.N. peacekeepers fired into a Somali crowd baying at the gates of the U.N.-controlled seaport in Mogadishu on Saturday, wounding two, a U.N. military spokesman said.

Major Zubair Chattha said the Bangladeshis wounded the two Somalis as they attempted to fire "warning shots" to disperse the crowd. Somalis have long been able to infiltrate U.N. bases. either crawling through razor wire fences, stealing passes or buying them off corrupt

peacekeeping officers.
But there is a mounting frenzy as thousands of U.N. troops pull out of Somalia at the end of their failed mission before March 31, taking with them the military hardware. vehicles and food that the Somali militias covet so

On Friday, U.N. soldiers shot a Somali man in the stomach as he tried to pick up food left by Indian peacekeepers who completed the withdrawal of their 5,000-

strong contingent.

He and the two wounded men from Saturday's incident at the port are being treated in the Egyptian military hos-

Somali gunmen angry at losing their jobs as house guards barricades approaches

smashed hulks of old cars and large rocks on Saturday, prevenning U.N. staff from retreating to the airport.

Some 400 guards were employed at 15 U.N. houses for the last two years. They have often used their guns to threaten their own employers, extorting more money from them which they were readily given.

But now the \$1.5 billion-ayear operation is closing down, leaving thousands of bewildered Somali youth without jobs in an economy that collapsed when the country broke apart in clan feuds four years ago.

Roadblocks were lifted later in the day after hours of discussions between the gunmen and U.N. officials. It was not clear if any money changed hands.

Up to 4,000 U.S. Marines, possibly backed by the AC-130 Spectre gunships that blitzed Mogadishu last year in a bid to break the power of warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed, plus Italian troops will be deployed to cover the last days of the U.N. withdrawal in February.

Fears are that clan militias that have revived many of their feuds as the U.N. departs will try to plunder the peacekeepers to resupply their arsenais and fleets of

Arab League in new bid to heal rift

CAIRO (AFP) - Arab League chief Esmat Abdul Meguid will visit Saudi Arabia. Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) in early January in a new bid to beal divisions in the Arab World created by the 1990-1991 Gulf crisis, league officials said

Saturday. Secretary-General Abdul Meguid will urge Arab leaders to "pnt behind them" the August 1990 Ira-qi invasion of Kuwait.

He will also tell them that "the Arabs must close ranks now more than ever, because their lack of solidarity will affect them greatly," the official added, asking not to be named.

Most Arab countries supported the Cairo-based Arab League's bid to secure a reconciliation in time for the organisation's 50th anniversary on March 22. the official said.

Past reconciliation attempts have stumbled over the refusal of Gulf monarchies - notably Kuwait and Saudi Arabia to deal with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

sanctions for another year WASHINGTON (Agencies) - President Bill Clinton on

Clinton maintains Libyan

Friday extended for another year a comprehensive financial and trade embargo against Libya in effect since

"Under these sanctions, all trade with Libya is controlled by the Department of the Treasury, and all assets owned or controlled by the Libyan government in the United States or in possession of United States persons are frozen," a White House statement said.

It said the United States believes that even stronger U.N. Security Council sanctions should be enacted against Libya if it continues to defy the international community-

Libya bas refused to turn over two men suspected in the bombing of Pan Am Flight 103 over Lockerbie. Scotland on Dec. 21, 1988 that killed 270 people.

The United States and Britain had charged in 1991 that two Libyan agents were re-sponsible for the bombing in a plot allegedly orchestrated by their government's intelli-

gence service, The Huited Nations imposed salctions on Libya to force the country to surrender the subjects. The United
States recally rejected a Libyan proposal to have them

"All financial and commercial transactions with Libya
are prohibited, unless
licensed by the U.S. Treasury

or interest want the Kreming
The 600 workers, most
women, make the decorations by hand for household
from Vladivostok to Mur

International Court of Justice The White House state-

ment vowed to continue U.S. efforts to ensure the perpetrators are brought to justice, saying the families of the victims deserve nothing less. The United States originally imposed sanctions on

Libya in 1986 after accusing Libya of involvement in December 1985 guerrilla attacks at Vienna and Rome airports that killed 19 peop. . The Departmen ou Friday isssued al a travel

warning for Libya. "The United States Department of State warns all U.S. citizens to avoid travel to Libya and to depart the country immediately if resident or visitor there, a de-

partment statement said. "The U.S. government has determined that due to Libya's long history of flouting international law and directing terrorist attacks against U.S. citizens, it is unsafe for Americans to

"U.S. passports are not valid for travel to, in or through Libya unless a special validation is obtained from the Department of State.